

and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

GenCore version 5.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:35:52 ; Search time 8.64516 Seconds
(without alignments)
73.441 Million cell updates/sec

Title: *CG-44-CAC-1*
US-~~1000000000~~
Perfect score: 21
Sequence: 1 RGDA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues

Total number of hits satisfying Chosen parameters: 1107863

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : A_Geneseq_19Jun03.*

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2: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1981.DAT.*
3: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1982.DAT.*
4: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1983.DAT.*
5: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1984.DAT.*
6: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1985.DAT.*
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11: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1990.DAT.*
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13: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1992.DAT.*
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22: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT.*
23: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2002.DAT.*
24: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2003.DAT.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,

Result No.	Score	Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	21	100.0	4	13	Cell contact inhib
2	21	100.0	4	22	Transport molecule
3	21	100.0	4	23	Thrombo-spondin 1
4	21	100.0	4	23	Human thrombin pep
5	21	100.0	4	23	Thrombin peptide d
6	21	100.0	4	23	Thrombin receptor
7	21	100.0	5	13	Platelet antagonis
8	21	100.0	5	20	Human thrombospond
9	21	100.0	5	22	Thrombin-induced p
10	21	100.0	6	11	Peptide from fibro
11	21	100.0	6	12	Cell attachment pr
12	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
13	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
14	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
15	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
16	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
17	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
18	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
19	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
20	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
21	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
22	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
23	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
24	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
25	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
26	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
27	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
28	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
29	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
30	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
31	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
32	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
33	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
34	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
35	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
36	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
37	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
38	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
39	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
40	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
41	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
42	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
43	21	100.0	7	23	Zinc finger protei
44	21	100.0	8	19	Integrin receptor
45	21	100.0	8	24	Human FNfn10 FG 10

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
 AAR25315
 ID AAR25315 standard; peptide; 4 AA.
 XX
 AC AAR25315;
 DT 28-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 DE Transport molecule/ligand binding-associated peptide #5.
 KW Transport molecule; ligand; cancer treatment; autoimmune disease;
 DE inflammation; infection.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 PN WO200168142-A1.
 XX
 PD 20-SEP-2001.
 XX
 PF 13-MAR-2001; 2001WO-EP02833.
 XX
 PR 13-MAR-2000; 2000DE-1012120.
 XX
 PA (KTBT-) KTB TUMORFORSCHUNGS GMBH.
 XX
 PI Kratz F;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2001-589998/66.
 XX
 PT New ligand, comprising therapeutic or diagnostic agent bonded
 PT non-covalently with substance having high affinity to transport
 PT molecule -
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Page 39; 74pp; German.
 CC This invention describes novel ligands which bind to transport molecules,
 CC comprising a therapeutic and/or diagnostic agent (A) non-covalently
 CC bonded via a linkage cleavable in vivo depending on pH and/or
 CC enzymatically with a substance (B) having an association constant KA to a
 CC transport molecule of above 10³ M⁻¹, is new. The medicaments are
 CC especially useful for the treatment of cancers, autoimmune diseases,
 CC acute and chronic inflammation and infections caused by viruses or
 CC microorganisms. The diagnostic kits are useful for the detection of these
 CC illnesses and for the detection of the transport molecule and/or its
 CC distribution in vivo. The ligands have excellent solubility in the medium
 CC at the site of action and are easy and inexpensive to convert into
 CC adducts, as the interaction with the transport material is physical.
 CC AAB86843-AAB86920 represent peptides used to illustrate the
 CC method of the invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 4 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 22; Length 4;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 1 RGDA 4
 RESULT 2
 AAB86859
 ID AAB86859 standard; peptide; 4 AA.
 XX
 AC AAB86859;
 DT 28-NOV-2001 (first entry)
 DE Transport molecule/ligand binding-associated peptide #5.
 KW Transport molecule; ligand; cancer treatment; autoimmune disease;
 DE inflammation; infection.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 PN WO200168142-A1.
 XX
 PD 20-SEP-2001.
 XX
 PF 13-MAR-2001; 2001WO-EP02833.
 XX
 PR 13-MAR-2000; 2000DE-1012120.
 XX
 PA (KTBT-) KTB TUMORFORSCHUNGS GMBH.
 XX
 PI Kratz F;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2001-589998/66.
 XX
 PT New ligand, comprising therapeutic or diagnostic agent bonded
 PT non-covalently with substance having high affinity to transport
 PT molecule -
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Page 39; 74pp; German.
 CC This invention describes novel ligands which bind to transport molecules,
 CC comprising a therapeutic and/or diagnostic agent (A) non-covalently
 CC bonded via a linkage cleavable in vivo depending on pH and/or
 CC enzymatically with a substance (B) having an association constant KA to a
 CC transport molecule of above 10³ M⁻¹, is new. The medicaments are
 CC especially useful for the treatment of cancers, autoimmune diseases,
 CC acute and chronic inflammation and infections caused by viruses or
 CC microorganisms. The diagnostic kits are useful for the detection of these
 CC illnesses and for the detection of the transport molecule and/or its
 CC distribution in vivo. The ligands have excellent solubility in the medium
 CC at the site of action and are easy and inexpensive to convert into
 CC adducts, as the interaction with the transport material is physical.
 CC AAB86843-AAB86920 represent peptides used to illustrate the
 CC method of the invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 4 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 13; Length 4;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 1 RGDA 4
 RESULT 2
 AAB86859
 ID AAB86859 standard; peptide; 4 AA.
 XX

RESULT 3

AAE28393
ID AAE28393 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

AC AAE28393;
DT 27-DEC-2002 (first entry)
DE Thrombo-spondin 1 RGD cell binding region.
KW Tat region; nucleic acid-binding group; cell transfection system;
KW gene therapy; cancer; thrombo-spondin 1.
OS Unidentified.
XX US6376248-B1.
XX 23-APR-2002.
XX 16-MAR-1998; 98US-0039780.
XX 14-MAR-1997; 97US-0818200.
XX (LIFE-) LIFE TECHNOLOGIES INC.
XX Hawley-Nelson P, Lan J, Shih P, Jessee JA, Schifferli KP;
PI Gebeyehu G, Ciccarone VC, Evans KL;
XX WPI; 2002-680647/73.
XX New peptide comprising Tat sequence linked to nucleic acid-binding
PT group, useful, e.g. in gene therapy, for improving cell-transfection
PT efficiency -
XX Example 1; Column 65; 108pp; English.
XX The invention relates to a peptide comprising Tat sequence linked to
CC nucleic acid-binding group. Peptides of the invention are used as
CC components of a cell transfection system particularly for gene therapy
CC (especially of cancer). The present sequence is thrombo-spondin 1 RGD
CC cell binding region. This peptide is used in the exemplification of
CC the invention.

SQ Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 4;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|
|
|
|
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 4

AAE20157
ID AAE20157 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

XX AAE20157;
AC 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
DT Human thrombin peptide.
DE Cartilage growth; cartilage repair; arthritic joint; traumatic injury;
XX non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor; NPAR; chondrocyte;
KW therapy; implantation; thrombin peptide; human.
XX Homo sapiens.
OS WO200207748-A2.
XX 31-JAN-2002.
XX 19-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22668.
XX 20-JUL-2000; 2000US-219800P.
XX (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
XX Carney DH, Crowther RS, Stiernberg J, Bergmann J;
XX WPI; 2002-268953/31.
XX Stimulating growth and repair of cartilage, useful for treating e.g.
PT arthritis, by local administration of an agonist of non-proteolytically
PT activated thrombin receptor -
XX Claim 10; Page 25; 28pp; English.
XX The invention relates to a method of stimulating growth and repair of
CC cartilage. The method involves administering to the site, an agonist
CC of non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor (NPAR). The method
CC is used in human or veterinary medicine for the treatment of arthritic
CC joints and damage/loss of cartilage caused by traumatic injury. Also
CC chondrocytes may be cultured in presence of NPAR agonist to provide
CC cells for implantation at sites requiring growth/repair of cartilage.
CC The present sequence is human thrombin peptide. The derivatives of
CC thrombin peptide which serves as a NPAR agonist.

SQ Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 4;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|
|
|
|
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 5

AAU78374
ID AAU78374 standard; Peptide; 4 AA.

XX AC AAU78374;
 XX DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
 XX DE Thrombin peptide derivative #1.
 XX KW Thrombin; osteopathic; receptor; agonist; bone growth stimulation;
 KW osteoinduction; farm animal; companion animal; laboratory animal;
 KW bone graft; segmental bone gap; bone void; non-union fracture.
 XX OS Synthetic.
 XX PN WO200205836-A2.
 XX PD 24-JAN-2002.
 XX PF 18-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22641.
 XX PR 19-JUL-2000; 2000US-219300P.
 XX PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX PI Carney DH, Crowther RS, Simmons DJ, Yang J, Redin WR;
 XX DR WPI; 2002-303796/34.
 XX PT Stimulating bone growth at a site in a subject in need of
 PT osteoinduction, such as a site of bone graft, segmental bone gap, bone
 PT void or non-union structure, by administering agonist of activated
 PT thrombin receptor -
 XX PS Claim 9; Page 22; 27pp; English.
 XX CC The invention describes a method of stimulating bone growth at a site
 CC in a subject in need of osteoinduction. The method involves administering
 CC an agonist to stimulate bone growth at a site in a subject (e.g. a farm
 CC animal, companion animal or laboratory animal), in need of
 CC osteoinduction, such as the site in need of a bone graft in a subject, a
 CC segmental bone gap, a bone void or a non-union fracture. This sequence
 CC represents a thrombin peptide derivative obtained from a serine
 CC esterase that can stimulate or activate the non-proteolytically
 CC activated thrombin receptor.
 XX SQ Sequence 4 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 4;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 1 RGDA 4
 RESULT 6
 AAM50856

ID XX AAM50856 standard; Peptide; 4 AA.
 AC AAM50856;
 DT 01-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 DE Thrombin receptor binding domain used for cardiac tissue repair.
 DE XX
 DE XX Thrombin receptor binding domain; thrombin; revascularisation;
 KW vascular occlusion; tissue repair; vulnarary; vasotropic; cardiant;
 KW angiogenesis; restenosis; therapy; human.
 XX OS Homo sapiens.
 XX PN WO200204008-A2.
 XX PD 17-JAN-2002.
 XX PF 12-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US21944.
 XX PR 12-JUL-2000; 2000US-217583P.
 XX PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX PI Carney DH;
 XX DR WPI; 2002-179665/23.
 XX PT Promoting cardiac tissue repair, stimulating revascularisation,
 PT stimulating vascular endothelial cell proliferation, and inhibiting
 PT vascular occlusion by using angiogenic thrombin derivative peptide -
 XX PS Claim 2; Page 19; 24pp; English.
 XX CC The present sequence is that of a thrombin receptor binding domain
 CC peptide that is used in a claimed method for promoting cardiac
 CC tissue repair. The method involves administering an angiogenic
 CC thrombin-derived peptide. The peptide comprises the present
 CC thrombin receptor binding domain together with a serine esterase
 CC conserved sequence (see AAM50857), or preferably a peptide (see
 CC AAM50856) which includes both these sequences. The thrombin-derived
 CC peptide is administered during or following cardiac surgery by
 CC injection into cardiac tissue, and may be formulated as a sustained
 CC release formulation. It is used in claimed methods of stimulating
 CC revascularisation, stimulating vascular endothelial cell
 CC proliferation, inhibiting vascular occlusion, and inhibiting
 CC restenosis following balloon angioplasty, in which case the
 CC peptide may be coated onto the catheter.
 XX SQ Sequence 4 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 4;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 1 RGDA 4

Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 7

AA24517

ID AAR24517 standard; Protein; 5 AA.

XX

AC AAR24517;

XX

DT 02-DEC-1992 (first entry)

XX

DE Platelet antagonist peptide 4.

XX

KW Clinical effect; antagonist.

XX

OS Synthetic.

XX

PN JP04134096-A.

XX

PD 07-MAY-1992.

XX

PF 21-SEP-1990; 90JP-0253849.

XX

PR 21-SEP-1990; 90JP-0253849.

XX

PA (SEGK) SEIKAGAKU KOGYO CO LTD.

XX

DR WPI; 1992-204525/25.

XX

PT New peptide(s) comprising arginine-glycine-asparagine and hyaluronic acid - useful as platelet antagonists with higher activity than arginine-glycine-asparagine-valine

XX

PS Disclosure; Page 5; 10pp; Japanese.

XX

CC The sequences given in AAR24514-8 are peptides which are useful as platelet antagonists. These peptides have higher activity than the conventional peptide of Arg-Gly-Asp-Val. These peptides have a clinical effect at a lower dose, dosage is 2.5-5.0 mg/kg/day.

XX

SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DS 13; Length 5;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 2 RGDA 5

RESULT 8

AA17781

ID AA17781 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX

AC AA17781;

XX

DT 09-MAY-2001 (first entry)

XX

DT 12-AUG-1999 (first entry)

XX

DE Human thrombospondin-1 type III repeat peptide.

XX

KW Human; thrombospondin; HIV; infection; inhibition; chemokine; contraceptive.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

PN WO9926649-A1.

XX

PD 03-JUN-1999.

XX

PF 24-NOV-1998; 98WO-US24905.

XX

PR 20-MAR-1998; 98US-0078873.

XX

PR 25-NOV-1997; 97US-0066294.

XX

PA (CORR) CORNELL RES FOUND INC.

XX

PI Crombie AR, Laurence JC, Nachman RL;

XX

DR WPI; 1999-370856/31.

XX

PT Suppressing infectivity of human immune deficiency virus

XX

PS Example 2; Page 33; 67pp; English.

XX

CC The present invention describes a method for suppressing infectivity of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) by treating the virus, or its target cell, with a thrombospondin or thrombospondin analogue. Thrombospondin blocks binding of HIV to its cellular receptors. Thrombospondin or its analogues can be used to prevent infection by HIV, in both contraceptive and non-contraceptive compositions/devices. They are already known to reduce infectivity of some bacteria and protozoa. The present sequence represents a human thrombospondin-1 type III repeat peptide.

XX

SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DS 20; Length 5;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 2 RGDA 5

RESULT 9

AA572600

ID AA572600 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.

XX

AC AA572600;

XX

DT 09-MAY-2001 (first entry)

XX

DE Thrombin-induced platelet activator antagonist #39.

XX Platelet aggregation inhibitor; thrombin activation inhibitor;

KW protease activated receptor 1; PAR1; platelet activation inhibitor;

KW thrombosis; acute coronary syndrome.

XX Unidentified.

OS WO200112656-A1.

PN 22-FEB-2001.

XX 17-AUG-2000; 2000WO-US40669.

XX 17-AUG-1999; 99US-0375808.

PR (THRO-) THROMGEN INC.

XX Schmaier AH, Hasan AAK;

PI WPI; 2001-226546/23.

DR Claim 6; Page 26; 49pp; English.

XX The present invention relates to a method for inhibiting thrombin

CC activation in a human cell expressing protease activated receptor 1

CC (PAR1). The method involves using peptides (e.g. the present peptide)

CC that inhibit platelet activation. The method is useful for preventing

CC thrombosis and platelet aggregation. The method can be used for patients

CC with acute coronary syndromes (e.g. crescendo angina, myocardial

CC infarction) and for individuals who have acute coronary syndromes and

CC receive percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty with an article

CC stent placement.

XX SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 22; Length 5;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 10

AAR04871

ID AAR04871 standard; peptide; 6 AA.

XX AAR04871;

AC 25-MAR-2003 (updated)

XX DT

DT 25-SEP-1989 (first entry)

XX Peptide from fibronectin.

DE Fibronectin; cell attachment; cell detachment; fermentation; therapy.

KW synthetic.

OS US4879237-A.

PN 07-NOV-1989.

XX 24-MAY-1985; 85US-0738078.

PF 24-MAY-1985; 85US-0738078.

XX (LJOL-) LA JOLLA CANCER RES FOUND.

PR Ruoslahti EI, Hayman EG, Pierschbacher MD;

XX WPI; 1990-154405/20.

DR Synthetic peptide(s) from fibronectin- used in control of cell attachment

PT and detachment

XX Claim 1; page 10; 13pp; English.

PS This polypeptide mediates the attachment of animal cells to substrates.

XX The substrate (1) is contacted with cells and with a soln. contg. this

CC polypeptide. This attachment can be prevented in addition to detaching

CC the cells from (1) once attached. Applications are in eg fermentation,

CC cell line prepn., diagnosis and therapy.

CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PR field.)

CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PA field.)

XX SQ Sequence 6 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 11; Length 6;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 2 RGDA 5

RESULT 11

AAR11506

ID AAR11506 standard; Protein; 6 AA.

XX AAR11506;

AC 12-JUN-1991 (first entry)

XX Cell attachment promoting peptide.

DE Fibrin; aggregation.

XX KW

XX OS Synthetic.

XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers

XX FT Active-site 2..4

XX PN US4988621-A.

XX PD 29-JAN-1991.

XX PF 10-DEC-1987; 87US-0131130.

XX PR 10-DEC-1987; 87US-0131130.

XX PR 24-MAY-1985; 85US-0738078.

XX PA (JOLL-) LA JOLLA CANCER FOU.

XX PI Ruoslanti EI, Hayman EG, Pierschbacher MD;

XX DR WPI; 1991-116404/16.

XX PT Peptide(s) contg. arginine-glycine-aspartic acid sequence - used to prevent and reverse cell attachment or to promote cell aggregation.

XX PS Disclosure; Page 8; 12pp; English.

XX CC The peptide, or shorter versions contg. the RGD active site from fibronectin, can be used to prevent and reverse attachment of cells to substrates. This can be used in cell prodn., fermentation, cell line prepn., cell matrix prodn., diagnostics and therapy. The peptide can be used for eg mobilisation of bone marrow cells; prevention and reversal of attachment of disseminated tumour cells CC locally such as in the case of an operation performed in the peritoneal cavity, to prevent adhesions and scar formations locally as CC in the case of eye operations, for prophylactic inhibition of E. coli CC binding to epithelial cells of the urinary tract or intestine, CC diagnosis and treatment of E. coli related infections, and CC identification of various pathogenic bacterial strains. The CC peptide is pref. prepd. by solid phase synthesis.

XX CC See also AAR11505

XX SQ Sequence 6 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 12; Length 6;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 2 RGDA 5

||||

RESULT 12

ABP48385

ID ABP48385 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.

XX

AC ABP48385;

XX DT 28-AUG-2002 (first entry)

XX DE Zinc finger protein related peptide motif SEQ ID NO:289.

XX KW Zinc finger protein; ZFP; DNA binding protein; zinc finger.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX OS Synthetic.

XX PN WO200242459-A2.

XX PD 30-MAY-2002.

XX PF 20-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US43438.

XX PR 20-NOV-2000; 2000US-0716637.

XX PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.

XX PI Liu Q;

XX DR WPI; 2002-500284/53.

XX PT New zinc finger protein that binds to target site, useful in studying gene function and for human therapeutics and plant engineering.

XX PT comprises first, second and third zinc fingers, ordered from N- to C-terminus -

XX PS Example 1; Page 37; 81pp; English.

XX CC The present invention describes a zinc finger protein (I) that binds to a target site, comprising a first (F1), a second (F2), and a third (F3) zinc finger, ordered F1, F2, F3 from N-terminus to C-terminus, where the target site comprises, in 3'-5' direction, a first (S1), a second (S2), and a third (S3) target subsite. Also described are: (1) a polypeptide (II) comprising (I); (2) a polynucleotide (III) encoding (I) or (II); and (3) designing (M) (I) involves selecting the F1 zinc finger such that it binds to the S1 target subsite, selecting the F2 zinc finger such that it binds to the S2 target subsite, and selecting the F3 zinc finger such that it binds to the S3 target subsite, thus designing (I) that binds to a target site. (I) is useful for recognition of triplet target subsites having the nucleotide G in the 5'-most position of the subsite. (I) is useful in studying gene function, and for human therapeutics and plant engineering. (I), (II) or (III) is useful in therapeutic methods to modulate the expression of a target region within a subject, in diagnostic methods for sequence specific detection of target nucleic acid in a sample, and in assays to determine the phenotype and function of gene expression. (I) has improved affinity and specificity for their target sequences, as well as enhanced biological activity. ABQ71213 to ABQ72214 and ABP48191 to ABP51230 represent DNA target sequences and zinc finger peptides which are given in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX SQ Sequence 7 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 7;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 13
ABP48594
ID ABP48594 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.
XX AC ABP48594;
XX DT 28-AUG-2002 (first entry)
XX DE Zinc finger protein related peptide motif SEQ ID NO:670.
XX KW Zinc finger protein; ZFP; DNA binding protein; zinc finger.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX PN W0200242459-A2.
XX PD 30-MAY-2002.
XX PR 20-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US43438.
XX PR 20-NOV-2000; 2000US-0716637.
XX PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.
XX PI Liu Q;
XX DR WPI; 2002-500284/53.
XX CC The present invention describes a zinc finger protein (I) that binds to a target site, comprising a first (F1), a second (F2), and a third (F3) zinc finger, ordered F1, F2, F3 from N-terminus to C-terminus, where the target site comprises, in 3'-5' direction, a first (S1), a second (S2), and a third (S3) target subsite. Also described are: (1) a polypeptide (II) comprising (I); (2) a polynucleotide (III) encoding (I) or (II); and (3) designing (M) (1) involves selecting the F1 zinc finger such that it binds to the S1 target subsite, selecting the F2 zinc finger such that it binds to the S2 target subsite, and selecting the F3 zinc finger such that it binds to the S3 target subsite, thus designing (I) that binds to a target site. (I) is useful for recognition of triplet target subsites having the nucleotide G in the 5'-most position of the

CC sub-site. (I) is useful in studying gene function, and for human therapeutics and plant engineering. (I), (II) or (III) is useful in therapeutic methods to modulate the expression of a target region within a subject, in diagnostic methods for sequence specific detection of a target nucleic acid in a sample, and in assays to determine the CC phenotype and function of gene expression. (I) has improved affinity CC and specificity for their target sequences, as well as enhanced CC biological activity. ABQ71213 to ABQ72214 and ABP48191 to ABP51230 CC represent DNA target sequences and zinc finger peptides which are given CC in the exemplification of the present invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 7 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 7;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 14
ABP48597
ID ABP48597 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.
XX AC ABP48597;
XX DT 28-AUG-2002 (first entry)
XX DE Zinc finger protein related peptide motif SEQ ID NO:671.
XX KW Zinc finger protein; ZFP; DNA binding protein; zinc finger.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX PN W0200242459-A2.
XX PD 30-MAY-2002.
XX PF 20-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US43438.
XX PR 20-NOV-2000; 2000US-0716637.
XX PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.
XX PI Liu Q;
XX DR WPI; 2002-500284/53.
XX PT New zinc finger protein that binds to target site, useful in studying gene function and for human therapeutics and plant engineering, PT comprises first, second and third zinc fingers, ordered from N- to C-terminus -
XX
PS Example 1; Page 40; 81pp; English.

XX CC The present invention describes a zinc finger protein (I) that binds to
 CC a target site, comprising a first (F1), a second (F2), and a third (F3)
 CC zinc finger, ordered F1, F2, F3 from N-terminus to C-terminus, where the
 CC target site comprises, in 3'-5' direction, a first (S1), a second (S2),
 CC and a third (S3) target sub-site. Also described are: (1) a polypeptide
 CC (II) comprising (I); (2) a polynucleotide (III) encoding (I) or (II); and
 CC (3) designing (M) (I) involves selecting the F1 zinc finger such that
 CC it binds to the S1 target sub-site, selecting the F2 zinc finger such
 CC that it binds to the S2 target sub-site, and selecting the F3 zinc
 CC finger such that it binds to the S3 target sub-site, thus designing (I)
 CC that binds to a target site. (I) is useful for recognition of triplet
 CC target sub-sites having the nucleotide G in the 5'-most position of the
 CC sub-site. (I) is useful in studying gene function, and for human
 CC therapeutics and plant engineering. (I), (II) or (III) is useful in
 CC therapeutic methods to modulate the expression of a target region within
 CC a subject, in diagnostic methods for sequence specific detection of
 CC target nucleic acid in a sample, and in assays to determine the
 CC phenotype and function of gene expression. (I) has improved affinity
 CC and specificity for their target sequences, as well as enhanced
 CC biological activity. ABQ71213 to ABQ72214 and ABP48191 to ABP51230
 CC represent DNA target sequences and zinc finger peptides which are given
 CC in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX SQ Sequence 7 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 7;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 ||||
 Db 1 RGDA 4

RESULT 15
 ABP48600
 ID ASP48600 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.
 XX AC ABP48600;
 XX DT 28-AUG-2002 (first entry)
 XX DE Zinc finger protein related peptide motif SEQ ID NO:672.
 XX KW Zinc finger protein; ZFP; DNA binding protein; zinc finger.
 XX OS Homo sapiens.
 XX OS Synthetic.
 XX PN W0200242459-A2.
 XX PD 30-MAY-2002.
 XX PF 20-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US43438.
 XX PR 20-NOV-2000; 2000US-0716637.

XX PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.
 XX PI Liu Q;
 XX DR WPI; 2002-500284/53.
 XX PT New zinc finger protein that binds to target site, useful in studying
 PT gene function and for human therapeutics and plant engineering,
 PT comprises first, second and third zinc fingers, ordered from N- to
 PT C-terminus -
 XX PS Example 1; Page 40; 81pp; English.
 XX CC The present invention describes a zinc finger protein (I) that binds to
 CC a target site, comprising a first (F1), a second (F2), and a third (F3)
 CC zinc finger, ordered F1, F2, F3 from N-terminus to C-terminus, where the
 CC target site comprises, in 3'-5' direction, a first (S1), a second (S2),
 CC and a third (S3) target sub-site. Also described are: (1) a polypeptide
 CC (II) comprising (I); (2) a polynucleotide (III) encoding (I) or (II); and
 CC (3) designing (M) (I) involves selecting the F1 zinc finger such that
 CC it binds to the S1 target sub-site, selecting the F2 zinc finger such
 CC that it binds to the S2 target sub-site, and selecting the F3 zinc
 CC finger such that it binds to the S3 target sub-site, thus designing (I)
 CC that binds to a target site. (I) is useful for recognition of triplet
 CC target sub-sites having the nucleotide G in the 5'-most position of the
 CC sub-site. (I) is useful in studying gene function, and for human
 CC therapeutics and plant engineering. (I), (II) or (III) is useful in
 CC therapeutic methods to modulate the expression of a target region within
 CC a subject, in diagnostic methods for sequence specific detection of
 CC target nucleic acid in a sample, and in assays to determine the
 CC phenotype and function of gene expression. (I) has improved affinity
 CC and specificity for their target sequences, as well as enhanced
 CC biological activity. ABQ71213 to ABQ72214 and ABP48191 to ABP51230
 CC represent DNA target sequences and zinc finger peptides which are given
 CC in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX SQ Sequence 7 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 23; Length 7;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 ||||
 Db 1 RGDA 4

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:53:24
 Job time : 10.6452 secs

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:49:07 ; Search time 2.70968 Seconds
(without alignments)
141.963 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-1
Perfect score: 21
Sequence: 1 RGA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283308 seqs, 96168682 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283308

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR_76: +
1: pir1: +
2: pir2: +
3: pir3: +
4: pir4: +

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	21	100.0	19	2 A34467	36K microfilibril-as
2	21	100.0	39	2 A36453	decorisin - leech (
3	21	100.0	45	2 G82812	hypothetical prote
4	21	100.0	49	2 S70093	hypothetical prote
5	21	100.0	52	2 S19623	ornatin C - leech
6	21	100.0	57	2 E70535	hypothetical prote
7	21	100.0	68	2 A63217	hypothetical prote
8	21	100.0	74	2 S62570	60S ribosomal prot
9	21	100.0	76	2 I39905	trp RNA-binding pr
10	21	100.0	79	2 B90870	hypothetical prote
11	21	100.0	79	2 G85748	unknown protein en
12	21	100.0	79	2 E64884	ydaQ protein - Esc

13	21	100.0	80	2	S68677	cytochrome c551 -
14	21	100.0	88	2	H82662	conserved hypotet
15	21	100.0	89	2	I68553	cell surface glyco
16	21	100.0	90	2	E82562	hypothetical prote
17	21	100.0	93	2	AH0620	probable prophage
18	21	100.0	95	2	E82696	hypothetical prote
19	21	100.0	96	2	G64240	hypothetical prote
20	21	100.0	96	2	D83771	hypothetical prote
21	21	100.0	97	2	A71054	ribosomal protein
22	21	100.0	97	2	C75089	ribosomal protein
23	21	100.0	97	2	E82962	hypothetical prote
24	21	100.0	98	2	S01566	hypothetical prote
25	21	100.0	100	2	T30673	hypothetical prote
26	21	100.0	102	2	E73273	conserved hypotet
27	21	100.0	103	2	F78976	hypothetical prote
28	21	100.0	104	2	E72338	probable acylphosp
29	21	100.0	107	2	F90230	partial transposas
30	21	100.0	108	2	T51207	hypothetical prote
31	21	100.0	110	2	AC2787	conserved hypotet
32	21	100.0	110	2	E97566	hypothetical prote
33	21	100.0	115	2	S14024	hypothetical prote
34	21	100.0	115	2	C82479	hypothetical prote
35	21	100.0	116	2	D71632	ribosomal protein
36	21	100.0	116	2	D64681	ribosomal protein
37	21	100.0	117	2	B81255	50S ribosomal prot
38	21	100.0	121	2	I35719	phnQ protein - Esc
39	21	100.0	123	2	H75059	hypothetical prote
40	21	100.0	124	2	D84319	30S ribosomal prot
41	21	100.0	124	2	S62816	ribosomal protein
42	21	100.0	124	2	T03574	hypothetical prote
43	21	100.0	126	2	C86883	50S ribosomal prot
44	21	100.0	126	2	B72621	hypothetical prote
45	21	100.0	126	2	T37063	hypothetical prote

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

A34467
36K microfilibril-associated protein - pig (fragment)
C:Species: Sus scrofa domestica (domestic pig)
C:Date: 08-Jun-1990 #sequence_revision 08-Jun-1990 #text_change 18-Jun-1993
C:Accession: A34467
R: Kobayashi, R.; Tashima, Y.; Masuda, H.; Shozawa, T.; Numata, Y.; Miyauchi, K.; Hayakawa, T.
J. Biol. Chem. 264, 17437-17444, 1989
A: Title: Isolation and characterization of a new 36-kDa microfilibril-associated glycoprotein from porcine aorta.
A: Reference number: A34467; PMID: 90008913; PMID: 2793866
A: Accession: A34467
A: Status: preliminary
A: Molecule type: protein
A: Residues: 1-19 <KOE>
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 60;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 2

A36453

decsorin - leech (*Macrobodella decora*)
 C:Species: *Macrobodella decora*
 C>Date: 08-Mar-1991 #sequence_revision 08-Mar-1991 #text_change 30-Sep-1993
 C:Accession: A36453

R;Seymour, J.L.; Henzel, W.J.; Nevins, B.; Stults, J.T.; Lazarus, R.A.
 J. Biol. Chem. 265, 10143-10147, 1990

Afflic: Decorsin. A potent glycoprotein Iib-IIIa antagonist and platelet aggregation inhibitor from the leech *Macrobodella decora*.
 A:Reference number: A36453; MUID:90277620; PMID:2351655

A:Accession: A36453
 A>Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 1-39 <SEY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 39;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 31 RGDA 34

RESULT 3

G82812

hypothetical protein XF0386 [Imported] - *Xylella fastidiosa* (strain 9a5c)
 C:Species: *Xylella fastidiosa*
 C>Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence_revision 20-Aug-2000 #text_change 20-Aug-2000
 C:Accession: G82812

Ranonymous, The *Xylella fastidiosa* Consortium of the Organization for Nucleotide Sequencing and Analysis, Sao Paulo, Brazil.
 Nature 406, 151-157, 2000

A>Title: The genome sequence of the plant pathogen *Xylella fastidiosa*.
 A:Reference number: A82515; MUID:20365717; PMID:10910347

A>Note: for a complete list of authors see reference number A59328 below

A:Accession: G82812
 A>Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-45 <SIM>

A:Cross-references: GB:AEO03890; GB:AEO03849; NID:g9105215; PIDN:AAF83196.1;
 GSPDB:GN00128; XFSC:XF0386

A:Experimental source: strain 9a5c

R;Simpson, A.J.G.; Reinach, F.C.; Arruda, P.; Abreu, F.A.; Acencio, M.; Alvarenga, R.; Alves, L.M.C.; Araya, J.E.; Baia, G.S.; Baptista, C.S.; Barros, M.H.; Bonaccorsi, E.D.; Bordin, S.; Bover, J.M.; Briones, M.R.S.; Bueno, M.R.P.; Camargo, A.A.; Camargo, L.E.A.; Carraro, D.M.; Carrier, H.; Colauto, N.B.; Colombo, C.; Costa, F.F.; Costa, M.C.R.; Costa-Neto, C.M.; Coutinho, L.L.;

Cristofani, M.; Dias-Neto, E.; Docena, C.; El-Dorfy, H.; Facincani, A.P.; Ferreira, A.J.S.
 submitted to GenBank, June 2000

A:Authors: Ferreira, V.C.A.; Ferro, J.A.; Fraga, J.S.; Franca, S.C.; Franco, M.C.; Frohne, M.; Furlan, L.R.; Garnier, M.; Goldman, G.H.; Goldman, M.H.S.; Gomes, S.L.; Gruber, A.; Ho, P.L.; Hohnsels, J.D.; Junqueira, M.L.; Kemper, E.L.; Kicajima, J.F.; Krieger, J.E.; Kuramae, E.E.; Laigret, F.; Lambais, M.R.; Leite, L.C.C.; Lemos, E.G.M.; Lemos, M.V.F.; Lopes, S.A.; Lopes, C.R.; Machado, J.A.; Machado, M.A.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madelira, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, E.A.L.

A:Authors: Martins, E.M.F.; Matsukuma, A.Y.; Menck, C.F.M.; Miracca, E.C.; Miyaki, C.Y.; Monteiro-Vitorello, C.B.; Moon, D.H.; Nagai, M.A.; Nascimento, A.L.O.; Netto, L.E.S.; Nhani Jr., A.; Nobrega, F.G.; Nunes, L.R.; Oliveira, M.A.; de Oliveira, M.C.; de Oliveira, R.C.; Palmeri, D.A.; Paris, A.; Peixoto, B.R.; Pereira, G.A.G.; Pereira Jr., H.A.; Pesquero, J.B.; Quaggio, R.B.; Roberto, P.G.; Rodrigues, V.; Rosa, A.J. de M.; de Rosa Jr., V.E.; de Sa, R.G.; Santelli, R.V.; Sawasaki, H.E.

A:Authors: da Silva, A.C.R.; da Silva, F.R.; da Silva, A.M.; Silva Jr., W.A.; da Silveira, J.F.; Silvestri, M.L.Z.; Siqueira, W.J.; de Souza, A.A.; de Souza, A.P.; Terenzi, M.F.; Truffi, D.; Tsai, S.M.; Tuhako, M.H.; Vallada, H.; Van Sluys, M.A.; Verjovski-Almeida, S.; Vettore, A.L.; Zago, M.A.; Zatz, M.; Meidanis, J.; Setubal, J.C.

A:Reference number: A59328
 A:Contents: annotation
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: XF0386

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 45;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 19 RGDA 22

RESULT 4

S70093

hypothetical protein (orf49) - *Amycolatopsis methanolica*
 C:Species: *Amycolatopsis methanolica*
 C>Date: 15-Feb-1997 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1997 #text_change 07-May-1999
 C:Accession: S70093

R;Yrijbloed, J.W.; Jelinkova, M.; Hessel, G.I.; Dijkhuizen, L.
 Mol. Microbiol. 18, 21-31, 1995

A>Title: Identification of the minimal replicon of plasmid pMEA300 of the methylotrophic actinomycete *Amycolatopsis methanolica*.
 A:Reference number: S70087; MUID:96154538; PMID:8596458

A:Accession: S70093
 A>Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-49 <VRI>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:L36679
 C:Genetics:
 A:Start codon: GTG

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 49;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;

C/Genetics:
A/Gene: RV0666

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 23 RGDA 26

RESULT 5
S19623
Ornatin C - leech (Placobdella ornata)
C/Species: Placobdella ornata
C/Date: 19-Mar-1997 #sequence_revision 19-Mar-1997 #text_change 24-Jul-1997
C/Accession: S19623
R/Mazur, P.; Henzel, W.J.; Seymour, J.L.; Lazarus, R.A.
Eur. J. Biochem. 202, 1073-1082, 1991
A/Title: Ornatins: potent glycoprotein IIB-IIIa antagonists and platelet aggregation inhibitors from the leech Placobdella ornata.
A/Reference number: S19566; PMID:92111479; PMID:1765068
A/Accession: S19623
A/Status: preliminary
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 1-52 <MAZ>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 52;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 42 RGDA 45

RESULT 6
E70535
hypothetical protein RV0666 - Mycobacterium tuberculosis (strain H37Rv)
C/Species: Mycobacterium tuberculosis
C/Date: 17-Jul-1998 #sequence_revision 17-Jul-1998 #text_change 22-Oct-1999
C/Accession: E70535
R/Cole, S.T.; Brosch, R.; Parkhill, J.; Garnier, T.; Churcher, C.; Harris, D.; Gordon, S.V.; Eigmeier, K.; Gas, S.; Barry III, C.E.; Tekala, F.; Badcock, K.; Basham, D.; Brown, D.; Chillingworth, T.; Connor, R.; Davies, R.; Devlin, K.; Feltham, T.; Gentles, S.; Hamlin, N.; Holroyd, S.; Hornsby, T.; Jagels, K.; Krogh, A.; McLean, J.; Moule, S.; Murphy, L.; Oliver, S.; Osborne, J.; Quail, M.A.; Rajandream, M.A.; Rogers, J.; Rutter, S.; Seeger, K.; Skelton, S.; Squares, S., 537-544, 1998
Nature 393, 537-544, 1998
A/Authors: Squares, R.; Sulston, J.E.; Taylor, K.; Whitehead, S.; Barrell, B.G.
A/Title: Deciphering the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis from the complete genome sequence.
A/Reference number: A70500; PMID:98295987; PMID:9634230
A/Accession: E70535
A/Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-57 <OOL>
A/Cross-references: GB:295972; GB:AL123456; NID:g3261790; PIDN:CA809391.1;
PID:e319190; PID:g2143295
A/Experimental source: strain H37Rv

C/Genetics:
A/Gene: RV0666

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 24 RGDA 27

RESULT 7
AG3217
hypothetical protein Atu5470 [imported] - Agrobacterium tumefaciens (strain C58, Dupont) plasmid At
C/Species: Agrobacterium tumefaciens
C/Date: 11-Jan-2002 #sequence_revision 11-Jan-2002 #text_change 18-Nov-2002
C/Accession: AG3217
R/Wood, D.W.; Setubal, J.C.; Kaul, R.; Monks, D.; Chen, L.; Wood, G.E.; Chen, Y.; Woo, L.; Kitajima, J.P.; Okura, V.K.; Almeida Jr., N.F.; Zhou, Y.; Bovee Sr., D.; Chapman, P.; Clendenning, J.; Deatherage, G.; Gillet, W.; Grant, C.; Guenther, D.; Kutyavin, T.; Levy, R.; Li, M.; McClelland, E.; Palmieri, A.; Raymond, C.; Rouse, G.; Saenphimmachak, C.; Wu, Z.; Gordon, D.; Eisen, J.A.; Paulsen, I.; Karp, P.; Romero, P.; Zhang, S.
Science 294, 2317-2323, 2001
A/Authors: Yoo, H.; Tao, Y.; Biddle, P.; Jung, M.; Krespan, W.; Perry, M.; Gordon-Kamm, B.; Liao, L.; Kim, S.; Hendrick, C.; Zhao, Z.; Dolan, M.; Tingey, S.V.; Tomb, J.; Gordon, M.P.; Olson, M.V.; Rester, E.W.
A/Title: The Genome of the Natural Genetic Engineer Agrobacterium tumefaciens C58.
A/Reference number: AB2577; MUID:21608550; PMID:11743193
A/Accession: AG3217
A/Status: preliminary
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-68 <XUP>
A/Cross-references: GB:AE008687; PIDN:AA146157.1; PID:gl7743927; GSPDB:GN00188
A/Experimental source: strain C58 (Dupont)
C/Genetics:
A/Gene: Atu5470
A/Genome: plasmid

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 68;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 36 RGDA 39

RESULT 8
S62570
60S ribosomal protein l38 - fission yeast (Schizosaccharomyces pombe)
N/Alternate names: protein SPAC30D11.1
C/Species: Schizosaccharomyces pombe
C/Date: 06-Dec-1996 #sequence_revision 06-Dec-1996 #text_change 11-Jan-2000

C:Accession: S62570; T38587

R:Pearson, D.; Churchet, C.M.

submitted to the EMBL Data Library, November 1995

A:Reference number: S62559

A:Accession: S62570

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-74 <PEA>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:267961; NID:gl065887; PIDN:CAA91898.1; PID:gl065899

R:Pearson, D.; Churchet, C.M.; Barrell, B.G.; Rajandream, M.A.; Walsh, S.V.

submitted to the EMBL Data Library, November 1995

A:Reference number: Z21801

A:Accession: T38587

A>Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBDJ

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-74 <PE>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:267961; PIDN:CAA91898.1; GSPDB:GN00066;

SPDB:SPAC30D11.12

A:Experimental source: strain 972h-; cosmid c30D11

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: rpl38-2; SPAC30D11.12

A:Map position: 1L

A:Introns: 1/3; 64/1

C:Superfamily: rat ribosomal protein L38

C:Keywords: cytosol; protein biosynthesis; ribosome

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 74;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4

Db 17 RGDA 20

RESULT 9

I39905

trp RNA-binding protein - Bacillus pumilus

C:Species: Bacillus pumilus

C>Date: 19-Jul-1996 #sequence_revision 19-Jul-1996 #text_change 15-Oct-1999

C:Accession: I39905

R:Hoffman, R.J.; Gollnick, P.

J. Bacteriol. 177, 839-842, 1995

A:Title: The trpB gene of Bacillus pumilus encodes a protein with sequence and

functional homology to the trp RNA-binding attenuation protein (TRAP) of

Bacillus subtilis.

A:Reference number: I39904; MUID:95138053; PMID:7836324

A:Accession: I39905

A>Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBDJ

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-76 <RES>

A:Cross-references: GB:L37879; NID:g598076; PIDN:AAA67544.1; PID:g598078

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: trpB

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 76;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4

Db 58 RGDA 61

RESULT 10

B90870

hypothetical protein ECs1930 [imported] - Escherichia coli (strain O157:H7,

substrain RIMD 050952)

C:Species: Escherichia coli

C>Date: 18-Jul-2001 #sequence_revision 18-Jul-2001 #text_change 18-Jul-2001

C:Accession: B90870

R:Hayashi, T.; Makino, K.; Ohnishi, M.; Kurokawa, K.; Ishii, K.; Yokoyama, K.;

Han, C.G.; Onosubo, E.; Nakayama, K.; Murata, T.; Tanaka, M.; Tobe, T.; Iida,

T.; Takami, H.; Honda, T.; Sasakawa, C.; Ogasawara, N.; Yasunaga, T.; Kuhara,

S.; Shiba, T.; Hattori, M.; Shinagawa, H.

DNA Res. 8, 11-22, 2001

A:Title: Complete genome sequence of enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli O157:H7

and genomic comparison with a laboratory strain K-12

A:Reference number: A96629; MUID:21156231; PMID:11258796

A:Accession: B90870

A>Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-79 <HAY>

A:Cross-references: GB:BA000007; PIDN:BA35353.1; PID:g13361395; GSPDB:GN00154

A:Experimental source: strain O157:H7, substrain RIMD 050952

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: ECs1930

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 79;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4

Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 11

G85748

unknown protein encoded within prophage CP-933R [imported] - Escherichia coli

(strain O157:H7, substrain EHL933)

C:Species: Escherichia coli

C>Date: 16-Feb-2001 #sequence_revision 16-Feb-2001 #text_change 14-Sep-2001

C:Accession: G85748

R:Perna, N.T.; Plunkett III, G.; Butland, V.; Mau, B.; Glasner, J.D.; Rose,

D.J.; Mayhew, G.F.; Evans, P.S.; Gregor, J.; Kirkpatrick, H.A.; Posfai, G.;

Hackett, J.; Klink, S.; Boutin, A.; Shao, Y.; Miller, L.; Grobeck, E.J.; Davis,

N.W.; Lim, A.; Dinalanta, E.; Potamousis, K.; Apodaca, J.; Anantharaman, T.S.;

Lin, J.; Yen, G.; Schwartz, D.C.; Welch, R.A.; Blattner, F.R.

Nature 409, 529-533, 2001

A:Title: Genome sequence of enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli O157:H7.

A:Reference number: A85480; MUID:21074935; PMID:11206551

A:Accession: G85748

A>Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A;Residues: 1-79 <STO>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE005174; NID:gl2515406; PIDN:AGS6451.1; GSPDB:GN00145; UWGP:Z2414
A;Experimental source: strain 0157:H7, substrain EDL933
C;Genetics:
A;Gene: ydaQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 79;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 12
E64854
ydaQ protein - Escherichia coli (strain K-12)
C;Species: Escherichia coli
C;Date: 12-Sep-1997 #sequence_revision 17-Sep-1997 #text_change 01-Mar-2002
C;Accession: E64854
R;Blatner, F.R.; Plunkett III, G.; Bloch, C.A.; Perna, N.T.; Burland, V.;
Riley, M.; Collado-Vides, J.; Glasner, J.D.; Rode, C.K.; Mayhew, G.F.; Gregor,
J.; Davis, N.W.; Kirkpatrick, H.A.; Goeden, M.A.; Rose, D.J.; Mau, B.; Shao, Y.
Science 277, 1453-1462, 1997
A;Title: The complete genome sequence of Escherichia coli K-12.
A;Reference number: A64720; MUID:97426617; PMID:9278503
A;Accession: E64854
A;Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
A;Molecule type: DNA
A;Residues: 1-79 <BLAT>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE000232; GB:U00096; NID:gl787600; PIDN:AAC74428.1;
PID:gl787608; UWGP:bl346
A;Experimental source: strain K-12, substrain MGL655
C;Genetics:
A;Gene: ydaQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 79;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 13
S68677
cytochrome c551 - Chromatium vinosum
C;Species: Chromatium vinosum
C;Date: 23-Feb-1998 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1998 #text_change 04-Mar-2000
C;Accession: S68677
R;Sanyal, B.; de Smet, L.; van Driessche, G.; Meyer, T.E.; Bartsch, R.G.;
Cusanovich, M.A.; van Beeumen, J.J.
Eur. J. Biochem. 236, 689-696, 1996

A;Title: A high-potential soluble cytochrome c-551 from the purple phototrophic bacterium Chromatium vinosum is homologous to cytochrome c(8) from denitrifying pseudomonas.
A;Reference number: S68677; MUID:96195682; PMID:8612646
A;Accession: S68677
A;Molecule type: protein
A;Residues: 1-80 <SN>
A;Experimental source: strain D
C;Superfamily: cytochrome c6; cytochrome c6 homology
C;Keywords: chromoprotein; electron transfer; heme; iron; metalloprotein;
oxidative phosphorylation
F;1-77/Domain: cytochrome c6 homology <CYC>
F;10,13/Binding site: heme (Cys) (covalent) #status predicted
F;14,59/Binding site: heme iron (His, Met) (axial ligands) #status predicted

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 80;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 33 RGDA 36

RESULT 14
H82662
conserved hypothetical protein XF1562 [imported] - Xylella fastidiosa (strain 9aSc)
C;Species: Xylella fastidiosa
C;Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence_revision 20-Aug-2000 #text_change 20-Aug-2000
C;Accession: H82662
R;anonymous, The Xylella fastidiosa Consortium of the Organization for
Nucleotide Sequencing and Analysis, Sao Paulo, Brazil.
Nature 406, 151-157, 2000
A;Title: The genome sequence of the plant pathogen Xylella fastidiosa.
A;Reference number: AS2513; MUID:20363717; PMID:10910347
A;Note: for a complete list of authors see reference number A59328 below
A;Accession: H82662
A;Status: preliminary
A;Molecule type: DNA
A;Residues: 1-88 <SI>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE003986; GB:AE003849; NID:g9106606; PIDN:AAF84371.1;
GSPDB:GN00128; XFSC:XF1562
A;Experimental source: strain 9aSc
R;Simpson, A.J.G.; Reinach, F.C.; Arruda, P.; Abreu, F.A.; Acencio, M.;
Alvarenga, R.; Alves, L.M.C.; Araya, J.E.; Baia, G.S.; Baptista, C.S.; Barros,
M.H.; Bonaccorsi, E.D.; Bordin, S.; Bove, J.M.; Briones, M.R.S.; Bueno, M.R.P.;
Camargo, A.A.; Camargo, L.E.A.; Carraro, D.M.; Carter, H.; Colauto, N.B.;
Colombo, C.; Costa, F.F.; Costa, M.C.R.; Costa-Neto, C.M.; Coutinho, L.L.;
Cristofani, M.; Dias-Neto, E.; Docena, C.; El-Dorri, H.; Facincani, A.P.;
Ferreira, A.J.S.
submitted to GenBank, June 2000
A;Authors: Ferreira, V.C.A.; Ferro, J.A.; Fraga, J.S.; Franca, S.C.; Franco,
M.C.; Frohme, M.; Furlan, L.R.; Garnier, M.; Goldman, G.H.; Goldman, M.H.S.;
Gomes, S.L.; Gruber, A.; Ho, P.L.; Hoheisel, J.D.; Junqueira, M.L.; Kemper,
E.L.; Kitajima, J.P.; Krieger, J.E.; Kuramae, E.E.; Laigret, F.; Lambais, M.R.;
Leite, L.C.C.; Lemos, E.G.M.; Lemos, M.V.F.; Lopes, S.A.; Lopes, C.R.; Machado,

A;Residues: 1-79 <STO>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE005174; NID:gl2515406; PIDN:AGS6451.1; GSPDB:GN00145; UWGP:Z2414
A;Experimental source: strain 0157:H7, substrain EDL933
C;Genetics:
A;Gene: ydaQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 79;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 12
E64854
ydaQ protein - Escherichia coli (strain K-12)
C;Species: Escherichia coli
C;Date: 12-Sep-1997 #sequence_revision 17-Sep-1997 #text_change 01-Mar-2002
C;Accession: E64854
R;Blatner, F.R.; Plunkett III, G.; Bloch, C.A.; Perna, N.T.; Burland, V.;
Riley, M.; Collado-Vides, J.; Glasner, J.D.; Rode, C.K.; Mayhew, G.F.; Gregor,
J.; Davis, N.W.; Kirkpatrick, H.A.; Goeden, M.A.; Rose, D.J.; Mau, B.; Shao, Y.
Science 277, 1453-1462, 1997
A;Title: The complete genome sequence of Escherichia coli K-12.
A;Reference number: A64720; MUID:97426617; PMID:9278503
A;Accession: E64854
A;Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
A;Molecule type: DNA
A;Residues: 1-79 <BLAT>
A;Cross-references: GB:AE000232; GB:U00096; NID:gl787600; PIDN:AAC74428.1;
PID:gl787608; UWGP:bl346
A;Experimental source: strain K-12, substrain MGL655
C;Genetics:
A;Gene: ydaQ

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 79;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
|||||
Db 5 RGDA 8

RESULT 13
S68677
cytochrome c551 - Chromatium vinosum
C;Species: Chromatium vinosum
C;Date: 23-Feb-1998 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1998 #text_change 04-Mar-2000
C;Accession: S68677
R;Sanyal, B.; de Smet, L.; van Driessche, G.; Meyer, T.E.; Bartsch, R.G.;
Cusanovich, M.A.; van Beeumen, J.J.
Eur. J. Biochem. 236, 689-696, 1996

J.A.; Machado, M.A.; Madeira, A.M.B.N.; Madeira, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins, E.A.L.
A:Authors: Martins, E.M.F.; Matsukuma, A.Y.; Menck, C.F.M.; Miracca, E.C.; Miyaki, C.Y.; Monteiro-Vitorello, C.B.; Moon, D.H.; Nagai, M.A.; Nascimento, A.L.T.O.; Netto, L.E.S.; Nhani Jr., A.; Nobrega, F.G.; Nunes, L.R.; Oliveira, M.A.; de Oliveira, M.C.; de Oliveira, R.C.; Palmieri, D.A.; Paris, A.; Peixoto, B.R.; Pereira, G.A.G.; Pereira Jr., H.A.; Pasquero, J.B.; Quaggio, R.B.; Roberto, P.G.; Rodrigues, V.; Rosa, A.J. de M.; de Rosa Jr., V.E.; de Sa, R.G.; Santelli, R.V.; Sawasaki, H.E.
A:Authors: da Silva, A.C.R.; da Silva, F.R.; da Silva, A.M.; Silva Jr., W.A.; da Silveira, J.F.; Silvestri, M.L.Z.; Siqueira, W.J.; de Souza, A.A.; de Souza, A.P.; Terenzi, M.F.; Truffi, D.; Tsai, S.M.; Tshako, M.H.; Vallada, H.; Van Sluys, M.A.; Verjovski-Almeida, S.; Vettore, A.L.; Zago, M.A.; Zatz, M.; Meidanis, J.; Setubal, J.C.
A:Reference number: A59328
A:Contents: annotation
C:Genetics:
C:Gene: XF1562

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 89;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
DB 65 RGDA 68

RESULT 15
I68553
cell surface glycoprotein - human (fragment)
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C:Date: 04-Oct-1996 #sequence_revision 04-Oct-1996 #text_change 23-Jul-1999
C:Accession: I68553
R:Horn, G.T.; Bugawan, T.L.; Long, C.M.; Manos, M.M.; Erlich, H.A.
Hum. Immunol. 21, 249-263, 1988
A:Title: Sequence analysis of HLA class II genes from insulin-dependent diabetic individuals.
A:Reference number: I54290; MUID:89227495; PMID:3372263
A:Accession: I68553
A:Status: preliminary; translated from GE/EMBL/DBJ
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-89 <RES>
A:Cross-references: GB:M35000; NID:q291960; PIDN:AAA35774.1; PID:q553265
C:Superfamily: class II histocompatibility antigen; immunoglobulin homology
C:Keywords: glycoprotein

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 89;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
DB 44 RGDA 47

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:56

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:36:52 ; Search time 1.67742 Seconds
(without alignments)
112.141 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-1
Perfect score: 21
Sequence: 1 RGDA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 127863 seqs, 47026705 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 127863

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt_41.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	21	100.0	39	1	DECO_MACDE	P17350 macrobella
2	21	100.0	52	1	ORNC_PLAOR	P25512 placobdella
3	21	100.0	74	1	R38B_SCHPO	Q09900 schizosacch
4	21	100.0	76	1	MRB_BACPU	P48064 bacillus pu
5	21	100.0	80	1	C551_CHRVI	P80549 chromatium
6	21	100.0	97	1	RL21_PYRAB	Q9uzp1 pyrococcus
7	21	100.0	97	1	RL21_PYRHO	O74001 pyrococcus
8	21	100.0	98	1	UL19_HQWVA	P16723 human cytom
9	21	100.0	113	1	APG1_HUMAN	Q15772 hemo sapien
10	21	100.0	113	1	APG1_MOUSE	Q62407 mus musculu
11	21	100.0	113	1	APG1_RAT	Q63638 rattus norv
12	21	100.0	116	1	RL17_HELPJ	Q9zjt6 helicobacte
13	21	100.0	116	1	RL17_HELPY	P56042 helicobacte
14	21	100.0	124	1	RL17_MYCPN	Q59547 mycoplasma
15	21	100.0	124	1	R38E_HALN1	Q9hpe9 halobacteri
16	21	100.0	131	1	RL17_THEMA	Q9xll1 thermotoga
17	21	100.0	133	1	GPBE_BACSU	O06717 bacillus su

18	21	100.0	140	1	COB8_RAT	P55314 rattus norv
19	21	100.0	141	1	NIKR_METJA	Q57969 methanococc
20	21	100.0	143	1	IR09_HQWVA	P16807 human cytom
21	21	100.0	149	1	DUT_CORGL	Q8npa9 corynebacte
22	21	100.0	150	1	FLAG_NETVO	O06640 methanococc
23	21	100.0	150	1	MOAE_HAEIN	P45308 haemophilus
24	21	100.0	151	1	CP2B_DROME	Q9nlp6 drosophila
25	21	100.0	155	1	RRV_GUSEU	P46292 cuscute eur
26	21	100.0	157	1	Y510_VIBCH	Q9kuk8 vibrio chol
27	21	100.0	164	1	RL15_HALTA	P12737 haloarcula
28	21	100.0	168	1	TPX_CHLTE	Q8ked5 chlorobium
29	21	100.0	172	1	LB04_ARATH	Q9she9 arabidopsis
30	21	100.0	177	1	RL6_HALVA	P14133 haloarcula
31	21	100.0	179	1	YF36_PSEAE	Q913h7 pseudomonas
32	21	100.0	181	1	YF86_STRCO	Q9a266 streptomyce
33	21	100.0	185	1	RRF_BUCAI	P57328 buchiera ap
34	21	100.0	186	1	YCE7_DROME	O97067 drosophila
35	21	100.0	190	1	Y2H5_STRCO	P35925 streptomyce
36	21	100.0	192	1	TERD_ALCSP	P18781 alcaligenes
37	21	100.0	197	1	HAMI_PSEAE	Q916a8 pseudomonas
38	21	100.0	201	1	EP44_HUMAN	P52798 homo sapien
39	21	100.0	201	1	SODE_ONGYO	Q07449 onchocerca
40	21	100.0	202	1	B3G1_MOUSE	Q9GW73 m galactosy
41	21	100.0	203	1	IDI_MYCTU	P72002 mycobacteri
42	21	100.0	206	1	EP44_MOUSE	O08542 mus musculu
43	21	100.0	206	1	YMA8_BACSU	P50619 bacillus su
44	21	100.0	212	1	RB17_HUMAN	Q9h0t7 homo sapien
45	21	100.0	214	1	PADC_VIBVU	Q8ddy0 vibrio vuln

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	DECO_MACDE	STANDARD;	PRT;	39 AA.
ID	DECO_MACDE	STANDARD;	PRT;	39 AA.
AC	P17350;			
DT	01-AUG-1990 (Rel. 15, Created)			
DT	01-AUG-1990 (Rel. 15, Last sequence update)			
DT	28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)			
DE	Decorsin.			
OS	Macrobella decora (North American leech).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Annelida; Clitellata; Hirudinida; Hirudinea;			
OC	Arycnobdellida; Hirudiniiformes; Hirudinidae; Macrobella.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=6405;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE.			
RX	MEDLINE=90277628; PubMed=2351655;			
RA	Seymour J.L., Henzel W.J., Nevins B., Stults J.T., Lazarus R.A.;			
RI	"Decorsin. A potent glycoprotein IIB-IIIa antagonist and platelet			
RT	aggregation inhibitor from the leech Macrobella decora.";			
RL	J. Biol. Chem. 263:10143-10147(1990).			
RN	[2]			
RP	STRUCTURE BY NMR.			
RX	MEDLINE=94278502; PubMed=8009227;			
RA	Krezel A.M., Wagner G., Seymour-Ulmer J., Lazarus R.A.;			
RT	"Structure of the RGD protein decorsin: conserved motif and distinct			

RT function in leech proteins that affect blood clotting.";

RL Science 264:1944-1947(1994).

CC -1- FUNCTION: INHIBITS FIBRINOGEN INTERACTION WITH PLATELET RECEPTORS

CC EXPRESSED ON GLYCOPROTEIN IIB-IIIA COMPLEX. MAY PREVENT BLOOD FROM

CC CLOTTING DURING EITHER FEEDING AND/OR STORAGE OF INGESTED BLOOD.

CC

CC -1- SIMILARITY: HIGH, TO P.ORNATA ORNATINS.

CC

CC -1- SIMILARITY: SOME, TO THE DISINTEGRIN FAMILY.

DR PIR; A36453; A36453.

DR PDB; 1DEC; 3I-AUG-94.

KW Blood coagulation; Platelet; Cell adhesion; 3D-structure.

FT DOMAIN 27 38 HIGH AFFINITY BINDING DOMAIN (POTENTIAL).

FT SITE 31 33 CELL ATTACHMENT SITE.

FT VARIANT 1 3 MISSING (IN N-3 ISOFORM).

FT STRAND 6 6

FT STRAND 15 16

FT STRAND 21 22

FT TURN 24 25

FT STRAND 27 28

FT STRAND 37 39

SQ SEQUENCE 39 AA; 4384 MW; 3A3B35756FB70D36 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 39;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 49;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 31 RGDA 34

RESULT 2

ID ORNC_PLAOR STANDARD; PRT; 52 AA.

AC P25512;

DT 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Created)

DT 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Last sequence update)

DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)

DE Ornatin C.

OS Placobdella ornata (Turtle leech).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Annelida; Clitellata; Hirudinida; Hirudinea;

OC Rhynchobdellida; Glossiphoniidae; Placobdella.

OX NCBI_TaxID=6415;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE.

RA MEDLINE=92111479; PubMed=1765068;

RA Mazur P., Henzel W.J., Seymour J.L., Lazarus R.A.;

RT "Ornatins: potent glycoprotein IIB-IIIA antagonists and platelet

RT aggregation inhibitors from the leech Placobdella ornata.";

RL Eur. J. Biochem. 202:1073-1082(1991).

CC -1- FUNCTION: POTENT INHIBITOR OF FIBRINOGEN INTERACTION WITH PLATELET

CC RECEPTORS EXPRESSED ON GLYCOPROTEIN IIB-IIIA COMPLEX. MAY PREVENT

CC BLOOD FROM CLOTTING DURING EITHER FEEDING AND/OR STORAGE OF

CC INGESTED BLOOD.

CC

CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE ORNATIN FAMILY.

DR PIR; S19623; S19623.

DR InterPro; IPR002463; Ornatin.

DR Pfam; PF02088; Ornatin; 1.

DR ProDom; PD012062; Ornatin; 1.

KW Blood coagulation; Platelet; Cell adhesion.

FT SITE 42 44 CELL ATTACHMENT SITE.

SQ SEQUENCE 52 AA; 5445 MW; BA55CA7408EF4F09 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 52;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 66;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 42 RGDA 45

RESULT 3

ID R38B_SCHPO STANDARD; PRT; 74 AA.

AC Q09900;

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Created)

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last sequence update)

DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)

DE 60S ribosomal protein L38-2.

GN RPL38B OR RPL38 OR SPAC30D11.12.

OS Schizosaccharomyces pombe (Fission yeast).

OC Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Schizosaccharomycetes;

OC Schizosaccharomycetales; Schizosaccharomycetaceae;

OC Schizosaccharomyces.

OX NCBI_TaxID=4896;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=972;

RX MEDLINE=21848401; PubMed=11859360;

RA Wood V., Gwilliam R., Rajandream M.A., Lyne M., Lyne R., Stewart A.,

RA Sources J., Peat N., Hayles J., Baker S., Basham D., Bowman S.,

RA Brooks K., Brown D., Brown S., Chillingworth T., Churcher C.M.,

RA Collins M., Connor R., Cronin A., Davis P., Feltwell T., Fraser A.,

RA Gentles S., Goble A., Hamlin N., Harris D., Hidalgo J., Hodgson G.,

RA Holroyd S., Hornsby T., Howarth S., Huckle E.J., Hunt S., Jagels K.,

RA James K., Jones L., Jones M., Leather S., McDonald S., McLean J.,

RA Mooney P., Moule S., Mungall K., Murphy L., Niblett D., Odell C.,

RA Oliver K., O'Neill S., Pearson D., Quail M.A., Rabinowitsch E.,

RA Rutherford K., Rutter S., Saunders D., Seeger K., Sharp S.,

RA Skelton J., Simmonds M., Squares A., Squares S., Stevens K.,

RA Taylor K., Taylor R.G., Tivey A., Walsh S.V., Warren T., Whitehead S.,

RA Woodward J., Volckaert G., Aert R., Robben J., Grymonprez B.,

RA Weltjens I., Vanstreels E., Rieger M., Schaefer M., Mueller-Auer S.,

RA Gabel C., Fuchs M., Fritz C., Holzer E., Moestl D., Hilbert H.,

RA Borzym K., Langer I., Beck A., Lehrach H., Reinhardt R., Pohl T.M.,

RA Eger P., Zimmermann W., Wedler H., Wambutt R., Purnelle B.,

RA Goffeau A., Cadieu E., Dreano S., Gloux S., Lelaure V., Mottier S.,

RA Galibert F., Aves S.J., Xiang Z., Hunt C., Moore K., Hurst S.M.,

RA Lucas M., Rochet M., Gaillardin C., Tallada V.A., Garzon A., Thode G.,

RA Daga R.R., Cruzado L., Jimenez J., Sanchez M., del Rey F., Benito J.,

RA Dominguez A., Revuelta J.L., Moreno S., Armstrong J., Forsburg S.L.,

RA Cerrutti L., Lowe T., McCombie W.R., Paulsen I., Potashkin J.,

RA Spakovski G.V., Ussery D., Barrell B.G., Nurse P.;

RT "The genome sequence of Schizosaccharomyces pombe.";

RL Nature 415:871-880(2002).

CC -!- MISCELLANEOUS: there are two genes for L38 in S.pombe.

CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L38E FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.

CC -----

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CC -----

DR EMBL; Z67961; CAA91898.1; -

DR PIR; S62570; S62570.

DR GeneDB.SPombe; SPAC30D11.12; -

DR InterPro; IPR002675; Ribosomal_L38e.

DR Pfam; PF01781; Ribosomal_L38e; 1.

DR ProDom; PD010361; Ribosomal_L38e; 1.

KW Ribosomal protein; Multigene family.

SQ SEQUENCE 74 AA; 8339 MW; C90D6594DFCB11D3 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 74;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 94;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 17 RGDA 20

||||

RESULT 4

MTRB_BACPU

ID MTRB_BACPU STANDARD; PRT; 76 AA.

AC P48064;

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Created)

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last sequence update)

DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)

DE Transcription attenuation protein mcrB (tryptophan RNA-binding

DE attenuator protein) (Trp RNA-binding attenuation protein) (TRAP).

GN MTRB.

OS Bacillus pumilus (Bacillus mesentericus).

OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillales; Bacillaceae; Bacillus.

OX NCBI_TaxID=1408;

FN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RA MEDLINE=95138053; PubMed=7836324;

RA Hoffman R.J., Gollnick P.;

RT "The mtrB gene of Bacillus pumilus encodes a protein with sequence

RT and functional homology to the trp RNA-binding attenuation protein

RT (TRAP) of Bacillus subtilis.";

RL J. Bacteriol. 177:839-842(1995).

CC -!- FUNCTION: REQUIRED FOR TRANSCRIPTION ATTENUATION CONTROL IN THE

CC TRP OPERON. THIS TRANS-ACTING FACTOR SEEMS TO RECOGNIZE A 10 BASES

CC NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE IN THE TRP LEADER TRANSCRIPT CAUSING

CC TRANSCRIPTION TERMINATION. BINDS THE LEADER RNA ONLY IN PRESENCE

CC OF L-TRYPTOPHAN.

CC -!- SUBUNIT: OLIGOMER OF 11 IDENTICAL SUBUNITS ARRANGED IN DOUGHNUT-

CC LIKE STRUCTURE (BY SIMILARITY).

CC -!- SIMILARITY: WITH REGA FROM PHAGE T4.

CC -----

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CC -----

DR EMBL; L37879; AAA67544.1; -

DR PIR; I38905; I38905.

DR HSSP; Q9XGJ6; 1QAW.

DR InterPro; IPR000824; TrpBP.

DR Pfam; PF02081; TrpBP; 1.

DR PRINTS; PR00687; TRPNAAP.

DR ProDom; PD027918; TrpBP; 1.

KW Transcription regulation; RNA-binding.

SQ SEQUENCE 76 AA; 8301 MW; 22184B2351DA151D CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 76;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 97;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4

Db 58 RGDA 61

||||

RESULT 5

C551_CHRVI

ID C551_CHRVI STANDARD; PRT; 80 AA.

AC P80549;

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Created)

DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last sequence update)

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last annotation update)

DE Cytochrome c-551 (C551).

OS Chromatium vinosum.

OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Chromatiales;

OC Chromatiaceae; Allochromatium.

OX NCBI_TaxID=1049;

FN [1]

RP SEQUENCE.

RC STRAIN=D / ATCC 17899 / DSM 180;

RX MEDLINE=96195682; PubMed=8612646;

RA Samyn B., de Smet L., van Driessche G., Meyer T.E., Bartsch R.G.,

RA Cusanovich M.A., van Beeumen J.J.;

RT "A high-potential soluble cytochrome c-551 from the purple

RT phototrophic bacterium Chromatium vinosum is homologous to cytochrome

RT c8 from denitrifying pseudomonads.";

RL Eur. J. Biochem. 236:689-696(1996).

CC -!- FUNCTION: MONOHEME CYTOCHROME.

DR PIR; S68677; S68677.

DR HSSP; P95339; 1A56.

DR InterPro; IPR003088; Cyt_C1.

DR InterPro; IPR002324; Cyt_CID.

DR InterPro: IPR000345; CytC_heme_bind.
DR Pfam: PF00034; cytochrome_C; 1.
DR PRINIS: PRO0606; CYTOCHROME_C; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00190; CYTOCHROME_C; 1.
KW Electron transport; Heme.
FT BINDING 10 10 HEME (COVALENT).
FT BINDING 13 13 HEME (COVALENT).
FT METAL 14 14 IRON (HEME AXIAL LIGAND).
FT METAL 59 59 IRON (HEME AXIAL LIGAND).
SQ SEQUENCE 80 AA; 8224 MW; EBD30A2B15D07F93 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 80;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 1e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 RGDA 4
DB 33 RGDA 36
RESULT 6
ID RL21_PVRAB STANDARD; PRT; 97 AA.
AC Q9U2L1;
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Created)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L21e.
GN RPL21E OR PYRAB11050 OR PAB0731.
OS Pyrococcus abyssi.
OC Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Thermococci; Thermococcales; Thermococcaceae;
OC Pyrococcus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=29292;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX STRAIN=GE5 / Orsay;
RX PubMed=12622808;
RA Cohen G.N., Barbe V., Flament D., Galperin M., Heilig R., Lecompte O.,
RA Poch O., Frieur D., Querellou J., Kipp R., Thierry J.-C.,
RA Van der Oost J., Weissenbach J., Zivanovic Y., Forterre P.;
RT "An integrated analysis of the genome of the hyperthermophilic
archaeon Pyrococcus abyssi".
RL Mol. Microbiol. 47:1495-1512(2003).
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L21E FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC EMBL: AJ248286; CAB50016.1; -.
DR PIR: C75089; C75089.
DR HAMAP: MF_00369; -; 1.
DR InterPro: IPR001147; Ribosomal_L21e.

DR Pfam: PF01157; Ribosomal_L21e; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS01171; RIBOSOMAL_L21E; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 97 AA; 11378 MW; 6CEFA2DB6A61E40 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 97;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 RGDA 4
DB 69 RGDA 72
RESULT 7
ID RL21_PYRHO STANDARD; PRT; 97 AA.
AC Q74001;
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L21e.
GN RPL21E OR PHL127.1 OR PH5032.
OS Pyrococcus horikoshii.
OC Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Thermococci; Thermococcales; Thermococcaceae;
OC Pyrococcus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=53953;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX STRAIN=OT3;
RX MEDLINE=98344137; PubMed=9679194;
RA Kawarabayashi Y., Sawada M., Horikawa H., Haikawa Y., Hino Y.,
RA Yamamoto S., Sekine M., Baba S.-I., Kosugi H., Hosoyama A., Nagai Y.,
RA Sakai M., Ogura K., Otsuka R., Nakazawa H., Takamiya M., Ohfuku Y.,
RA Funahashi T., Tanaka T., Kudoh Y., Yamazaki J., Kishida N., Oguchi A.,
RA Aoki K.-I., Yoshizawa T., Nakamura Y., Robb F.T., Horikoshi K.,
RA Masuchi I., Shizuwa H., Kikuchi H.;
RT "Complete sequence and gene organization of the genome of a hyper-
thermophilic archaeobacterium, Pyrococcus horikoshii OT3".
RL DNA Res. 5:55-76(1998).
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L21E FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC EMBL: AF000005; EAA30227.1; -.
DR PIR: A71054; A71054.
DR HAMAP: MF_00369; -; 1.
DR InterPro: IPR001147; Ribosomal_L21e.
DR Pfam: PF01157; Ribosomal_L21e; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS01171; RIBOSOMAL_L21E; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.

SQ SEQUENCE 97 AA; 11376 MW; 6D5D29DBFBE0E51 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 97;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
DB 69 RGDA 72

RESULT 8

UL19_HCMVA STANDARD; PRT; 98 AA.
AC P16723;
DT 01-AUG-1990 (Rel. 15, Created)
DT 01-AUG-1990 (Rel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein UL19.
GN UL19.
OS Human cytomegalovirus (strain AD169).
OC Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Herpesviridae;
OC Betaherpesvirinae; Cytomegalovirus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10360;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Beck S., Barrell B.G.;
RA MEDLINE=88094735; PubMed=2827039;
RT "Human cytomegalovirus encodes a glycoprotein homologous to MHC
class-I antigens."
RL Nature 331:269-272(1988).
RN [2]
RP COMPLETE GENOME.
RX MEDLINE=90269039; PubMed=2161319;
RA Chee M.S., Bankier A.T., Beck S., Bohni R., Brown C.M., Cerny R.,
RA Horsnell T., Hutchison C.A. III, Kourazides T., Martignetti J.A.,
RA Preddie E., Satchwell S.C., Tomlinson P., Weston K.M., Barrell B.G.;
RT "Analysis of the protein-coding content of the sequence of human
cytomegalovirus strain AD169."
RL Curr. Top. Microbiol. Immunol. 154:123-169(1990).
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DR EMBL; Y00293; -; NOT ANNOTATED CDS.
DR EMBL; X17403; CAA35418.1; -.
DR PIR; S01566; S01566.
KW Hypothetical protein.

SQ SEQUENCE 98 AA; 11280 MW; 7E8A7405611E3F2B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 98;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
DB 95 RGDA 98

RESULT 9

APGI_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 113 AA.
AC Q15772;
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE Aortic preferentially expressed protein 1 (APEG-1).
GN APEG1.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=96291890; PubMed=8663449;
RA Kashihi S., Yoshizumi M., Endege W.O., Kho C.-J., Jain M.K.,
RA "APEG-1, a novel gene preferentially expressed in aortic smooth muscle
cells, is down-regulated by vascular injury."
RL J. Biol. Chem. 271:17354-17359(1996).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Brain;
RX MEDLINE=22388257; PubMed=12477932;
RA Strausberg R.L., Feingold E.A., Grouse L.H., Derge J.G.,
RA Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Shenmen C.M., Schuler G.D.,
RA Altschul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Schaefer C.F., Bhat N.K.,
RA Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Vax S.T., Wang J., Hsieh F.,
RA Diatchenko L., Natusna K., Farmer A.A., Rubin G.M., Hong L.,
RA Stapleton M., Soares M.B., Bonaldo M.F., Casavant T.L., Scheetz T.E.,
RA Brownstein M.J., Udwin T.B., Toshiyuki S., Carninci P., Prange C.,
RA Raha S.S., Loquellano N.A., Peters G.J., Abramson R.D., Mullany S.J.,
RA Bosak S.A., McEwan P.J., McKernan K.J., Malek J.A., Gunaratne P.H.,
RA Richards S., Worley K.C., Hale S., Garcia A.M., Gay L.J., Hulyk S.W.,
RA Villalon D.K., Muzny D.M., Sodergren E.J., Lu X., Gibbs A.A.,
RA Fahey J., Helton E., Kettman M., Madan A., Rodrigues S., Sanchez A.,
RA Whiting M., Madan A., Young A.C., Shevchenko Y., Bouffard G.G.,
RA Blakesley R.W., Touchman J.W., Green E.D., Dickson M.C.,
RA Rodriguez A.C., Grimwood J., Schmutz J., Myers R.M.,
RA Butterfield Y.S.N., Krzywinski M.I., Skalska U., Smallos D.E.,
RA Schnerch A., Schein J.E., Jones S.J.M., Marra M.A.;
RT "Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length
human and mouse cDNA sequences."
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16899-16903(2002).
CC -1- FUNCTION: MAY HAVE A ROLE IN REGULATING THE GROWTH AND
DIFFERENTIATION OF ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Nuclear.
CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: PREFERENTIALLY EXPRESSED IN DIFFERENTIATED
ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS (ASMC).

CC -|- DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: APPEARS TO BE EXPRESSED ONLY IN HIGHLY
 CC DIFFERENTIATED ASC IN NORMAL VESSEL WALLS AND DOWN-REGULATED IN
 CC ASC DIFFERENTIATED ASC IN VIVO. IN RESPONSE TO VASCULAR INJURIES
 CC ADMIC DIFFERENTIATE AND CHANGE FROM A QUIESCENT AND CONTRACTILE
 CC PHENOTYPE TO A PROLIFERATIVE AND SYNTHETIC PHENOTYPE. THIS
 CC PROLIFERATION OF VASCULAR SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS IS ONE OF THE MOST
 CC PROMINENT FEATURES OF ARTERIOCLEROSIS.
 CC -|- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 immunoglobulin-like domain.
 CC -----
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 CC -----
 CC EMBL; U57099; AAC50399.1; -.
 CC EMBL; BC006346; AAH06346.1; -.
 CC HSSP; P56276; ITLK.
 CC GO; GO:0005634; C:nucleus; TAS.
 CC GO; GO:0008285; P:negative regulation of cell proliferation; TAS.
 CC InterPro; IPR007110; IG-like.
 CC InterPro; IPR003598; IG_c2.
 CC Pfam; PF00047; Ig_1.
 CC SMART; SM00408; IgC2; 1.
 CC PROSITE; PS50835; IG_LIKE; 1.
 CC Immunoglobulin domain; Nuclear protein.
 FT DOMAIN 20 109 IG-LIKE.
 SQ SEQUENCE 113 AA; 12692 MW; 04F367263A1397C5 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 113;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 85 RGDA 88
 RESULT 10
 APGI_MOUSE
 ID APGI_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 113 AA.
 AC Q62407;
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
 DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
 DE Aortic preferentially expressed protein 1 (APEG-1).
 GN APEG1.
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 CC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=C57BL/6;
 RX MEDLINE=96291890; PubMed=8663449;
 RA Hsieh C.-M., Yoshizumi M., Endege W.O., Kuo C.-J., Jain M.K.,
 RA Kashiki S., de Los Santos R., Lee W.-S., Petrella M.A., Lee M.-E.;
 RT "APEG-1, a novel gene preferentially expressed in aortic smooth muscle
 RT cells, is down-regulated by vascular injury.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 271:17354-17359(1996).
 CC -|- FUNCTION: MAY HAVE A ROLE IN REGULATING THE GROWTH AND
 CC DIFFERENTIATION OF ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS.
 CC -|- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Nuclear.
 CC -|- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: PREFERENTIALLY EXPRESSED IN DIFFERENTIATED
 CC ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS (ASMC).
 CC -|- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 immunoglobulin-like domain.
 CC -----
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 CC -----
 CC EMBL; U57099; AAC32666.1; -.
 CC HSSP; P56276; ITLK.
 CC MGD; MGI:109282; Apeg1.
 CC InterPro; IPR007110; Ig-like.
 CC InterPro; IPR003598; Ig_c2.
 CC InterPro; IPR003006; Ig_MHC.
 CC Pfam; PF00047; Ig; 1.
 CC SMART; SM00408; IgC2; 1.
 CC PROSITE; PS50835; IG_LIKE; 1.
 CC Immunoglobulin domain; Nuclear protein.
 FT DOMAIN 20 109 IG-LIKE.
 SQ SEQUENCE 113 AA; 12665 MW; 5F320C5A41C3D870 CRC64;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 113;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 RGDA 4
 Db 85 RGDA 88
 RESULT 11
 APGI_RAT
 ID APGI_RAT STANDARD; PRT; 113 AA.
 AC Q63638;
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
 DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
 DE Aortic preferentially expressed protein 1 (APEG-1).
 GN APEG1.
 OS Rattus norvegicus (Rat).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 CC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10116;
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

```

RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Sprague-Dawley;
RX MEDLINE=96291890; PubMed=8663449;
RA Hsieh C.-M., Yoshizumi M., Endege W.O., Kho C.-J., Jain M.K.,
RA Kshiki S., de Los Santos R., Lee W.-S., Petrella M.A., Lee M.-E.;
RT "APEG-1, a novel gene preferentially expressed in aortic smooth muscle
RT cells, is down-regulated by vascular injury.";
RL J. Biol. Chem. 271:17354-17359(1996).
CC -1- FUNCTION: MAY HAVE A ROLE IN REGULATING THE GROWTH AND
CC DIFFERENTIATION OF ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Nuclear.
CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: HIGHLY EXPRESSED IN DIFFERENTIATED ARTERIAL
CC SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS (SMC) IN THE MEDIAL LAYER OF THE AORTA.
CC WEAKLY DETECTED IN BRAIN AND TESTIS AND TO A LESSER EXTENT IN
CC ORGANS RICH IN STRIATED MUSCLE OR VISCERAL SMOOTH MUSCLE.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 immunoglobulin-like domain.
CC
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CC
DR EMBL; U57097; AAC52667.1; -.
DR HSP; P56276; 1TLK.
DR InterPro; IPR007110; Ig-like.
DR InterPro; IPR003598; Ig c2.
DR InterPro; IPR003006; Ig_YHC.
DR Pfam; PF00047; Ig; 1.
DR SMART; SM00408; IGG2; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS50835; IG_LIKE; 1.
KW Immunoglobulin domain; Nuclear protein.
FT DOMAIN 20 109 IG-LIKE.
SQ SEQUENCE 113 AA; 12668 MW; B213C366A759A363 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 113;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 85 RGDA 88
|||||

RESULT 12
RL17_HELPJ STANDARD; PRT; 116 AA.
AC Q9ZJT6;
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L17.
GN RPLQ OR JHP1212.
OS Helicobacter pylori J99 (Campylobacter pylori J99).

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OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Epsilonproteobacteria; Campylobacteriales;
OC Helicobacteraceae; Helicobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=85963;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=99120557; PubMed=9923682;
RA Alm R.A., Ling L.-S.L., Moir D.F., King B.L., Brown E.D., Doig P.C.,
RA Tammino D.R., Noonan B., Guild B.C., deJonge B.L., Carmel G.,
RA Tummino P.J., Caruso A., Uria-Nickelsen M., Mills D.M., Ives C.,
RA Gibson R., Merberg D., Mills S.D., Jiang Q., Taylor D.E., Vovis G.F.,
RA Trust T.J.;
RT "Genomic sequence comparison of two unrelated isolates of the human
RT gastric pathogen Helicobacter pylori.";
RL Nature 397:1176-180(1999).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L17P FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
CC
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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC
DR EMBL; AE001547; AAD06814.1; -.
DR PIR; D71832; D71832.
DR InterPro; IPR000456; Ribosomal_L17.
DR Pfam; PF01196; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR ProDom; PD004277; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR TIGRFAMs; TIGR00059; L17; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01167; RIBOSOMAL_L17; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 116 AA; 13392 MW; EEC77780E2F2F3A1 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 116;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 104 RGDA 107
|||||

RESULT 13
RL17_HELPY STANDARD; PRT; 116 AA.
AC P56042;
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L17.
GN RPLQ OR HP1292.
OS Helicobacter pylori (Campylobacter pylori).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Epsilonproteobacteria; Campylobacteriales;
OC Helicobacteraceae; Helicobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=210;
RN [1]

```

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=26695 / ATCC 700392;
RA MEDLINE=97394467; PubMed=9252185;
RA Tomb J.-F., White O., Kervatage A.R., Clayton R.A., Sutton G.G.,
RA Fleischmann R.D., Ketchum K.A., Klenk H.-P., Gill S., Dougherty B.A.,
RA Nelson K., Quackenbush J., Zhou L., Kirkness E.F., Peterson S.,
RA Loftus B., Richardson D., Dodson R., Khalak H.G., Glodek A.,
RA McKenney K., Fitzgerald L.M., Lee N., Adams M.D., Hickey E.K.,
RA Berg D.E., Gocayne J.D., Uterback T.R., Peterson J.D., Kelley J.M.,
RA Cotton M.D., Weidman J.M., Fujii C., Bowman C., Wathley L., Wallin E.,
RA Hayes W.S., Borodovsky M., Karp P.D., Smith H.O., Fraser C.M.,
RA Venter J.C.;
RT "The complete genome sequence of the gastric pathogen *Helicobacter*
RT *pylori*.";
RL Nature 388:539-547(1997).
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CC -----
DR EMBL; AE000633; AAD08335.1; -.
DR PIR; D64681; D64681.
DR TIGR; HP1292; -.
DR InterPro; IPR000456; Ribosomal_L17.
DR Pfam; PF01196; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR ProDom; PD004277; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR TIGRFAMs; TIGR00059; L17; 1.
DR ProSite; PS01167; RIBOSOMAL_L17; 1.
DR Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
KW RIBOSOMAL_L17; 1.
SQ SEQUENCE 116 AA; 13364 MW; EBD87890E2F2E4B6 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 116;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 104 RGDA 107
RESULT 14
ID RL17_MYCPN STANDARD; PRT; 124 AA.
AC Q59547;
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE 50S ribosomal protein L17.
GN RPLQ OR RPLN192 OR MP639.
OS Mycoplasma pneumoniae.
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Mollicutes; Mycoplasmataceae; Mycoplasma.
CX NCBI_TaxID=2104;

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=ATCC 29342 / M129;
RX MEDLINE=96177562; PubMed=8604303;
RA Hilbert H., Himmelreich R., Flagens H., Herrmann R.;
RT "Sequence analysis of 56 kb from the genome of the bacterium
RT *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* comprising the *dhnaA* region, the *atp* operon and
RT a cluster of ribosomal protein genes.";
RL Nucleic Acids Res. 24:628-639(1996).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=ATCC 29342 / M129;
RX MEDLINE=97105885; PubMed=8948633;
RA Himmelreich R., Hilbert H., Flagens H., Pirkel E., Li B.-C.,
RA Herrmann R.;
RT "Complete sequence analysis of the genome of the bacterium *Mycoplasma*
RT *pneumoniae*.";
RL Nucleic Acids Res. 24:4420-4449(1996).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L17P FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
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CC -----
DR EMBL; U34795; AAC3689.1; -.
DR EMBL; AE000061; AAB96287.1; -.
DR PIR; S62816; S62816.
DR InterPro; IPR000456; Ribosomal_L17.
DR Pfam; PF01196; Ribosomal_L17; 1.
DR TIGRFAMs; TIGR00059; L17; 1.
DR ProSite; PS01167; RIBOSOMAL_L17; 1.
DR Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
KW RIBOSOMAL_L17; 1.
SQ SEQUENCE 124 AA; 14245 MW; 3A627DB7BFB6C62E CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 124;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 107 RGDA 110
RESULT 15
ID RSSE_HALN1 STANDARD; PRT; 124 AA.
AC Q9HP59;
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Created)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last sequence update)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
DE 30S ribosomal protein S8e.
GN RPS8E OR VNGI666G.
OS Halobacterium sp. (strain NRC-1 / ATCC 700922 / JCM 11081).

OC Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Halobacteria; Halobacteriales;
OC Halobacteriaceae; Halobacterium.
OX NGBI_taxid=64091;
RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=20504483; PubMed=11016950;
RA Ng W.V., Kennedy S.P., Mahairas G.G., Berquist B., Pan M.,
RA Shukla H.D., Leaky S.R., Baliga N.S., Thorson V., Sbrogna J.,
RA Swartzell S., Weir D., Hall J., Dahl T.A., Welti R., Geo Y.A.,
RA Leithauer B., Keller K., Cruz R., Danson M.J., Hough D.W.,
RA Maddocks D.G., Jablonski P.E., Krebs M.P., Angevine C.M., Dale H.,
RA Isenbarger T.A., Peck R.F., Pohlischer M., Spudich J.L., Jung K.-H.,
RA Alam M., Freitas T., Hou S., Daniels C.J., Dennis P.P., Omer A.D.,
RA Ehardt H., Lowe T.M., Liang P., Riley M., Hood L., DasGupta S.,
RT "Genome sequence of Halobacterium species NEC-1";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97:12176-12181 (2000).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE SBE FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.

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CC -----
DR EMBL; AE005076; AAG19920.1; -.
DR PIR; D84319; D84319.
DR HAMAP; MF 00029; -. 1.
DR InterPro; IPR001047; Ribosomal_SBE.
DR Pfam; PF01201; Ribosomal_SBE; 1.
DR ProDom; PD005638; Ribosomal_SBE; 1.
DR TIGRFAMs; TIGR00307; SBE; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01193; RIBOSOMAL_SBE; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 124 AA; 13515 MW; B7039CF79A83742B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 124;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 47 RGDA 50

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:54:03
Job time : 4.67742 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:47:57 ; Search time 6.83871 Seconds
(without alignments)
150.936 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-1
Perfect score: 21
Sequence: 1 RGDA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 830525 seqs, 259052604 residues
Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 830525

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SPTREMBL_23:*
1: sp_archaea:*
2: sp_bacteria:*
3: sp_fungi:*
4: sp_human:*
5: sp_invertebrate:*
6: sp_mammal:*
7: sp_mhc:*
8: sp_organelle:*
9: sp_phage:*
10: sp_plant:*
11: sp_rodent:*
12: sp_virus:*
13: sp_vertebrate:*
14: sp_unclassified:*
15: sp_rvirus:*
16: sp_bacteriap:*
17: sp_archheap:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result	Query	No.	Score	Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
--------	-------	-----	-------	-------	--------	----	----	-------------

1 21 100.0 31 5 Q8XKE8
2 21 100.0 45 16 Q9PGB6
3 21 100.0 48 2 Q9ADV3
4 21 100.0 54 16 Q8R7H3
5 21 100.0 55 10 Q8RUZ1
6 21 100.0 57 6 Q9N041
7 21 100.0 57 10 Q8RUD5
8 21 100.0 57 10 Q8RUD4
9 21 100.0 57 16 Q06773
10 21 100.0 58 12 Q8Q583
11 21 100.0 59 16 Q8LJ57
12 21 100.0 64 16 Q8XQX0
13 21 100.0 66 12 Q8JKZ2
14 21 100.0 68 5 Q8NNA3
15 21 100.0 68 16 Q8UJK6
16 21 100.0 69 16 Q8DVL7
17 21 100.0 70 12 Q8VAV0
18 21 100.0 70 16 Q8XTW3
19 21 100.0 73 16 Q8YJ28
20 21 100.0 75 16 Q8VJ45
21 21 100.0 76 10 Q8GVK2
22 21 100.0 77 6 Q29171
23 21 100.0 77 16 Q92KT0
24 21 100.0 79 16 Q8XQ7
25 21 100.0 83 17 Q8TK40
26 21 100.0 85 10 Q8W3E8
27 21 100.0 88 16 Q9PDL8
28 21 100.0 88 17 Q8ZV78
29 21 100.0 89 5 Q95Y01
30 21 100.0 89 7 Q29783
31 21 100.0 89 16 Q8G801
32 21 100.0 90 16 Q8PAU0
33 21 100.0 91 15 Q9DK41
34 21 100.0 91 16 Q8PJH2
35 21 100.0 92 9 Q9FZT5
36 21 100.0 93 10 Q8S2D8
37 21 100.0 93 16 Q8Z7W3
38 21 100.0 95 16 Q9PDS1
39 21 100.0 95 16 Q8FE9
40 21 100.0 96 16 Q9KE84
41 21 100.0 96 17 Q9HR67
42 21 100.0 97 16 Q9HTA8
43 21 100.0 99 2 Q8RM68
44 21 100.0 100 12 Q9B239
45 21 100.0 100 12 Q8B9W5

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
Q8XKE8 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 31 AA.
AC Q8XKE8;
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)

DE Hypothetical protein K07A9.4.
GN K07A9.4.
OS Caenorhabditis elegans.
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Nematoda; Chromadorea; Rhabditida; Rhabditoidea;
OC Rhabditidae; Pelodierinae; Caenorhabditis.
OX NCBI_TaxID=6239;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RX MEDLINE=99069613; PubMed=9851916;
RA Waterston R.;
RT "Genome sequence of the nematode C. elegans: a platform for
investigating biology. The C. elegans Sequencing Consortium.";
RL Science 282:2012-2016(1998).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RA Davidson S., O'Neal D.;
RT "The sequence of C. elegans cosmid K07A9.";
RL Submitted (OCT-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RA Waterston R.;
RL Submitted (AUG-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AF099924; AAM98005.1; --
DR WormPep; K07A9.4; CE31709.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 31 AA; 3720 MW; 147938913DC940ED CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 5; Length 31;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.8e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 2 RGDA 5
RESULT 2
Q9PGB6 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 45 AA.
AC Q9PGB6;
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein Xf0386.
GN Xf0386.
OS Xylella fastidiosa.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Xanthomonadales;
OC Xanthomonadaceae; Xylella.
OX NCBI_TaxID=2371;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=gs5c;
RX MEDLINE=20365717; PubMed=10910347;
RA Simpson A.J.G., Reinach F.C., Arruda P., Abreu F.A., Acencio M.,

RA Alvarenga R., Alves L.M.C., Araya J.E., Baia G.S., Baptista C.S.,
RA Barros M.H., Bonaccorsi E.D., Bordin S., Bove J.M., Briones M.R.S.,
RA Bueno M.R.P., Colombo A., Camargo L.E.A., Carraro D.M., Carrer H.,
RA Colauto N.B., Colombo C., Costa F.F., Costa M.C.R., Costa-Neto C.M.,
RA Coutinho L.L., Cristofani M., Dias-Neto E., Docena C., El-Dorri H.,
RA Facincani A.P., Ferreira A.J.S., Ferreira V.C.A., Ferro J.A.,
RA Fraga J.S., Franca S.C., Franco M.C., Frohne M., Furlan L.R.,
RA Garnier M., Goldman G.H., Goldman M.H.S., Gomes S.L., Gruber A.,
RA Ho P.L., Honeisel J.D., Junqueira M.L., Kemper E.L., Kitajima J.P.,
RA Krieger J.E., Kuramae E.E., Laigret F., Lambais M.R., Leite L.C.C.,
RA Lenos E.G.M., Lenos M.V.F., Lopes S.A., Lopes C.R., Machado J.A.,
RA Machado M.A., Madeira A.M.B.N., Madeira H.M.F., Marino C.L.,
RA Marques M.V., Martins E.A.L., Martins E.M.F., Matsukuma A.Y.,
RA Menck C.F.M., Miracca E.C., Miyaki C.V., Monteiro-Vitorello C.B.,
RA Moon D.H., Nagai M.A., Nascimento A.L.T.O., Netto L.E.S.,
RA Nhani A. Jr., Nobrega F.G., Nunes L.R., Oliveira M.A.,
RA de Oliveira M.C., de Oliveira R.C., Palmieri D.A., Paris A.,
RA Peixoto B.R., Pereira G.A.G., Pereira H.A. Jr., Pesquero J.B.,
RA Quaggio R.B., Roberto P.G., Rodrigues V., de Rosa A.J.M.,
RA de Rosa V.E. Jr., de Sa R.G., Santelli R.V., Sawasaki H.E.,
RA da Silva A.C.R., da Silva A.M., da Silva F.R., Silva W.A. Jr.,
RA da Silveira J.F., Silvestri M.L.Z., Siqueira W.J., de Souza A.A.,
RA de Souza A.P., Terezi M.F., Truffi D., Tsai S.M., Tsubako M.H.,
RA Vallada H., Van Sluys M.A., Verjovski-Almeida S., Vettore A.L.,
RA Zago M.A., Zatz M., Meidanis J., Setubal J.C.;
RT "The genome sequence of the plant pathogen *Xylella fastidiosa*.";
RL Nature 406:151-159(2000).
DR EMBL; AE003890; AAF83196.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 45 AA; 5163 MW; B58C9AEC9809C8A CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 45;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.2e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 19 RGDA 22
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RESULT 3
Q9XDV3 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 48 AA.
AC Q9XDV3;
DT 01-NOV-1999 (TrEMBLrel. 12, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1999 (TrEMBLrel. 12, Last sequence update)
DT 01-WAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE ORF Q.
OS Erythrobacter sp. MEIC3960.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Sphingomonadales;
OC Sphingomonadaceae; Erythrobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=94771;
RN (1)
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=MEIC3960;
RA Hanada T.;
RT "Nucleotide sequences of genes coding for photosynthetic reaction

RI centers and light-harvesting proteins of *Erythrobacter litoralis* and
RI related aerobic photosynthetic bacteria.";
RL Submitted (MAY-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AB027515; BAA78669.1; -.
DR Inter-Pro; IPR006089; Acyl-CoA-dh.
DR PROSITE; PS00073; ACYL_COA_DH_2; 1.
SQ SEQUENCE 48 AA; 4980 MW; D663EAD05EAB079B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 2; Length 48;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 27 RGDA 30
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RESULT 4
Q8R7H3 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 54 AA.
AC Q8R7H3;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein TTE2436.
GN TTE2436.
OS Thermoanaerobacter tengcongensis.
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Clostridia; Thermoanaerobacteriales;
OC Thermoanaerobacteriaceae; Thermoanaerobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=119072;
RN (1)
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=WB4 / JCM 11007;
RX MEDLINE=21982816; PubMed=11997336;
RA Bao Q., Tian Y., Li W., Xu Z., Xuan Z., Hu S., Dong W., Yang J.,
RA Chen Y., Xue Y., Xu Y., Lai X., Huang L., Dong X., Ma Y., Ling L.,
RA Tan H., Chen R., Wang J., Yu J., Yang H.;
RT "A complete sequence of *T. tengcongensis* genome.";
RL Genome Res. 12:689-700(2002).
DR EMBL; AE013185; AAM25571.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 54 AA; 6252 MW; 0A9C818C07DD905B CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 54;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.1e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 32 RGDA 35
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RESULT 5
Q8RUZ1 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 55 AA.
AC Q8RUZ1;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Created)

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RT  libraries."
RL  Submitted (JUL-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RR  EMBL; AB046091; BAB01673.1; -.
SQ  SEQUENCE      57 AA;  6250 MW;  300D0E046A4897A9 CRC64;

Query Match          100.0%; Score 21;  DB 6; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
Matches      4; Conservative      0; Mismatches      0; Indels      0; Gaps      0;

QY  1  RGDA  4
    | | | |
DB  10  RGDA 13

RESULT 7
QBRUD5
ID  QBRUD5      PRELIMINARY;      PRT;      57 AA.
AC  QBRUD5;
CT  01-JUN-2002 (TEMBLrel. 21, Created)
DT  01-JUN-2002 (TEMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)
DT  01-MAR-2003 (TEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE  Acetyl-CoA C-acyltransferase-like protein (Fragment).
OS  Zea mays (Maize).
OC  Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
OC  Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae;
OC  PACCD clade; Panicoideae; Andropogoneae; Zea.
OX  NCBI_TaxID=4577;
RN  [1]
RP  SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC  STRAIN=Various strains;
RA  Ching A.S., Caldwell K.S., Jung M., Dolan M., Smith O.S., Tingey S.,
RA  Morgante M., Rafalski J.A.;
RT  "SNP frequency, haplotype structure and linkage disequilibrium in
RT  elite maize inbred lines.";
RL  Submitted (FEB-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR  EMBL; AF498457; AAM14473.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498458; AAM14474.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498459; AAM14475.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498460; AAM14476.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498461; AAM14477.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498462; AAM14478.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498464; AAM14480.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498465; AAM14481.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498466; AAM14482.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498467; AAM14483.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498468; AAM14484.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498470; AAM14486.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498471; AAM14487.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498473; AAM14489.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498475; AAM14491.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498478; AAM14494.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498480; AAM14496.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498481; AAM14497.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498483; AAM14499.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498484; AAM14500.1; -
DR  EMBL; AF498487; AAM14503.1; -
DR  InterPro; IPR002155; Thiolase.

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DR Pfam: PF02803; thiolase_C; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00099; THIOLASE_3; 1.
KW Acyltransferase; Transferase.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 57 AA; 6203 MW; DC4596C27A4451A8 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 10; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
Db 33 RGDA 36

RESULT 8

QBRUD4 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 57 AA.
AC QBRUD4;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (T-EMBLrel. 21, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (T-EMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (T-EMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Acetyl-CoA C-acyltransferase-like protein (fragment).
OS Zea mays (Maize).
OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae;
OC PACCAD clade; Panicoideae; Andropogoneae; Zea.
OX NCBI_TaxID=4577;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=cv. IVANA, cv. D71-4HT, and cv. H60;
RA Ching A.S., Caldwell K.S., Jung M., Dolan M., Smith O.S., Tingey S.,
RA Morgante M., Rafalski J.A.;
RT "SNP frequency, haplotype structure and linkage disequilibrium in
RT elite maize inbred lines";
RL Submitted (FEB-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBSJ databases.
DR ENBL; AF498474; AAMI4490.1; -.
DR ENBL; AF498476; AAMI4492.1; -.
DR ENBL; AF498479; AAMI4495.1; -.
DR InterPro; IPR002155; Thiolase.
DR Pfam; PF02803; thiolase_C; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00099; THIOLASE_3; 1.
KW Acyltransferase; Transferase.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 57 AA; 6185 MW; DC4596C76E4451A8 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 10; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
Db 33 RGDA 36

RESULT 9

O06773 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 57 AA.
AC O06773;
DT 01-JUL-1997 (TrEMBLrel. 04, Created)
DT 01-JUL-1997 (TrEMBLrel. 04, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein RV0666.
GN RV0666 OR MTC1376.10C.
OS Mycobacterium tuberculosis.
OC Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
OC Corynebacterineae; Mycobacteriaceae; Mycobacterium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=1773;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=H37Rv;
RX MEDLINE=98293987; PubMed=9634230;
RA Cole S.T., Brosch R., Parkhill J., Garnier T., Churcher C., Harris D.,
RA Gordon S.V., Eiglmeier K., Gas S., Barry C.E. III, Tekaiia F.,
RA Badcock K., Basham D., Brown D., Chillingworth T., Connor R.,
RA Davies R., Devlin K., Feltwell T., Gentles S., Hamlin N., Holroyd S.,
RA Hornsby T., Jagels K., Krogh A., McLean J., Moule S., Murphy L.,
RA Oliver S., Osborne J., Quail M.A., Rajandream M.A., Rogers J.,
RA Rutter S., Seeger K., Skelton S., Squares S., Squares R.,
RA Sulston J.E., Taylor K., Whitehead S., Barrell B.G.;
RT "Deciphering the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis from the
RT complete genome sequence";
RL Nature 393:537-544(1998).
DR ENBL; Z59972; CAB09391.1; -.
DR TubercuList; RV0666; -.
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 57 AA; 5849 MW; 62858455BD7D0F2E CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 57;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
||||
Db 24 RGDA 27

RESULT 10

Q8QS83 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 58 AA.
AC Q8QS83;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 21, Last annotation update)
DE UL2.
OS Chimpanzee cytomegalovirus.
OC Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Herpesviridae;
OC Betaherpesvirinae; Cytomegalovirus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=188763;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Davison A.J., Akter P., Dolan A., Wright K.M., Addison C.,
RA Alencor D.J., Hayward G.S., McGeoch D.J.;
RT "The human cytomegalovirus genome revisited.";

RL Submitted (FEB-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL: AF480884; AA00654.1; -.
SQ SEQUENCE 58 AA; 6789 MW; 27400659BED2BAD7 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 12; Length 58;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 2 RGDA 5
|||||

RESULT 11
Q98LS7 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 59 AA.
AC Q98LS7;
DT 01-OCT-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 18, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 18, Last sequence update)
DT 01-VAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein ms10697.
GN MS10697.
OS Rhizobium loti (Mesorhizobium loti).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Rhizobiales;
OC Phyllobacteriaceae; Mesorhizobium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=381;
FN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=MAFF303099;
RA MEDLINE=21082930; PubMed=11214969;
RA Kaneko T., Nakamura Y., Sato S., Asamizu E., Kato T., Sasamoto S.,
RA Watanabe A., Idegawa K., Ishikawa A., Kawashima K., Kimura T.,
RA Kishida Y., Kiyokawa C., Kohata M., Matsumoto M., Matsuno A.,
RA Mochizuki Y., Nakayama S., Nakazaki N., Shimpo S., Sugimoto M.,
RA Takeuchi C., Yamada M., Tabata S.;
RT "Complete genome structure of the nitrogen-fixing symbiotic bacterium
RT Mesorhizobium loti";
RL DNA Res. 7:331-338(2000).
DR EMBL: AP002996; BAB48386.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 59 AA; 6059 MW; 4EE77EF3940E6633 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 59;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.6e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 36 RGDA 39
|||||

RESULT 12
Q8XYQ0 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 64 AA.
AC Q8XYQ0;
DT 01-VAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Created)
DT 01-VAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Last sequence update)

DT 01-MAR-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 20, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein Rsc1708.
GN RSC1708 OR R502894.
OS Ralstonia solanacearum (Pseudomonas solanacearum).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Betaproteobacteria; Burkholderiales;
OC Ralstoniaceae; Ralstonia.
OX NCBI_TaxID=305;
FN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=GM11000;
RA MEDLINE=21681879; PubMed=11823852;
RA Salanoubat M., Genin S., Artiguenave F., Gouzy J., Mangenot S.,
RA Ariat M., Billault A., Brothier P., Camus J.C., Cattolico L.,
RA Chandler M., Choisme N., Claudel-Renard C., Curnac S., Demange N.,
RA Gaspin C., Lavie M., Moisan A., Robert C., Saurin W., Schlex T.,
RA Siguler P., Thebault P., Whalen M., Wincker P., Levy M.,
RA Weissenbach J., Boucher C.A.;
RT "Genome sequence of the plant pathogen Ralstonia solanacearum";
RL Nature 415:497-502(2002).
DR EMBL: AL646066; CAD15410.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 64 AA; 7210 MW; F35F8AEF5609609 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 64;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.1e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 RGDA 4
Db 60 RGDA 63
|||||

RESULT 13
Q8JKZ2 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 66 AA.
AC Q8JKZ2;
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TrEMBLrel. 22, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
OS Virus phiCh1.
OC Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Caudovirales; Myoviridae.
OX NCBI_TaxID=114777;
FN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC MEDLINE=20177831; PubMed=10712697;
RA Baranyi U., Klein R., Lubitz W., Kruger D.H., Witte A.;
RT "The archaeal halophilic virus-encoded Dam-like methyltransferase M.
RT phiCh1 methylates adenine residues and complements dam mutants in
RT the low salt environment of Escherichia coli";
RL Mol. Microbiol. 35:1168-1179(2000).
FN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC MEDLINE=20497008; PubMed=11040128;
RA Klein R., Greineder B., Baranyi U., Witte A.;
RT "The structural protein E of the archaeal virus phiCh1: evidence for
RT processing in Natrialba magadii during virus maturation.";

```

RN Virology 276:376-387(2000).
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=42136043; PubMed=12139629;
RT Klein R., Baranyi U., Rossler N., Greinader B., Scholz H., Witte A.;
RT "Natrialba magadii virus phiCh1: first complete nucleotide sequence
RT and functional organization of a virus infecting a haloalkaliphilic
RT archaeon.";
RL Mol. Microbiol. 45:851-863(2002).
RN [4]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Klein R., Baranyi U., Rossler N., Greinader B., Scholz H.;
RT "Sequence analysis of the temperate virus phiCh1 infecting the
RT haloalkaliphilic archaeon Natrialba magadii.";
RL Submitted (Oct-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AF40695; AAM88738.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 66 AA; 6695 MW; 38EA1246C5F281A6 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 12; Length 66;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.3e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 20 RGDA 23
|||||

RESULT 14
QBMNA5 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 68 AA.
AC QBMNA5;
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TREMBlrel. 22, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TREMBlrel. 22, Last sequence update)
DE Hypothetical protein.
OS Dictyostelium discoideum (Slime mold).
OC Eukaryota; Mycetozoa; Dictyostelida; Dictyostelium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=44689;
RN SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RP STRAIN=AX4;
RC Gloeckner G., Eichinger L., Szafranski K., Pachebat J., Dear P.,
RA Lehmann R., Baumgart C., Parra G., April J.F., Guigo R., Kumpf K.,
RA Tunggal B., Cox E., Quail M.A., Platzer M., Rosenthal A., Noegel A.A.;
RT "Sequence and Analysis of Chromosome 2 of Dictyostelium.";
RL Submitted (May-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AC117076; AAM33713.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 68 AA; 7790 MW; C2E2D3DA9412A754 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 5; Length 68;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 41 RGDA 44
|||||

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RESULT 15
QBUJK6 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 68 AA.
AC QBUJK6;
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TREMBlrel. 21, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TREMBlrel. 21, Last sequence update)
DE Hypothetical protein Atu5470.
GN ATU5470 OR AGR_PAT 693.
OS Agrobacterium tumefaciens (strain C58 / ATCC 33970).
OG Plasmid AT.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Rhizobiales;
OC Rhizobiaceae; Rhizobium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=176299;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=21608550; PubMed=11743193;
RA Wood D.W., Setubal J.C., Kaul R., Monks D.E., Kitajima J.P.,
RA Okura Y.K., Zhou Y., Chen L., Wood G.E., Almeida N.F. Jr., Woo L.,
RA Chen Y., Paulsen I.T., Eisen J.A., Karp P.D., Bovee D. Sr.,
RA Chapman P., Clendinning J., Deatherage G., Gillet W., Grant C.,
RA Kutayin T., Levy R., Li M.-J., McClelland E., Palmieri A.,
RA Raymond C., Rouse G., Saenphimmachak C., Wu Z., Romero P., Gordon D.,
RA Zhang S., Yoc H., Tao Y., Biddle P., Jung M., Krespan W., Perry M.,
RA Gordon-Kamm B., Liao L., Kim S., Hendrick C., Zhao Z.-Y., Dolan M.,
RA Crumley F., Tingey S.V., Tomb J.-F., Gordon M.P., Olson M.V.,
RA Nester E.W.;
RT "The genome of the natural genetic engineer Agrobacterium tumefaciens
RT C58.";
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=21608531; PubMed=11743194;
RA Goodner B., Hinkle G., Gattung S., Miller N., Blanchard M.,
RA Quorllo B., Goldman B.S., Cao Y., Askenazi M., Halling C., Mullin L.,
RA Houmlel K., Gordon J., Vaudin M., Iartchouk O., Epp A., Liu F.,
RA Wollam C., Allinger M., Doughty D., Scott C., Lappas C., Markelz B.,
RA Flanagan C., Crowell C., Gursen J., Lomo C., Sear C., Strub G.,
RA Cielo C., Slater S.;
RT "Genome sequence of the plant pathogen and biotechnology agent
RT Agrobacterium tumefaciens C58.";
RL Science 294:2323-2328(2001).
DR EMBL; AE008968; AAL46157.1; -.
DR EMBL; AE007916; AAK90845.1; -.
KW Hypothetical protein; Plasmid; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 68 AA; 8005 MW; 5CABE406D75F93A8 CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 21; DB 16; Length 68;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.5e+02;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 RGDA 4
Db 36 RGDA 39
|||||
Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:02
Job time : 9.83871 secs

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and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

GenCore version 5.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:35:52 ; Search time 25.9355 Seconds
(without alignments)
73.441 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-2
Perfect score: 69
Sequence: 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues 1107863
Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters:

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000
Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	69	100.0	12	23	AAW50857 Serine esterase co
2	69	100.0	23	20	AAW83414 Cell growth/adhesi
3	69	100.0	23	21	AAW12893 Nerve tissue regen
4	69	100.0	23	22	AAW70363 Human thrombin rec
5	69	100.0	23	23	AAE22563 Human thrombin hig
6	69	100.0	23	23	AAE20159 Human thrombin pep
7	69	100.0	23	23	AAU78376 Thrombin peptide d
8	69	100.0	23	23	AAW50858 Thrombin-derived p
9	69	100.0	23	24	ABP72757 Antilucer peptide
10	69	100.0	23	24	ABP72757 Antilucer peptide
11	69	100.0	23	24	ABP72760 Human thrombin pep
12	69	100.0	33	24	ABP72758 Antilucer peptide
13	69	100.0	111	20	AAW99113 Bovine zeta 2 pret
14	69	100.0	116	20	AAW99113 Human thrombin Asn
15	69	100.0	239	18	AAW11545 Human thrombin var
16	69	100.0	259	24	ABP60563 Human thrombin var
17	69	100.0	259	24	ABP60563 Wild-type thrombin
18	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74775 Mutant thrombin K5
19	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74775 Mutant thrombin E2
20	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74775 Mutant thrombin E2
21	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74775 Mutant thrombin E2
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23	69	100.0	295	16	AAW74780 Mutant thrombin E2
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26	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76035 Mutant thrombin E2
27	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76036 Mutant thrombin E2
28	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76037 Mutant thrombin W5
29	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76038 Mutant thrombin K5
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31	69	100.0	295	16	AAW76040 Mutant thrombin W5
32	69	100.0	295	18	AAW22892 Human mature throm
33	69	100.0	295	21	AAW08633 Amino acid sequenc
34	69	100.0	295	24	ABP60562 Human thrombin var
35	69	100.0	295	24	ABP60564 Human thrombin var
36	69	100.0	308	20	AAW99107 Bovine prethrombin
37	69	100.0	308	20	AAW99109 Human prethrombin
38	69	100.0	376	14	AAW41797 CD4/Thrombin fusio
39	69	100.0	376	20	AAW42789 Human CD4-thrombin
40	69	100.0	376	23	AAU10703 Human CD4-thrombin
41	69	100.0	579	14	AAW35763 Prothrombin (F1).
42	69	100.0	579	18	AAW11546 Human prothrombin
43	69	100.0	579	18	AAW11546 Human prothrombin
44	69	100.0	579	20	AAW99108 Human prothrombin
45	69	100.0	582	20	AAW99106 Bovine prothrombin

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

AAM50857
 ID AAM50857 standard; Peptide; 12 AA.
 XX
 AC AAM50857;
 XX
 DT 01-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Serine esterase conserved sequence used in cardiac tissue repair.
 XX
 KW Serine esterase; thrombin; revascularisation; vascular occlusion;
 KW tissue repair; vulnery; vasotropic; cardiant; angiogenesis;
 KW restenosis; therapy; enzyme; human.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FN WO200204009-A2.
 XX
 PD 17-JAN-2002.
 XX
 PF 12-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US21944.
 XX
 PR 12-JUL-2000; 2000US-217583P.
 XX
 PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX
 PI Carney DH;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-179665/23.
 XX
 PT Promoting cardiac tissue repair, stimulating revascularisation,
 PT stimulating vascular endothelial cell proliferation, and inhibiting
 PT vascular occlusion by using angiogenic thrombin derivative peptide
 XX
 PS Claim 3; Page 19; 24pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present peptide comprises a thrombin-derived serine esterase
 CC conserved sequence that is used in a claimed method for promoting
 CC cardiac tissue repair. The method involves administering an
 CC angiogenic thrombin-derived peptide, especially a thrombin receptor
 CC binding domain comprising the 4-amino acid peptide given in
 CC AAM50856 together with the serine esterase conserved sequence,
 CC or preferably the peptide given in AAM50859, which includes both
 CC these peptide sequences. The thrombin-derived peptide is
 CC administered during or following cardiac surgery by injection
 CC into cardiac tissue, and may be formulated as a sustained release
 CC formulation. It is used in claimed methods of stimulating
 CC revascularisation, stimulating vascular endothelial cell
 CC proliferation, inhibiting vascular occlusion, and inhibiting
 CC restenosis following balloon angioplasty, in which case the
 CC peptide may be coated onto the catheter.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 12 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 12;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0029;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 |||||
 Db 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 RESULT 2
 AAW83414
 ID AAW83414 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
 XX
 AC AAW83414;
 XX
 DT 26-FEB-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Cell growth/adhesion promoting peptide #1.
 XX
 KW Cell growth; adhesion; promotion; medical treatment; injury;
 KW biotissue; bone reinforcement; nerve regeneration; HMP resin.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 FN JPI0316581-A.
 XX
 PD 02-DEC-1998.
 XX
 PF 15-MAY-1997; 97JP-0140885.
 XX
 PR 15-MAY-1997; 97JP-0140885.
 XX
 PA (KURS) KURARAY CO LTD.
 XX
 DR WPI; 1999-076400/07.
 XX
 PT Material for medical treatment comprises new peptide - used for
 PT covering injuries, promoting adhesion of bio-tissues, bone
 PT reinforcing and nerve regeneration
 XX
 PS Claim 1; Page 12; 14pp; Japanese.
 XX
 CC The present invention describes a material for medical treatment which
 CC comprises one or more peptides of the formula XADEGJLMProQY, or their
 CC salts, immobilised on a substrate: where X = H, CH3CO or CH3COLys;
 CC A = Ser or Thr; D = Ile, Val or Leu; E = Lys or Arg; G = Ile, Val or
 CC Leu; J = Gly or Ala; L = Ile, Val or Leu; M = Gly or Ala; Q = Gly, Ala
 CC or Gly-Lys-Lys-Gly; Y = OH or NH2. Also described is an agent for cell
 CC growth promotion and/or cell adhesion promotion containing the above
 CC peptide or its salt as the active component. The peptide and its salt
 CC can be used for covering injuries, promoting adhesion of biotissues,
 CC bone reinforcing and nerve regeneration. The present sequence represents
 CC a specifically claimed peptide of the present invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 23 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 20; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
| | | | | | | | | |
DB 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 3
AAB12893
ID AAB12893 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
XX
AC AAB12893;
XX
DT 02-NOV-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE Nerve tissue regenerative peptide SEQ ID #8.
XX
KW Nerve regeneration; nerve cell proliferation; axon extension; treatment;
central nervous system disorder; peripheral nervous system disorder;
KW spinal disorder; head injury; cerebrovascular disorder.
XX
OS Synthetic.
XX
PN JP2000143531-A.
XX
PD 23-MAY-2000.
XX
PF 11-AUG-1999; 99JP-0227108.
XX
PR 09-SEP-1998; 98JP-0270498.
XX
PA (KUBS) KURARAY CO LTD.
PA (NISHI) NISHIMURA Y.
PA (SUZU) SUZUKI Y.
PA (TANI) TANIHARA M.
XX
DR WPI; 2000-415772/36.
XX
PT New nerve regeneration material -
PS Claim 2; Page 5; 17pp; Japanese.
XX
CC This invention relates to a new nerve regenerative material which
contains a peptide immobilised to a base which consists of a
CC polysaccharide gel such as alginate acid. Sequences AAB12886-B12899
CC represent examples of the peptides used in the nerve regeneration
CC material. The peptide containing material causes nerve cell
CC proliferation and also causes axonal extension. The material can be used
CC for the treatment of central or peripheral nervous system disorders,
CC spinal disorders, head injury or cerebrovascular disorders.
XX
SQ Sequence 23 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 21; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
| | | | | | | | | |

DB 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 4
AAB70363
ID AAB70363 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
XX
AC AAB70363;
XX
DT 02-MAY-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Human thrombin receptor binding domain peptide SEQ ID NO:8.
XX
KW Neutrophil cell chemotactic; wound healing; inflammation; vulnery;
antiinflammatory.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN US6184342-B1.
XX
PD 06-FEB-2001.
XX
PF 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX
PR 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX
PA (CHRY-) CHRYXALIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
XX
PI Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-202003/20.
XX
PT New synthetic neutrophil cell chemotactic peptides, useful for
generating antibodies for modulating neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
PT response and wound healing -
PS Example 2; Column 6; 15pp; English.
XX
CC The present invention describes a synthetic peptide (I) which is a
neutrophil cell chemotactic agent. (I) has vulnerary and
CC antiinflammatory activities. (I) is useful as a potent neutrophil cell
chemotactic agent and for generating antibodies against the peptides,
CC which are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site
for enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects of wound
CC healing. Neutrophil response to (I) is specific, since monocytes and
CC fibroblasts do not show any expression of the receptor to which (I)
CC binds. The present sequence represents a human thrombin receptor binding
CC domain peptide which is used in an example from the present invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 23 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 22; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
| | | | | | | | | |

Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 5
AAE22563
ID AAE22563 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
XX
AC AAE22563;
XX
DT 26-JUL-2002 (first entry)
XX
DE Human thrombin high affinity receptor binding domain.
XX
KW Human; proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin; neutrophil;
KW chemotactic agent; PAR1; inflammation; wound healing; chemotaxis;
KW immune response; vulnery; thrombin; receptor binding domain.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN US2002032314-A1.
XX
PD 14-MAR-2002.
XX
PF 05-FEB-2001; 2001US-0777328.
XX
PR 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX
PA (CHRY-) CHRYSLIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
XX
PI Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
XX
DR WPI; 2002-371207/40.
XX
XX New synthetic peptide neutrophil cell chemotactic agents, useful for
PT stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration,
PT particularly for modulating neutrophil recruitment during immune
PT response or in wound healing -
XX
PS Example 2; Page 3; 15pp; English.
XX
CC The present invention relates to novel synthetic peptides and antibodies
CC which are potent chemotactic agents for neutrophils. The peptides of the
CC invention mimic the activity and role of the cleavage fragment of the
CC proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin (PAR1). They are useful
CC for stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration or
CC for generating an antibody. In particular, the peptides of the invention
CC are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site for
CC enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects in wound healing.
CC They are also useful for modulated neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
CC response. The present sequence is high affinity receptor binding
CC domain of human thrombin. This peptide is used in the exemplification
CC of the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 23 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 6
AAE20159
ID AAE20159 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
XX
AC AAE20159;
XX
DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
XX
DE Human thrombin peptide derivative #2.
XX
KW Cartilage growth; cartilage repair; arthritic joint; traumatic injury;
KW non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor; NPAR; chondrocyte;
KW therapy; implantation; thrombin peptide; human.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200207748-A2.
XX
PD 31-JAN-2002.
XX
PF 19-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22668.
XX
PR 20-JUL-2000; 2000US-219800P.
XX
PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
XX
PI Carney DH, Crowther RS, Stiernberg J, Bergmann J;
XX
DR WPI; 2002-268933/31.
XX
PT Stimulating growth and repair of cartilage, useful for treating e.g.
PT arthritis, by local administration of an agonist of non-proteolytically
PT activated thrombin receptor -
XX
PS Claim 12; Page 25; 28pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a method of stimulating growth and repair of
CC cartilage. The method involves administering to the site, an agonist
CC of non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor (NPAR). The method
CC is used in human or veterinary medicine for the treatment of arthritic
CC joints and damage/loss of cartilage caused by traumatic injury. Also
CC chondrocytes may be cultured in presence of NPAR agonist to provide
CC cells for implantation at sites requiring growth/repair of cartilage.
CC The present sequence is human thrombin peptide derivative which serves
CC as a NPAR agonist.
XX
SQ Sequence 23 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 ~~~~~  
 Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 7  
 AAU78376  
 ID AAU78376 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAU78376;  
 XX  
 XX 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Thrombin peptide derivative TP508.  
 XX  
 KW Thrombin; osteopathic; receptor; agonist; bone growth stimulation;  
 KW osteoinduction; farm animal; companion animal; laboratory animal;  
 KW bone graft; segmental bone gap; bone void; non-union fracture.  
 XX  
 OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers  
 FH Misc-difference 3 /label= Unknown  
 FT  
 FT  
 XX WO200205836-A2.  
 XX  
 XX 24-JAN-2002.  
 PD  
 XX  
 XX 18-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22641.  
 PF  
 XX 19-JUL-2000; 2000US-219300P.  
 PR  
 XX (TEXA ) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.  
 PA  
 XX Carney DH, Crowther RS, Simmons DJ, Yang J, Redin WF;  
 FI WPI; 2002-303796/34.  
 DR  
 XX Stimulating bone growth at a site in a subject in need of  
 PT osteoinduction, such as a site of bone graft, segmental bone gap, bone  
 PT void or non-union structure, by administering agonist of activated  
 FT thrombin receptor -  
 XX  
 XX Claim 11; Page 22; 27pp; English.  
 PS  
 XX The invention describes a method of stimulating bone growth at a site  
 CC in a subject in need of osteoinduction. The method involves administering  
 CC an agonist to stimulate bone growth at a site in a subject (e.g. a farm  
 CC animal, companion animal or laboratory animal), in need of  
 CC osteoinduction, such as the site in need of a bone graft in a subject, a  
 CC segmental bone gap, a bone void or a non-union fracture. This sequence  
 CC represents a thrombin peptide derivative obtained from a serine esterase  
 CC that can stimulate or activate the non-proteolytically activated thrombin  
 CC receptor.

XX Sequence 23 AA;  
 SQ Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 23;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;  
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12  
 ~~~~~  
 Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 8
 AAM50858
 ID AAM50858 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.
 XX
 AC AAM50858;
 XX
 DT 01-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Thrombin-derived peptide used to promote cardiac tissue repair.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; revascularisation; vascular occlusion; tissue repair;
 KW vulneryary; vasotropic; cardiant; angiogenesis; restenosis;
 KW therapy; human.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 FH Peptide 10..13
 FT /note= "thrombin receptor binding domain"
 FT Peptide 12..23
 FT /note= "serine esterase conserved sequence"
 XX
 XX WO200204008-A2.
 PN
 XX 17-JAN-2002.
 PD
 XX
 XX 12-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US21944.
 PF
 XX 12-JUL-2000; 2000US-217583P.
 PR
 XX (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 PA
 XX Carney DH;
 FI WPI; 2002-179665/23.
 DR
 XX Promoting cardiac tissue repair, stimulating revascularisation,
 PT stimulating vascular endothelial cell proliferation, and inhibiting
 PT vascular occlusion by using angiogenic thrombin derivative peptide -
 XX
 PS Claim 4; Page 19; 24pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present peptide comprises a thrombin-derived peptide, TP508,
 CC that includes a thrombin receptor binding domain sequence (see also
 CC AAM50856) and a serine esterase conserved sequence (see also

CC AAV50857). The peptide is used in a claimed method for promoting
CC cardiac tissue repair. It is administered during or following
CC cardiac surgery by injection into cardiac tissue, and may be
CC formulated as a sustained release formulation. The thrombin
CC derivative peptide is also used in claimed methods of stimulating
CC revascularization, stimulating vascular endothelial cell
CC proliferation, inhibiting vascular occlusion, and inhibiting
CC restenosis following balloon angioplasty, in which case it may be
CC coated onto the catheter.
XX
XX Sequence 23 AA;
XX
XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 23; Length 23;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
XX Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
XX | | | | | | | | | |
XX Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23
XX
XX RESULT 9
XX ABP72755
XX ID ABP72755 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.
XX AC ABP72755;
XX XX
XX 11-JUN-2003 (first entry)
XX XX
XX DE Antiulcer peptide derived from human thrombin.
XX KW Antiulcer; human; thrombin.
XX XX
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX XX
XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers
XX FT Modified-site 1
XX FT /note= "N-terminal H or R3-C(O), where R3 is H or
XX FT a Cl-C6 alkyl group"
XX FT Misc-difference 3
XX FT /note= "given as Try in the specification"
XX FT Modified-site 23
XX FT /note= "C-terminal OH or NR4R5, where R4 and R5 are
XX FT independently H, a Cl-C6 alkyl group or,
XX FT taken together with the N atom to which they
XX FT are bonded, a non-aromatic heterocyclic
XX FT group"
XX FT Modified-site 1..23
XX FT /note= "0, 1, 2 or 3 amino acids at positions 1-9
XX FT and 14-23 differ from the given sequence
XX FT e.g. are conservative substitutions of the
XX FT amino acid at the corresponding position of
XX FT this sequence"
XX PN W02003013569-A2.
XX XX

PD 20-FEB-2003.
XX
XX PF 16-JAN-2002; 2002WO-US01151.
XX
XX PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001US-308198P.
XX
XX PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
XX
XX PI Carney DH;
XX
XX DR WPI; 2003-289898/28.
XX
XX PT Promoting healing of chronic dermal skin ulcer such as diabetic ulcer,
XX on a subject, by contacting the skin ulcer with an agonist of
XX PT non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor -
XX
XX PS Claim 1; Page 14; 19pp; English.
XX
XX CC The present sequence is that of a human thrombin-derived peptide
XX based on prothrombin amino acid residues 508-530. The peptide acts
XX as an agonist of the non-proteolytically activated thrombin
XX receptor and has antiulcer activity. A claimed method of promoting
XX healing of a chronic dermal skin ulcer on a subject comprises
XX contacting the ulcer with an effective amount of this peptide, or an
XX N-terminal truncated fragment of it having at least 14 amino acids,
XX or a C-terminal truncated fragment of it having at least 18 amino
XX acids. Preferably, the peptide has -H at the N-terminus and -NH2 or
XX -OH at the C-terminus. An example is peptide TP508 (see ABP72757),
XX which was shown in an example from the invention to accelerate
XX the healing of chronic diabetic ulcers and to increase the
XX percentage of ulcer closure. The thrombin-derived peptides of the
XX invention can be used to treat a chronic dermal skin ulcer,
XX especially a diabetic ulcer, decubitus ulcer, venous stasis ulcer
XX or an arterial ulcer on a human, a companion animal, farm animal or
XX laboratory animal. They are inexpensive to produce and cause few,
XX if any, side effects.
XX
XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;
XX
XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 24; Length 23;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
XX Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
XX | | | | | | | | | |
XX Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23
XX
XX RESULT 10
XX ABP72757
XX ID ABP72757 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.
XX
XX AC ABP72757;
XX
XX XX
XX DT 11-JUN-2003 (first entry)
XX
XX DE Antiulcer peptide TP508 derived from human thrombin.

XX KW Antiulcer; human; thrombin.
 XX OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 3 /note= "given as Try in the specification"
 FT Modified-site 23 /note= "C-terminal amide"
 FT WO2003013569-A2.
 XX PN 20-FEB-2003.
 XX PD 16-JAN-2002; 2002WO-US01151.
 XX PF 27-JUL-2001; 2001US-308198P.
 XX PR (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX PA Carney DH;
 XX PI WPI; 2003-289898/28.
 XX DR Promoting healing of chronic dermal skin ulcer such as diabetic ulcer,
 XX PT on a subject, by contacting the skin ulcer with an agonist of
 XX PT non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor -
 XX PS Claim 15; Page 16; 19pp; English.
 XX CC The present sequence is that of a preferred human thrombin-derived
 CC peptide of the invention that is based on prothrombin amino acid
 CC residues 509-530. It is denoted TP508. The peptide acts as an
 CC agonist of the non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor and
 CC has antiulcer activity. In an example from the invention, TP508
 CC was shown to accelerate the healing of chronic diabetic ulcers and
 CC to increase the percentage of ulcer closure. The antiulcer
 CC peptides of the invention can be used to treat a chronic dermal
 CC skin ulcer, especially a diabetic ulcer, decubitus ulcer, venous
 CC stasis ulcer or an arterial ulcer on a human, a companion animal,
 CC farm animal or laboratory animal. The peptides are inexpensive to
 CC produce and cause few, if any, side effects.
 XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 24; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 Db 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23
 RESULT 11

ABP72760 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.
 XX AC ABP72760;
 XX DT 11-JUN-2003 (first entry)
 XX DE Human thrombin peptide fragment.
 XX KW Antiulcer; human; thrombin.
 XX OS Homo sapiens.
 XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 3 /note= "given as Try in the specification"
 FT WO2003013569-A2.
 XX PN 20-FEB-2003.
 XX PF 16-JAN-2002; 2002WO-US01151.
 XX PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001US-308198P.
 XX PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX PI Carney DH;
 XX DR WPI; 2003-289898/28.
 XX PT Promoting healing of chronic dermal skin ulcer such as diabetic ulcer,
 XX PT on a subject, by contacting the skin ulcer with an agonist of
 XX PT non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor -
 XX PS Disclosure; Page 3; 19pp; English.
 XX CC The present sequence is that of a human thrombin-derived peptide
 CC comprising prothrombin amino acid residues 509-530. The invention
 CC provides peptides based on this sequence (see ABP72755-59) that act
 CC as agonists of the non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor
 CC and which have antiulcer activity. One of these thrombin-derived
 CC peptides (see ABP72756) was shown to accelerate the healing of
 CC chronic diabetic ulcers and to increase the percentage of ulcer
 CC closure. The peptides of the invention can be used to treat a
 CC chronic dermal skin ulcer, especially a diabetic ulcer, decubitus
 CC ulcer, venous stasis ulcer or an arterial ulcer on a human, a
 CC companion animal, farm animal or laboratory animal. They are
 CC inexpensive to produce and cause few, if any, side effects.
 XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 24; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0051;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

DB 12 DACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 RESULT 12
 ABP72758
 ID ABP72758 standard; Peptide; 33 AA.
 AC ABP72758;
 XX
 DT 11-JUN-2003 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Antiulcer peptide derived from human thrombin.
 KW Antiulcer; human; thrombin.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified-site 1 /note= "N-terminal H or R3-C(O), where R3 is H or
 FT a Cl-C6 alkyl group"
 FT Misc-difference 8 /note= "given as Try in the specification"
 FT Modified-site 33 /note= "C-terminal OH or NR4R5, where R4 and R5 are
 FT independently H, a Cl-C6 alkyl group or,
 FT taken together with the N atom to which they
 FT are bonded, a non-aromatic heterocyclic
 FT group"
 FT Modified-site 1..33 /note= "0, 1, 2 or 3 amino acids at positions 1-14
 FT and 19-33 differ from the given sequence
 FT e.g. are conservative substitutions of the
 FT amino acid at the corresponding position of
 FT this sequence"
 PN WO2003013569-A2.
 XX
 PD 20-FEB-2003.
 XX
 PF 16-JAN-2002; 2002WO-US01151.
 XX
 PR 27-JUL-2001; 2001US-306198P.
 XX
 PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX
 PI Carney DH;
 XX
 XX WPI; 2003-289598/28.
 DR
 XX
 PT Promoting healing of chronic dermal skin ulcer such as diabetic ulcer,
 PT on a subject, by contacting the skin ulcer with an agonist of
 PT non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor -
 XX
 PS Claim 17; Page 16; 19pp; English.

XX The present sequence is that of a human thrombin-derived peptide
 CC that acts as an agonist of the non-proteolytically activated thrombin
 CC receptor. It has antiulcer activity. A claimed method of promoting
 CC healing of a chronic dermal skin ulcer on a subject comprises
 CC contacting the ulcer with an effective amount of this peptide, or an
 CC N-terminal truncated fragment of it having at least 14 amino acids,
 CC or a C-terminal truncated fragment of it having at least 18 amino
 CC acids. Preferably, the peptide has -H at the N-terminus and -NH2 or
 CC -OH at the C-terminus. The thrombin-derived peptides of the
 CC invention accelerate the healing of chronic diabetic ulcers and
 CC increase the percentage of ulcer closure. They can be used to
 CC treat a chronic dermal skin ulcer, especially a diabetic ulcer,
 CC decubitus ulcer, venous stasis ulcer or an arterial ulcer on a
 CC human, a companion animal, farm animal or laboratory animal. The
 CC peptides are inexpensive to produce and cause few, if any, side
 CC effects.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 33 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 24; Length 33;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0071;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 Db 17 DACEGDSGGPFV 28
 |||||
 RESULT 13
 AAW99113
 ID AAW99113 standard; protein; 111 AA.
 XX
 AC AAW99113;
 XX
 DT 14-MAY-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Bovine zeta 2 prethrombin 2.
 XX
 KW Prothrombin; excise assay; anticoagulant; blood clot; thrombin;
 KW cardiovascular disease; stroke; haematological disorder.
 XX
 OS Bos sp.
 XX
 PN WO955130-A1.
 XX
 PD 10-DEC-1998.
 XX
 PF 28-MAY-1998; 98WO-US10840.
 XX
 PR 08-APR-1998; 98US-0081030.
 PR 06-JUN-1997; 97US-0048864.
 XX
 PA (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.
 XX
 PI Krishnaswamy S;
 XX

DR WPI; 1999-070237/06.

XX Exosite assay for agents that inhibit catalytic cleavage of

PT prothrombin - at sites away from the active site of prothrombinase,

PT also new inhibitors, potentially useful as anticoagulants

XX

XX Disclosure; Page 42-43; 61pp; English.

XX

CC An exosite assay has been developed for inhibition of the catalytic

CC cleavage of prothrombin (PTH) to thrombin (Th) by prothrombinase (I), at

CC a site remote from the catalytic site of (I) comprises: (a) preparing a

CC solution containing 0.05-20 μ M substrate (S), that includes a protease

CC cleavage site and exosite-binding determinant; 0.05-200 nM factor Va;

CC 30-500 μ M phospholipids (PL); test inhibitor (A) in buffer of pH

CC 7-9, containing 1-10 mM calcium ions but no calcium-chelating agent;

CC (b) initiating catalytic cleavage of (S) by adding an aliquot of factor

CC Xa (to final concentration 0.05-200 nM) so that there is an excess of Va

CC over Xa, forming a S/(I) complex; (c) withdrawing aliquots of the

CC reaction mixture, quenching them; and (d) assaying for concentration of

CC Th. Alternatively, in the initial solution S is replaced by the same

CC concentration of Xa (less than the amount of Va), and reaction is started

CC by adding S. Also described in the present invention are inhibitors (A') are

CC having IC50 less than 1 μ M identified by this assay. (A') are

CC potentially useful as a new class of anticoagulants for treatment of

CC cardiovascular disease, stroke and haematological disorders. The method

CC is based on the finding that exosite interactions are critical for

CC substrate specificity in catalytic formation of Th. The present sequence

CC represents bovine zeta 2 prethrombin 2.

XX

SQ Sequence 111 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 20; Length 111;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.021;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

DB 51 DACEGDSGGPFV 62

RESULT 14

AAW99115

ID AAW99115 standard; protein; 116 AA.

XX

AC AAW99115;

XX

DI 14-MAY-1999 (first entry)

XX

DE Human zeta 2 prethrombin 2.

XX

KW Prothrombin; exosite assay; anticoagulant; blood clot; thrombin;

KW cardiovascular disease; stroke; haematological disorder.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

FN W0985130-AL.

XX

PD 10-DEC-1998.

XX

PF 28-MAY-1998; 98WO-US10840.

XX

PR 08-APR-1998; 98US-0081030.

PR 06-JUN-1997; 97US-0048864.

XX

XX (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.

PA

XX Krishnaswamy S;

XX

XX WPI; 1999-070237/06.

XX

PT Exosite assay for agents that inhibit catalytic cleavage of

PT prothrombin - at sites away from the active site of prothrombinase,

PT also new inhibitors, potentially useful as anticoagulants

XX

PS Disclosure; Page 44-45; 61pp; English.

XX

XX An exosite assay has been developed for inhibition of the catalytic

CC cleavage of prothrombin (PTH) to thrombin (Th) by prothrombinase (I), at

CC a site remote from the catalytic site of (I) comprises: (a) preparing a

CC solution containing 0.05-20 μ M substrate (S), that includes a protease

CC cleavage site and exosite-binding determinant; 0.05-200 nM factor Va;

CC 30-500 μ M phospholipids (PL); test inhibitor (A) in buffer of pH

CC 7-9, containing 1-10 mM calcium ions but no calcium-chelating agent;

CC (b) initiating catalytic cleavage of (S) by adding an aliquot of factor

CC Xa (to final concentration 0.05-200 nM) so that there is an excess of Va

CC over Xa, forming a S/(I) complex; (c) withdrawing aliquots of the

CC reaction mixture, quenching them; and (d) assaying for concentration of

CC Th. Alternatively, in the initial solution S is replaced by the same

CC concentration of Xa (less than the amount of Va), and reaction is started

CC by adding S. Also described in the present invention are inhibitors (A') are

CC having IC50 less than 1 μ M identified by this assay. (A') are

CC potentially useful as a new class of anticoagulants for treatment of

CC cardiovascular disease, stroke and haematological disorders. The method

CC is based on the finding that exosite interactions are critical for

CC substrate specificity in catalytic formation of Th. The present sequence

CC represents human zeta 2 prethrombin 2.

XX

SQ Sequence 116 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 20; Length 116;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.021;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

DB 56 DACEGDSGGPFV 67

RESULT 15

AAW11545

ID AAW11545 standard; Protein; 259 AA.

XX

AC AAW11545;

XX

CC been produced by modifying the wild-type sequence of human
 CC prothrombin which appears in figure 1).

XX
 XX
 SQ Sequence 259 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 18; Length 259;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.044;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 |||||
 Db 199 DACEGDSGGPFV 210

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:53:24
 Job time : 25.9355 secs

DT 01-OCT-1997 (first entry)
 DE Human thrombin Asn99 mutant.
 XX
 XX Prothrombin; mutant; muten; platelet aggregation; blood clotting;
 KW coagulation; reduce; decrease; hirudin; heparin; anti-thrombin III;
 KW antagonist; D98N.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Protein 1..259
 FT /label= thrombin_Asn99
 FT Misc-difference 99
 FT /note= "Wild-type Asp residue has been replaced by
 FT Asn"
 XX
 XX WO9641868-A2.
 XX
 XX 27-DEC-1996.
 XX
 XX 12-JUN-1996; 96WO-AT00105.
 XX
 XX 13-JUN-1995; 95AT-0001006.
 XX
 XX (IMMO) IMMUNO AG.
 XX
 XX Bibl J, Falkner F, Fischer B, Mitterer A, Schlokot U;
 XX WPI; 1997-065455/06.
 XX
 XX Prothrombin mutants with reduced clotting activity - useful as
 XX antagonists of thrombin inhibitors or for anticoagulant therapy
 XX
 XX Example 3; Page -; 73pp; German.
 XX
 XX Prothrombin mutants having one or more changes in amino acid sequence
 XX compared with the natural protein and having 0-10% (preferably 0-0.25%)
 XX of the activity of the natural protein are claimed, provided that the
 XX changes in amino acid sequence do not affect the capacity of the
 XX mutants to bind to specific ligands and receptors. The mutants have
 XX greatly reduced clotting activity and are useful as antagonists of
 XX thrombin inhibitors such as hirudin, heparin and anti-thrombin III.
 XX The mutations may also result in changes to the in vivo half-life
 XX of prothrombin. The half-life may be reduced to less than 10 minutes
 XX or the mutant prothrombin may have an extended half-life of more than
 XX 1 hour, making it useful as an anticoagulant and to inhibit side-
 XX effects of anti-coagulant treatment. They are converted to inactive
 XX thrombin and are able to compete with native, active thrombin for
 XX binding to receptors. The present sequence represents the thrombin
 XX mutant which is derived by trypsin cleavage of a specifically
 XX claimed human prothrombin mutant in which Asp at position 419 is
 XX changed to Asn. The thrombin Asn99 mutant was found to have only
 XX 0.24% of the activity of wild-type thrombin on a chromogenic
 XX substrate.
 XX (Note: This sequence does not appear in the specification and has

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:49:07 ; Search time 8.12903 Seconds
(without alignments)
141.963 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-2
Perfect score: 69
Sequence: 1 DACEGSGGPFV 12

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283308 seqs, 96168682 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283308

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

PIR 76: *
1: pir1: *
2: pir2: *
3: pir3: *
4: pir4: *

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	69	100.0	234	2 F42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
2	69	100.0	235	2 D42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
3	69	100.0	235	2 E42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
4	69	100.0	236	2 C42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
5	69	100.0	236	2 I42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
6	69	100.0	239	2 G42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
7	69	100.0	617	2 S10511	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
8	69	100.0	618	2 A35827	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
9	69	100.0	622	1 TBHU	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
10	69	100.0	625	1 TBO	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
11	66	95.7	417	1 S00843	hepsin (EC 3.4.21.
12	66	95.7	1524	2 T30337	polyprotein - Afri
13	63	91.3	235	2 H42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2

14	63	91.3	456	1 KXBO	protein C (activat
15	63	91.3	461	1 KXBU	protein C (activat
16	60	87.0	254	2 S65465	trypsin-like prote
17	60	87.0	256	1 IRF	trypsin-like prote
18	60	87.0	264	2 S32794	trypsin-like prote
19	60	87.0	267	2 S40006	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
20	60	87.0	271	2 S41308	serine proteinase
21	60	87.0	274	2 S35339	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
22	60	87.0	275	2 S40007	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
23	60	87.0	275	2 S40005	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
24	60	87.0	277	2 S35340	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
25	60	87.0	285	2 T35195	probable serine pr
26	60	87.0	394	2 JS0600	t-plasminogen acti
27	60	87.0	431	2 JS0600	t-plasminogen acti
28	60	87.0	461	1 S18994	protein C (activat
29	60	87.0	461	1 JX0210	protein C (activat
30	60	87.0	477	1 A34369	t-plasminogen acti
31	60	87.0	477	2 JS0597	t-plasminogen acti
32	60	87.0	477	2 JS0598	t-plasminogen acti
33	60	87.0	559	1 A35029	t-plasminogen acti
34	60	87.0	559	1 A29941	t-plasminogen acti
35	60	87.0	562	1 UKFUT	t-plasminogen acti
36	60	87.0	593	2 S45281	coagulation factor
37	60	87.0	603	2 S28941	coagulation factor
38	60	87.0	615	1 KFHU12	coagulation factor
39	59	85.5	161	2 I62744	coagulation factor
40	59	85.5	161	2 I48158	coagulation factor
41	59	85.5	285	2 T15451	hypothetical prote
42	59	85.5	275	2 I46712	factor IX - rabbit
43	59	85.5	282	2 I84621	coagulation factor
44	59	85.5	434	1 A35005	u-plasminogen acti
45	59	85.5	459	2 JQ0419	coagulation factor

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

F42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - Cynops pyrogastor (fire-bellied newt)
(fragment)
C:Species: Cynops pyrogastor (fire-bellied newt)
C:Date: 19-Mar-1997 #sequence_revision 19-Dec-1997 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C:Accession: F42696
R:Banfield, D.K.; Macgillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A:Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A:Reference number: A42696; MUID:192212913; PMID:1557383
A:Note: sequence not
A:Accession: F42696
A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual translation
A:Molecule type: mRNA
A:Residues: 1-234 <BAN>
A:Cross-references: GB:MG1395
C:Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 234;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00051;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
Db 174 DACEGDSGGPFV 185

RESULT 2

D42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - chicken (fragment)
C;Species: Gallus gallus (chicken)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C;Accession: D42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: D42696
A;Status: preliminary
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-235 <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81391
C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F;1-226/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
Db 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 3

E42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - tokay (fragment)
C;Species: Gekko gekko (tokay)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C;Accession: E42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: E42696
A;Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual translation
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-235 <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81392

C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F;1-226/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
Db 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 4

C42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - rabbit (fragment)
C;Species: Oryctolagus cuniculus (domestic rabbit)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C;Accession: C42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: C42696
A;Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual translation
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-236 <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81396
C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F;1-227/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 236;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
Db 176 DACEGDSGGPFV 187

RESULT 5

I42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - Pacific hagfish (fragment)
C;Species: Eptatretus stouti (Pacific hagfish)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C;Accession: I42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: I42696
A;Status: preliminary; not compared with conceptual translation
A;Molecule type: mRNA

A;Residues: 1-236 <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81393
A;Note: nucleotide translation not given
C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F;1-226/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 236;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 6
G42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - rainbow trout (fragment)
C;Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 22-Jun-1999
C;Accession: G42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: G42696
A;Status: preliminary
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-239 <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81398; NID:213486; PID:AAA49433.1; PID:g213487
C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F;1-226/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 239;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00052;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 7
S10511
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor - rat
C;Species: Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
C;Date: 07-May-1993 #sequence_revision 07-May-1993 #text_change 03-May-2002
C;Accession: S10511; A60576; B42696
R;Dihanich, M.; Monard, D.
Nucleic Acids Res. 18, 4251, 1990
A;Title: cDNA sequence of rat prothrombin.
A;Reference number: S10511; MUID:90332426; PMID:2377469
A;Accession: S10511
A;Molecule type: mRNA

A;Residues: 1-617 <DIH>
A;Cross-references: EMBL:X52835; NID:g56969; PIDN:CAA37017.1; PID:g56970
R;Henrikson, K.P.; Jazin, E.E.; Greenwood, J.A.; Dickerman, H.W.
Endocrinology 126, 167-175, 1990
A;Title: Prothrombin levels are increased in the estrogen-treated immature rat uterus.
A;Reference number: A60576; MUID:90091942; PMID:2293980
A;Accession: A60576
A;Molecule type: protein
A;Residues: 44-58 <HEN>
A;Note: the authors purified the proenzyme from the estrogen-stimulated maturing rat uterus and demonstrated it to be prothrombin
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: B42696
A;Status: preliminary
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 383-617, 'E' <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81397
C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxylglutamic acid; glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; serine proteinase
F;1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F;25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
F;28-88/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>
F;44-617/Product: prothrombin #status experimental <PMAT>
F;109-187/Domain: kringle homology <XR1>
F;215-292/Domain: kringle homology <XR2>
F;360-609/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F;50,51,58,60,63,64,69,70,73,76/Modified site: gamma-carboxylglutamic acid (Glu) #status predicted
F;61-66,91-104,109-187,130-170,158-182,215-292,236-276,264-287,332-478,387-403,532-546,560-590/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
F;402,456,564/Active site: His, Asp, Ser #status predicted

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 617;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0013;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 358 DACEGDSGGPFV 569

RESULT 8
A35827
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor - mouse
C;Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)
C;Date: 14-Dec-1990 #sequence_revision 14-Dec-1990 #text_change 03-May-2002
C;Accession: A35827; A42696; S12081
R;Degen, S.J.F.; Schaefer, L.A.; Jamison, C.S.; Grant, S.G.; Fitzgibbon, J.J.; Rai, J.A.; Chapman, V.M.; Elliott, R.W.
DNA Cell Biol. 9, 487-498, 1990

A/Title: Characterization of the cDNA coding for mouse prothrombin and localization of the gene on mouse chromosome 2.
A/Reference number: A35827; MUID:91025551; PMID:2222810
A/Accession: A35827
A/Status: preliminary
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 1-618 <DEG>
A/Cross-references: GB:M52308; NID:g53813; PIDN:CAA36548.1; PID:g53814
A/Experimental source: strain C57BL/6
A/Note: The data were obtained from females resulting from the cross of M. domesticus and M. spretus
R/Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A/Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A/Reference number: A42696; MUID:92212913; PMID:11557383
A/Accession: A42696
A/Status: preliminary
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 384-618, 'I' <BAN>
A/Cross-references: GB:M81394
C/Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C/Keywords: blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxylglutamic acid; glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; serine proteinase
F/1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F/25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
F/28-88/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>
F/44-618/Product: prothrombin B #status predicted <WAT>
F/109-187/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>
F/215-293/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F/361-610/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F/50,51,58,60,63,64,69,70,73,76/Modified site: gamma-carboxylglutamic acid (Glu) #status predicted
F/61-66,91-104,109-187,130-170,158-182,215-293,236-276,264-288,333-479,388-404,533-547,561-591/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
F/403,459,563/Active site: His, Asp, Ser #status predicted

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 2; Length 618;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0013;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
Db 559 DACEGDSGGPFV 570

RESULT 9
TBRU
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor [validated] - human
N/Alternate names: coagulation factor II
N/Contains: prothrombin
C/Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C/Date: 30-Nov-1980 #sequence revision 22-Jul-1994 #text change 08-Dec-2000
C/Accession: A29351; A00914; B00914; A37549; A37550; I51952
R/Degen, S.J.F.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 26, 6165-6177, 1987
A/Title: Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.

A/Reference number: A29351; MUID:88077877; PMID:2825773
A/Accession: A29351
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-622 <DEG>
A/Cross-references: GB:M17262; GB:M33691; NID:g558069; PIDN:AAC63054.1; PID:g339641
R/Degen, S.J.F.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 22, 2087-2097, 1983
A/Title: Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene coding for human prothrombin.
A/Reference number: A00914; MUID:83231469; PMID:6305407
A/Accession: A00914
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 8-163, 'N', 165-622 <DE2>
A/Cross-references: GB:V00595; GB:J00307; NID:g37128; PIDN:CAA23842.1; PID:g1335344
A/Accession: B00914
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 188-311 <DE3>
R/Walz, D.A.; Hewitt-Emmett, D.; Seegers, W.H.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74, 1969-1972, 1977
A/Reference number: A37549; MUID:77193964; PMID:266717
A/Accession: A37549
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 44-118, 'N', 120, 'S', 122-163, 'I', 165-175, 'A', 177-182, 'T', 184-193, 'MV', 196-308, 'EP', 309-314 <WAL>
R/Burkowski, R.J.; Eilon, J.; Downing, M.R.; Mann, K.G.
J. Biol. Chem. 252, 4942-4957, 1977
A/Title: Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.
A/Reference number: A37550; MUID:77207112; PMID:873923
A/Accession: A37550
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 315-334, 'N', 336-348, 'N', 350-368, 'N', 370-397, 'N', 399-413, 'N', 415-484, 'N', 486-493, 'G', 495-503, 'Y', 505-508, 'S', 510, 'V', 512-513, 'D', 515-528, 'AL', 531, 'Q', 533-622 <BUT>
R/Rabiet, M.J.; Blashill, A.; Furie, B.; Furie, B.C.
J. Biol. Chem. 261, 13210-13215, 1986
A/Reference number: A37551; MUID:87008532; PMID:3759958
A/Contents: annotation: activation cleavages
R/MacGillivray, R.T.; Irwin, D.M.; Guinto, E.R.; Stone, J.C.
Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. 485, 73-79, 1986
A/Title: Recombinant genetic approaches to functional mapping of thrombin.
A/Reference number: I51952; MUID:87182874; PMID:3471151
A/Accession: I51952
A/Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DDBJ
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 1-2, 'RI', 5-100 <RES>
A/Cross-references: GB:M33031; NID:g190723; PIDN:AAA60220.1; PID:g190724
C/Comment: Thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C.
C/Comment: Prothrombin is activated on the surface of a phospholipid membrane that binds the amino end of prothrombin and factors Va and Xa in calcium-dependent interactions. The activation peptide(s) can be removed either by factor Xa or thrombin; the cleavage into light and heavy chains is by factor Xa. It is not known whether one or two smaller activation peptides, with additional cleavage after 314-Arg, are released in natural blood clotting.

C/Comment: The cleavage after Arg-198, observed in vitro, does not occur in plasma.

C/Comment: The gamma-carboxyglutamyl residues bind calcium ions, result from the carboxylation of glutamyl residues by microsomal vitamin K-dependent carboxylase, and are necessary for calcium-dependent interaction with the negatively charged phospholipid membrane surface.

C/Comment: The prothrombin precursor is synthesized in the liver.

C/Genetics:

A/Gene: GDB:F2

A/Cross-references: GDB:119894; OMIM:176930

A/Map position: 11p11-11q12

A/Introns: 27/1; 80/3; 89/1; 106/1; 141/2; 187/1; 292/1; 335/1; 377/2; 433/2; 491/2; 552/1; 575/3

C/Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

C/Keywords: acute phase; blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxyglutamic acid; duplication; glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; liver; plasma; serine proteinase

F/1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>

F/25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>

F/28-87/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>

F/44-622/Product: prothrombin #status experimental <NAT>

F/44-327/Domain: activation peptide #status experimental <APT>

F/108-186/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>

F/233-291/Domain: kringle homology <KR2>

F/328-363/Product: thrombin light chain #status experimental <LCH>

F/364-622/Product: thrombin heavy chain #status experimental <HCH>

F/364-613/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>

F/49,50,57,59,62,63,68,69,72,75/Modified site: gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Glu) #status experimental

F/60-63,90-103,108-186,129-169,157-181,213-291,234-274,262-286/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

F/121,143/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status predicted

F/336-482,536-550,564-594/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted

F/391-407/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental

F/406,462/Active site: His, Asp #status predicted

F/416/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status experimental

F/568/Active site: Ser #status experimental

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 1; Length 622;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0013;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||

Db 562 DACEGDSGGPFV 573

RESULT 10
TSBO
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor - bovine

C/Species: Bos primigenius taurus (cattle)

C/Date: 24-Apr-1984 #sequence_revision 14-Jul-1994 #text_change 18-Jun-1999

C/Accession: S02537; A00915; A37552; I46045; S67518

F/Rirwin, D.M.; Robertson, K.A.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
J. Mol. Biol. 200, 31-45, 1988

A/Title: Structure and evolution of the bovine prothrombin gene.

A/Reference number: S02537; MUID:88245190; PMID:3379642

A/Accession: S02537

A/Status: not compared with conceptual translation

A/Molecule type: DNA

A/Residues: 1-625 <IRW>

F/MacGillivray, R.T.A.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 23, 1626-1634, 1984

A/Title: Characterization of bovine prothrombin mRNA and its translation product.

A/Reference number: A00915; MUID:84203525; PMID:6326805

A/Accession: A00915

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 1-230, 'H', 232-625 <NAC>

A/Note: 600-Asn was also found

F/Magnusson, S.; Sottrup-Jensen, L.; Petersen, T.E.; Claeys, H.
In Boerhaave Symposium on Prothrombin and Related Coagulation Factors, Hemker, H.C., and Veitkamp, J.J., eds., pp.25-46, Leiden Univ. Press, Leiden, 1975

A/Reference number: A37552

A/Accession: A37552

A/Molecule type: protein

A/Residues: 44-287, 'N', 289-352, 'E', 354, 'Q', 356-548, 'ND', 551-599, 'N', 601-625 <NAG>

A/Note: the evidence for 231-Ser is strong

A/Note: disulfide bonds and carbohydrate binding sites were determined

F/Park, C.H.; Tulinsky, A.
Biochemistry 25, 3977-3982, 1986

A/Title: Three-dimensional structure of the kringle sequence: structure of prothrombin fragment 1

A/Reference number: A37553; MUID:86296631; PMID:3741841

A/Contents: annotation; residues 44-317, X-ray crystallography, 2.8 angstroms

F/Rirwin, D.M.; Ahern, K.G.; Pearson, G.D.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Biochemistry 24, 6854-6861, 1985

A/Title: Characterization of the bovine prothrombin gene.

A/Reference number: A37554; MUID:86077733; PMID:3000440

A/Contents: annotation; gene structure

F/MacGillivray, R.T.; Degen, S.J.; Chandra, T.; Woo, S.L.; Davie, E.W.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 77, 5153-5157, 1980

A/Title: Cloning and analysis of a cDNA coding for bovine prothrombin.

A/Reference number: I46045; MUID:81054926; PMID:6234059

A/Accession: I46045

A/Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 466-599, 'N', 601-625 <NAC>

A/Cross-references: EMBL:V00135; NID:g772; PIDN:CAA23451.1; PID:g808945

F/Pejler, G.; Karlstroem, A.R.; Berg, L.
Eur. J. Biochem. 227, 102-107, 1995

A/Title: Identification of the proteolytic thrombin fragments formed after cleavage with rat mast cell protease 1.

A/Reference number: S67518; MUID:95154277; PMID:7851376

A/Accession: S67518

A/Status: preliminary

A/Molecule type: protein

A/Residues: 318-325/333-338, 'X', 340/367-374/481-484, 'X', 486-488/515-522 <PEJ>

C/Comment: Thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VII, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C.

C/Comment: Prothrombin is activated on the surface of a phospholipid membrane that binds the amino end of prothrombin and factors Va and Xa in calcium-

dependent interactions; factor Xa removes the activation peptide and cleaves the remaining part into light and heavy chains. The activation process starts slowly because factor V itself has to be activated by the initial, small amounts of thrombin.

C/Comment: Thrombin can cleave the amino-terminal activation peptide 1 from prothrombin, prior to its activation by factor Xa.
C/Comment: The gamma-carboxyglutamyl residues bind calcium ions, result from the carboxylation of glutamyl residues by microsomal vitamin K-dependent carboxylase, and are necessary for calcium-dependent interaction with the negatively charged phospholipid membrane surface.

C/Comment: The prothrombin precursor is synthesized in the liver.

C/Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C/Keywords: blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxyglutamic acid; duplication; glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; liver; plasma; serine proteinase
F1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
F28-88/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>
F44-625/Product: prothrombin #status experimental <MPT>
F109-187/Domain: activation peptide 1 #status experimental <PR1>
F200-317/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>
F214-292/Domain: activation peptide 2 #status experimental <PR2>
F318-366/Domain: kringle homology <KR2>
F367-625/Product: thrombin light chain #status experimental <LCH>
F367-616/Domain: thrombin heavy chain #status experimental <HCH>
F367-616/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F500,51,59,60,63,64,69,70,73,76/Modified site: gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Glu) #status experimental
F61-66,91-104,109-187,130-170,158-182,214-292,235-275,263-287,339-485,394-410,535-553,567-597/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental
F120,144,419/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status experimental
F1409,465,571/Active site: His, Asp, Ser #status experimental

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 1; Length 625;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0013;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

DB 565 DACEGDSGGPFV 576

RESULT 11

S00845

hepsin (EC 3.4.21.-) - human

C/Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C/Date: 31-Dec-1988 #sequence_revision 31-Dec-1988 #text_change 18-Jun-1999

C/Accession: S00845

R/Leytus, S.P.; Loeb, K.R.; Hagen, F.S.; Kurachi, K.; Davie, E.W.

Biochemistry 27, 1067-1074, 1988

A/Title: A novel trypsin-like serine protease (hepsin) with a putative

transmembrane domain expressed by human liver and hepatoma cells.

A/Reference number: S00845; XMD:186209431; PMID:2835076

A/Accession: S00845

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 1-417 <LEV>

A/Cross-references: EMBL:X07732; NID:g32063; PID:CAA30558.1; PID:g32064

C/Genetics:

A/Gene: GDB:HPN; TMRSSI; hepsin
A/Cross-references: GDB:135685; OMIM:142440
A/Map position: 19c11-19q13.2
C/Superfamily: hepsin; trypsin homology
C/Keywords: hydrolase; liver; serine proteinase; transmembrane protein
F23-43/Domain: transmembrane #status predicted <TM>
F163-400/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F188-204,291-322-338,349-381/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
F203,257,353/Active site: His, Asp, Ser #status predicted

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 1; Length 417;
Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.0028;
Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

DB 347 DACEGDSGGPFV 358

RESULT 12

T30337

polypeptide - African clawed frog

C/Species: Xenopus laevis (African clawed frog)

C/Date: 22-Oct-1999 #sequence_revision 22-Oct-1999 #text_change 03-Feb-2003

C/Accession: T30337

R/Yang, J.C.; Lindsay, L.L.; Hedrick, J.L.

submitted to the EMBL Data Library, March 1998

A/Description: cDNA cloning of ovocytinase, a chymotrypsin-like protease released

from Xenopus laevis eggs at fertilization.

A/Reference number: Z20829

A/Accession: T30337

A/Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DDBJ

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 1-1524 <YAN>

A/Cross-references: EMBL:U81290; NID:g2981640; PID:g2981641; PID:AA024717.1

C/Superfamily: trypsin related polypeptide; trypsin homology

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 2; Length 1524;
Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.0033;
Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12

DB 241 DACEGDSGGPFV 252

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:56

Job time : 8.12903 secs

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
STRAIN=Sprague-Dawley; TISSU=Liver;
MEDLINE=50332426; PubMed=2377469;
Dihatch M., Motard D.;
"cDNA sequence of rat prothrombin.";
Nucleic Acids Res. 18:4251-4251(1990).
[2]
SEQUENCE OF 363-617 FROM N.A.
TISSU=Liver;
MEDLINE=9221291; PubMed=1557363;

RA Banfield D.K., Macgillivray R.T.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
CC -1- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-I-Gly; activates
CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.
CC -1- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOMAL
CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION
CC OF PROTHROMBIN TO THROMBIN.
CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: PROTHROMBIN IS ACTIVATED ON THE SURFACE OF A
CC PHOSPHOLIPID MEMBRANE THAT BINDS THE AMINO END OF PROTHROMBIN &
CC FACTORS VA & XA IN CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTIONS; FACTOR XA REMOVES
CC THE ACTIVATION PEPTIDE & CLEAVES THE REMAINING PART INTO LIGHT &
CC HEAVY CHAINS. THE ACTIVATION PROCESS STARTS SLOWLY BECAUSE FACTOR
CC V ITSELF HAS TO BE ACTIVATED BY THE INITIAL, SMALL AMOUNTS OF
CC THROMBIN.
CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: THROMBIN CAN ITSELF CLEAVE THE AMINO TERMINAL
CC FRAGMENT (FRAGMENT 1) OF THE PROTHROMBIN, PRIOR TO ITS ACTIVATION
CC BY FACTOR XA.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 2 kringle domains.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR ENBL; X52835; CAA37017.1; -.
DR EMBL; M81397; AAA42240.1; -.
DR PIR; S10311; S10311.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1UVS.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR002383; GLA_blood.
DR InterPro; IPR000001; Kringle.
DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_prtase_Try.
DR InterPro; IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
DR Pfam; PF00594; Gla; 1.
DR Pfam; PF00031; kringle; 2.
DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR PRINTS; PR00001; GLABLOOD.
DR PRINTS; PR00018; KRINGLE.
DR PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
DR ProDom; PD000395; Kringle; 2.
DR SMART; SM00069; GLA; 1.
DR SMART; SM00130; KR; 2.
DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00011; GLU CARBOXYLATION; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
DR PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
DR PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPsin_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPsin_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPsin_SER; 1.
KW Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;
KW Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxyglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;
KW Hydrolyase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal.
FT SIGNAL 1 24 POTENTIAL.
FT PROPEP 25 43
FT CHAIN 44 617 PROTHROMBIN.
FT PEPTIDE 44 200 ACTIVATION PEPTIDE (FRAGMENT 1).
FT PEPTIDE 201 323 ACTIVATION PEPTIDE (FRAGMENT 2).
FT CHAIN 324 359 THROMBIN LIGHT CHAIN (A).
FT CHAIN 360 617 THROMBIN HEAVY CHAIN (B).
FT DONAIN 109 197 KRINGLE 1.
FT DONAIN 215 292 KRINGLE 2.
FT DONAIN 360 617 SERINE PROTEASE.
FT SITE 200 201 CLEAVAGE (BY THROMBIN).
FT SITE 323 324 CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).
FT SITE 359 360 CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).
FT ACT_SITE 402 402 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT_SITE 458 458 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT_SITE 564 564 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT MOD_RES 50 50 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 51 51 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 58 58 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 60 60 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 63 63 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 64 64 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 69 69 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 70 70 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 73 73 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 76 76 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT CARBOHYD 120 120 N-LINKED (GLNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 144 144 N-LINKED (GLNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 412 412 N-LINKED (GLNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 552 552 N-LINKED (GLNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT DISULFID 61 66 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 91 104 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 109 187 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 130 170 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 158 182 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 215 292 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 236 276 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 264 287 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 332 478 INTERCHAIN (BY SIMILARITY).
FT DISULFID 387 403 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 532 546 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 560 590 BY SIMILARITY.
SQ SEQUENCE 617 AA; 70411 MW; AD27D1B71445DBID CRC64;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 1; Length 617;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00031;

Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||

Db 538 DACEGDSGGPFV 569

RESULT 2

THR_MOUSE

AC P19221; STANDARD; PRT; 618 AA.

DT 01-NOV-1990 (Rel. 16, Created)

DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last sequence update)

DE Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5).

GN F2 OR CF2.

OS Mus musculus (Mouse).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Euthera; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.

OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=C57BL/6; TISSUE=Liver;

RX MEDLINE=91025551; PubMed=2222810;

RA Friesner Degen S.J., Schaffer L.A., Jamison C.S., Grant S.G.,

RA Fitzgibbon J.J., Pai J.-A., Chapman V.M., Elliott R.W.;

RT "Characterization of the cDNA coding for mouse prothrombin and

RT localization of the gene on mouse chromosome 2.,"

RL DNA Cell Biol. 9:487-498(1990).

RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE OF 384-618 FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE=Liver;

RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;

RA Banfield D.K., Macgillivray R.T.;

RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:

RT amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from

RT nine different species.,"

RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).

CC -1- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS

CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,

CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.

CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-I-Gly; activates

CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.

CC -1- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,

CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOmal

CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES

CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY

CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION

CC OF PROTHROMBIN TO THROMBIN.

CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: PROTHROMBIN IS ACTIVATED ON THE SURFACE OF A

CC PHOSPHOLIPID MEMBRANE THAT BINDS THE AMINO END OF PROTHROMBIN &

CC FACTORS VA & XA IN CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTIONS; FACTOR XA REMOVES

CC THE ACTIVATION PEPTIDE & CLEAVES THE REMAINING PART INTO LIGHT &

CC HEAVY CHAINS. THE ACTIVATION PROCESS STARTS SLOWLY BECAUSE FACTOR

CC V ITSELF HAS TO BE ACTIVATED BY THE INITIAL, SMALL AMOUNTS OF

CC THROMBIN.

CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: THROMBIN CAN ITSELF CLEAVE THE AMINO TERMINAL

FRAGMENT (FRAGMENT 1) OF THE PROTHROMBIN, PRIOR TO ITS ACTIVATION

BY FACTOR XA.

-1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.

-1- SIMILARITY: Contains 2 kringle domains.

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DR EMBL; X52308; CAA36548.1; -.

DR EMBL; M81394; AAA40435.1; -.

DR F01; A35827; A35827.

DR HSSP; P00734; 1B7X.

DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.

DR MGD; MGI:68380; F2.

DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.

DR InterPro; IPR002383; GLA_blood.

DR InterPro; IPR000001; Kringle.

DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.

DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_Protease_Try.

DR Pfam; PF00594; gla; 1.

DR Pfam; PF00051; kringle; 2.

DR Pfam; PF00059; trypsin; 1.

DR PRINTS; PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.

DR PRINTS; PRO0001; GLABLOOD.

DR PRINTS; PRO0018; KRINGLE.

DR PRINTS; PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.

DR ProDom; PD000395; Kringle; 2.

DR SMART; SM00069; GLA; 1.

DR SMART; SM00130; KR; 2.

DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE 1; 2.

DR PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE 2; 2.

DR PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPsin_DOM; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPsin_HIS; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPsin_SER; 1.

KW Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;

KW Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxylglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;

KW Hydrolase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal.

FT SIGNAL 1 24

FT PROPEP 25 43

FT CHAIN 44 618

FT PEPTIDE 44 200

FT PEPTIDE 201 324

FT CHAIN 325 360

FT CHAIN 361 618

FT DOMAIN 109 187

FT DOMAIN 215 292

FT DOMAIN 361 618

FT SITE 200 201

FT SITE 324 325

FT CLEAVAGE (BY THROMBIN).

FT CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).

FT	SITE	360	361		
FT	ACT_SITE	403		CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).	
FT	ACT_SITE	459		CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).	
FT	ACT_SITE	565		CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).	
FT	MOD_RES	50	50	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	MOD_RES	51	51	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	MOD_RES	58	58	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	MOD_RES	60	60	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	MOD_RES	63	63	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	MOD_RES	64	64	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	MOD_RES	69	69	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	MOD_RES	70	70	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	MOD_RES	73	73	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	MOD_RES	76	76	GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.	
FT	DISULFID	61	66	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	91	104	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	109	187	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	130	170	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	158	182	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	215	293	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	236	276	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	264	288	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	333	479	INTERCHAIN (BY SIMILARITY).	
FT	DISULFID	388	404	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	533	547	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	DISULFID	561	591	BY SIMILARITY.	
FT	CARBOHYD	122	122	N-LINKED (GLUCAC. . .).	
FT	CARBOHYD	144	144	N-LINKED (GLUCAC. . .).	
FT	CARBOHYD	413	413	N-LINKED (GLUCAC. . .).	
FT	CARBOHYD	553	553	N-LINKED (GLUCAC. . .).	
SQ	SEQUENCE	618 AA;	70268 MW;	B89F719AED601E0 CRC64;	

Query Match	100.0%;	Score 69;	DB 1;	Length 618;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%;	Pred. No. 0.00031;		
Matches 12;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches	0;
		Indels	0;	Gaps
			0;	

QY	1	DACEGDSGGPFV	12	
Db	559	DACEGDSGGPFV	570	

RESULT 3				
THRB_HUMAN	STANDARD;	PRT;	622 AA.	
ID	P00734;			
DT	21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)			
DT	01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Last sequence update)			
DT	15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)			
DE	Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5) (Coagulation factor II).			
GN	F2.			
OS	Homo sapiens (Human).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;			
OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=9606;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RX	MEDLINE=68077877; PubMed=2825773;			

RA	Degen S.J.F., Davie E.W.;
RT	"Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.";
RL	Biochemistry 26:6165-6177(1987).
RN	[2]
RA	SEQUENCE FROM N.A., AND VARIANT NET-165.
RP	Rieder M.J., Armel T.Z., Carrington D.P., Chung M.-W., Lee K.L.,
RA	Ozuna M., Pool C.L., Toth E.J., Yi Q., Nickerson D.A.;
RL	Submitted (JAN-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN	[3]
RA	SEQUENCE OF 8-622 FROM N.A.
RP	MEDLINE=83231469; PubMed=6305407;
RA	Degen S.J.F., McGallivray R.T.A., Davie E.W.;
RT	"Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene
RL	coding for human prothrombin.";
RN	Biochemistry 22:2067-2097(1983).
RN	[4]
RA	SEQUENCE OF 44-314.
RP	MEDLINE=77193964; PubMed=266717;
RA	Walz D.A., Hewett-Emmett D., Seegers W.H.;
RT	"Amino acid sequence of human prothrombin fragments 1 and 2.";
RL	Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74:1969-1972(1977).
RN	[5]
RA	SEQUENCE OF 315-622.
RP	MEDLINE=7207112; PubMed=873923;
RA	Butkowski R.J., Elion J., Downing M.R., Mann K.G.;
RT	"Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.";
RL	J. Biol. Chem. 252:4942-4957(1977).
RN	[6]
RA	PROCESSING.
RP	MEDLINE=87008532; PubMed=3799958;
RA	Rabiet M.J., Blashill A., Furie B., Furie B.C.;
RT	"Prothrombin fragment 1 X 2 X 3, a major product of prothrombin
RL	activation in human plasma.";
RN	J. Biol. Chem. 261:13210-13215(1986).
RN	[7]
RA	X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (1.9 ANGSTROMS).
RP	MEDLINE=90059942; PubMed=2563106;
RA	Bode W., Mayr I., Baumann U., Huber R., Stone S.R., Hofsteenge J.;
RT	"The refined 1.9 A crystal structure of human alpha-thrombin:
RL	interaction with D-Phe-Pro-Arg chloromethylketone and significance of
RN	the Tyr-Pro-Pro-Tip insertion segment.";
RL	EMBO J. 8:3467-3475(1989).
RN	[8]
RA	X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
RP	MEDLINE=90327074; PubMed=2374926;
RA	Rydell T.J., Ravichandran K.G., Tulinsky A., Bode W., Huber R.,
RL	Roitsch C., Fenton J.W. II;
RT	"The structure of a complex of recombinant hirudin and human alpha-
RL	thrombin.";
RN	Science 249:277-280(1990).
RN	[9]
RA	X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.5 ANGSTROMS).
RP	MEDLINE=94350942; PubMed=8071320;
RA	Rydell T.J., Yin M., Padmanabhan K.P., Blankenship D.T., Cardin A.D.,
RA	Correa P.E., Fenton J.W. II, Tulinsky A.;
RT	"Crystallographic structure of human gamma-thrombin.";
RN	J. Biol. Chem. 269:22000-22006(1994).

RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RP MEDLINE=97357286; PubMed=9214615;
 RA van de Locht A., Bode W., Huber R., le Bonniec B.F., Stone S.R.,
 RA Esmen C.T., Stubbs M.T.;
 RT "The thrombin E192Q-BPII complex reveals gross structural
 RT rearrangements: implications for the interaction with antithrombin
 RT and thrombomodulin.";
 RL EMBO J. 16:2977-2984(1997).
 RN [10]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.1 ANGSTROMS) OF 328-601.
 RX MEDLINE=99162521; PubMed=10051358;
 RA Guinto E.R., Caccia S., Rose T., Fuetteter K., Waksman G., di Cera E.;
 RT "Unexpected crucial role of residue 225 in serine proteases.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:1852-1857(1999).
 RN [11]
 RP VARIANT BARCELONA.
 RX MEDLINE=87033739; PubMed=3771562;
 RA Rabiet M.-J., Furiel B.C., Furiel B.;
 RT "Molecular defect of prothrombin Barcelona. Substitution of cysteine
 RT for arginine at residue 273.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:15045-15048(1986).
 RN [13]
 RP VARIANT FRANKFURT.
 RX MEDLINE=95313001; PubMed=7792730;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McDowell S.A., Sparks L.M., Scharer I.;
 RT "Prothrombin Frankfurt: a dysfunctional prothrombin characterized by
 RT substitution of Glu-466 by Ala.";
 RL Thromb. Haemost. 73:203-209(1995).
 RN [14]
 RP VARIANTS HIMI-1 AND HIMI-2.
 RX MEDLINE=93043342; PubMed=1421398;
 RA Morishita E., Saito M., Kumabashiri I., Asakura H., Matsuda T.,
 RA Yamaguchi K.;
 RT "Prothrombin Himi: a compound heterozygote for two dysfunctional
 RT prothrombin molecules (Met-337-->Thr and Arg-388-->His).";
 RL Blood 80:2275-2280(1992).
 RN [15]
 RP VARIANT PADUA-1.
 RX MEDLINE=95169898; PubMed=7865694;
 RA James H.L., Kim D.J., Zheng D.-Q., Girolami A.;
 RT "Prothrombin Padua I: incomplete activation due to an amino acid
 RT substitution at a factor Xa cleavage site.";
 RL Blood Coagul. Fibrinolysis 5:841-844(1994).
 RN [16]
 RP VARIANT QUICK-1.
 RX MEDLINE=89207504; PubMed=3242619;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Identification of the primary structural defect in the dysfibrinogen
 RT thrombin Quick I: substitution of cysteine for arginine-382.";
 RL Biochemistry 27:9160-9165(1988).
 RN [17]
 RP VARIANT QUICK-2.
 RX MEDLINE=89247398; PubMed=2719946;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Substitution of valine for glycine-558 in the congenital dysfibrinogen
 RT thrombin Quick II alters primary substrate specificity.";
 RN Biochemistry 28:2078-2082(1989).
 RL [18]
 RP VARIANT SALAKTA.
 RX MEDLINE=92378975; PubMed=1354985;
 RA Miyata T., Aruga R., Uneyama H., Bezeaud A., Guillin M.-C.,
 RA Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Salakta: substitution of glutamic acid-466 by alanine
 RT reduces the fibrinogen clotting activity and the esterase activity.";
 RL Biochemistry 31:7457-7462(1992).
 RN [19]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RX MEDLINE=87185407; PubMed=3567158;
 RA Miyata T., Morita T., Inomoto T., Kawauchi S., Shirakami A.,
 RA Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Tokushima, a replacement of arginine-418 by tryptophan
 RT that impairs the fibrinogen clotting activity of derived thrombin
 RT Tokushima.";
 RL Biochemistry 26:1117-1122(1987).
 RN [20]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RX MEDLINE=87101511; PubMed=3801671;
 RA Inomoto T., Shirakami A., Kawauchi S., Shigeakiyo T., Saito S.,
 RA Miyoshi K., Morita T., Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Tokushima: characterization of dysfunctional thrombin
 RT derived from a variant of human prothrombin.";
 RL Blood 69:565-569(1987).
 RN [21]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RX MEDLINE=92256895; PubMed=1349898;
 RA Iwahana H., Yoshimoto K., Shigeakiyo T., Shirakami A., Saito S.,
 RA Itakura M.;
 RT "Detection of a single base substitution of the gene for prothrombin
 RT Tokushima. The application of PCR-SSCP for the genetic and molecular
 RT analysis of dysprothrombinemia.";
 RL Int. J. Hematol. 55:93-100(1992).
 RN [22]
 RP VARIANT TYPE-3.
 RX MEDLINE=83204687; PubMed=6405779;
 RA Board P.G., Shaw D.C.;
 RT "Determination of the amino acid substitution in human prothrombin
 RT type 3 (157 Glu leads to Lys) and the localization of a third
 RT thrombin cleavage site.";
 RL Br. J. Haematol. 54:245-254(1983).
 RN [23]
 RP VARIANTS MET-165 AND THR-386.
 RX MEDLINE=99318093; PubMed=10391209;
 RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,
 RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nemesh J., Ziaugra L.,
 RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.Q.,
 RA Lander E.S.;
 RT "Characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in coding regions
 RT of human genes.";
 RL Nat. Genet. 22:231-238(1999).
 RN [24]
 RP ERRATUM.
 RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,
 RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nemesh J., Ziaugra L.,

RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipschutz R., Daley G.O.,
 RA Lander E.S.;
 RL Nat. Genet. 23:373-373(1999).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
 CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
 CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
 CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-I-Gly; activates
 CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Extracellular.
 CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN THE LIVER; FOUND IN PLASMA.
 CC -1- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
 CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOMAL
 CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
 CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
 CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DS 1; Length 622;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00031; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 Db 562 DACEGDSGGPFV 573
 |||||

RESULT 4

THRB_BOVIN STANDARD; PRT; 625 AA.

AC P00735;
 DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)
 DT 01-APR-1990 (Rel. 14, Last sequence update)
 DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
 DE Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5).
 GN P2.
 OS Bos taurus (Bovine).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Ruminantia; Pecora; Bovidae;
 OC Bovidae; Bovinae; Bos.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=9913;
 RN (1)
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=68245190; PubMed=3379642;
 RA Irwin D.M., Robertson K.A., Macgillivray R.T.A.;
 RT "Structure and evolution of the bovine prothrombin gene."
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 200:131-45(1988).
 RN (2)
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=84203525; PubMed=6326805;
 RA McGillivray R.T.A., Davie E.W.;
 RT "Characterization of bovine prothrombin mRNA and its translation
 RT product."
 RL Biochemistry 23:1626-1634(1984).
 RN (3)
 RP SEQUENCE OF 44-625, DISULFIDE BONDS, AND CARBOHYDRATE-LINKAGE SITES.
 RA Magnusson S., Sottrup-Jensen L., Petersen T.E., Claess H.;
 RL (In) Hemker H.C., Veltkamp J.J. (eds.);
 RL Boerhaave symposium on prothrombin and related coagulation factors,

PP-25-46, Leiden University Press, Leiden (1975).
 [4]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.8 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RX MEDLINE=86296631; PubMed=3741841;
 RA Park C.H., Tulinsky A.;
 RT "Three-dimensional structure of the kringle sequence: structure of
 RT prothrombin fragment 1."
 RL Biochemistry 25:3977-3982(1986).
 RN (5)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.25 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RX MEDLINE=91311686; PubMed=1856869;
 RA Seshadri T.P., Tulinsky A., Skrzypczak-Jankun E., Park C.H.;
 RT "Structure of bovine prothrombin fragment 1 refined at 2.25-A
 RT resolution."
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 220:481-494(1991).
 RN (6)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.2 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RX MEDLINE=92190185; PubMed=1547238;
 RA Soriano-Garcia M., Padmanabhan K., de Vos A.M., Tulinsky A.;
 RT "The Ca2+ ion and membrane binding structure of the Gla domain of Ca-
 RT prothrombin fragment 1."
 RL Biochemistry 31:2554-2566(1992).
 RN (7)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=92216459; PubMed=1560020;
 RA Martin P.D., Robertson W., Turk D., Huber R., Bode W., Edwards B.F.P.;
 RT "The structure of residues 7-16 of the A alpha-chain of human
 RT fibrinogen bound to bovine thrombin at 2.3-A resolution."
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 267:7911-7920(1992).
 RN (8)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=92399319; PubMed=1518046;
 RA Brandstetter H., Turk D., Hoeffken H.W., Grosse D., Stuerzebecher J.,
 RA Martin P.D., Edwards B.F.P., Bode W.;
 RT "Refined 2.3 A X-ray crystal structure of bovine thrombin complexes
 RT formed with the benzamidine and arginine-based thrombin inhibitors
 RT NAPAP, 4-TAPAP and MQPA. A starting point for improving
 RT antithrombotics."
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 226:1085-1089(1992).
 RN (9)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (3.1 ANGSTROMS) OF COMPLEX WITH ORNITHODORIN.
 RX MEDLINE=97102783; PubMed=8947023;
 RA van de Locht A., Stubbs M.T., Bode W., Friedrich T., Bollschweiler C.,
 RA Hoffken W., Huber R.;
 RT "The ornithodorin-thrombin crystal structure, a key to the TAP
 RT enigma?"
 RL EMBO J. 15:6011-6017(1996).
 RN (10)
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.6 ANGSTROMS) OF COMPLEX WITH TRIABIN.
 RX MEDLINE=98004486; PubMed=9342325;
 RA Fuentes-Prior P., Noeske-Jungblut C., Donner P., Schleuning W.D.,
 RA Huber R., Bode W.;
 RT "Structure of the thrombin complex with triabin, a lipocalin-like
 RT exosite-binding inhibitor derived from a triatomine bug."
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94:11845-11850(1997).
 RN (11)
 RP GENE STRUCTURE.

RX MEDLINE=86077733; PubMed=3000440;
 RA Irwin D.M., Aherin K.G., Pearson G.D., McGillivray R.T.A.;
 RI "Characterization of the bovine prothrombin gene.";
 RL Biochemistry 24:6854-6861(1985).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
 CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
 CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
 CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-I-Gly; activates
 CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Extracellular.
 CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN THE LIVER; FOUND IN PLASMA.
 CC -1- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
 CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOomal
 CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
 CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
 CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION
 CC OF PROTHROMBIN TO THROMBIN.
 CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: PROTHROMBIN IS ACTIVATED ON THE SURFACE OF A
 CC PHOSPHOLIPID MEMBRANE THAT BINDS THE AMINO END OF PROTHROMBIN &
 CC FACTORS VA & XA IN CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTIONS; FACTOR XA REMOVES
 CC THE ACTIVATION PEPTIDE & CLEAVES THE REMAINING PART INTO LIGHT &
 CC HEAVY CHAINS. THE ACTIVATION PROCESS STARTS SLOWLY BECAUSE FACTOR
 CC V ITSELF HAS TO BE ACTIVATED BY THE INITIAL, SMALL AMOUNTS OF
 CC THROMBIN.
 CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: THROMBIN CAN ITSELF CLEAVE THE AMINO TERMINAL
 CC FRAGMENT (FRAGMENT 1) OF THE PROTHROMBIN, PRIOR TO ITS ACTIVATION
 CC BY FACTOR XA.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 2 kringle domains.
 CC -1- DATABASE: NAME=Prozyme technical fact sheet;
 CC WWW="http://www.prozyme.com/technical/thrombindata.html".
 CC
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 CC
 CC EMBL: V00135; CAA23451.1; -.
 CC EMBL: J00041; AAA30781.1; -.
 CC PIR: S02537; TEB0.
 CC PDB: 1BBR; 31-JAN-94.
 CC PDB: 1ETR; 31-JAN-94.
 CC PDB: 1ETS; 31-JAN-94.
 CC PDB: 1ETT; 31-JAN-94.
 CC PDB: 1HRT; 31-JAN-94.
 CC PDB: 2PFL; 31-JAN-94.
 CC PDB: 2PF2; 31-JAN-94.
 CC PDB: 2PFT; 31-JAN-94.
 CC PDB: 1MKW; 07-JUL-97.
 CC PDB: 1MKX; 07-JUL-97.
 CC PDB: 1TBQ; 14-OCT-96.
 CC PDB: 1TBR; 14-OCT-96.
 CC PDB: 1TOC; 23-JUL-97.
 CC PDB: 1VIT; 21-APR-97.
 DR PDB; 1YCP; 06-MAY-98.
 DR PDB; 1A0H; 17-JUN-98.
 DR PDB; 1AVG; 16-FEB-99.
 DR PDB; 1BTH; 24-FEB-97.
 DR PDB; 1IDS; 12-SEP-01.
 DR PDB; 1UV7; 19-NOV-97.
 DR PDB; 2HPP; 31-JAN-94.
 DR MEROPS; S01_217; -.
 DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
 DR InterPro; IPR002383; Glu_Blood.
 DR InterPro; IPR000001; Kringle.
 DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
 DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
 DR InterPro; IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
 DR Pfam; PF00594; gla; 1.
 DR Pfam; PF00051; kringle; 2.
 DR Pfam; PF00039; trypsin; 1.
 DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
 DR PRINTS; PR00001; GLABLOOD.
 DR PRINTS; PR00018; KRINGLE.
 DR PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
 DR ProDom; PD000395; Kringle; 2.
 DR SMART; SM00069; GLA; 1.
 DR SMART; SM00130; KR; 2.
 DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spec; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
 DR PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
 DR PROSITE; PSS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
 KW Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;
 KW Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxyglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;
 KW Hydrolyase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal; 3D-structure.
 FT SIGNAL 1 24
 FT PROPEP 25 43
 FT CHAIN 44 625
 FT PEPTIDE 200 317
 FT PEPTIDE 318 366
 FT CHAIN 367 625
 FT CHAIN 109 187
 FT DOMAIN 214 292
 FT DOMAIN 367 625
 FT SITE 199 200
 FT SITE 317 318
 FT SITE 366 367
 FT ACT_SITE 409 409
 FT ACT_SITE 465 465
 FT ACT_SITE 571 571
 FT MOD_RES 50 50
 FT MOD_RES 51 51
 FT MOD_RES 58 58
 FT MOD_RES 60 60
 FT MOD_RES 63 63
 FT MOD_RES 64 64

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 1; Length 625;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00032;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGFFV 12
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
DB 565 DACEGDSGGFFV 576

RESULT 5

ID HEPES_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 417 AA.
AC P05981;
DT 01-NOV-1988 (Rel. 09, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1988 (Rel. 09, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE Serine protease hepsin (EC 3.4.21.-) (Transmembrane protease, serine
DE 1).
GN HPN OR TMRSS1.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
CC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=88209431; PubMed=2835076;
RA Leytus S.P., Loeb K.R., Hagen F.S., Kurachi K., Davies E.W.;
RT "A novel trypsin-like serine protease (hepsin) with a putative
RT transmembrane domain expressed by human liver and hepatoma cells";
RL Biochemistry 27:1067-1074(1988).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Pancreas, and Spleen;
RX MEDLINE=22388257; PubMed=12477932;
RA Strausberg R.L., Feingold E.A., Grouse L.H., Derge J.G.,
RA Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Shenmen C.M., Schuler G.D.,
RA Altschul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Schaefer C.F., Bhat N.K.,
RA Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Max S.I., Wang J., Hsieh F.,
RA Diatchenko L., Marusina K., Farmer A.A., Rubin G.M., Hong L.,
RA Stapleton M., Soares M.B., Bonaldo M.F., Casavant J.L., Scheetz T.E.,
RA Brownstein M.J., Udell T.B., Toshiyuki S., Carninci P., Prange C.,
RA Raha S.S., Loquellano N.A., Peters G.J., Abramson R.D., Mullahy S.J.,
RA Bosak S.A., McEwan P.J., McKernan K.J., Malek J.A., Gumaratne P.H.,
RA Richards S., Worley K.C., Hale S., Garcia A.M., Gay L.J., Hulyk S.W.,
RA Villalón D.K., Muzny D.M., Sodergren E.J., Lu X., Gibbs R.A.,
RA Fahey J., Helton E., Kettelman M., Madan A., Rodriguez S., Sanchez A.,
RA Whiting M., Madan A., Young A.C., Shevchenko I., Bouffard G.G.,
RA Blakeley R.W., Touchman J.W., Green E.D., Dickson M.C.,
RA Rodriguez A.C., Grimwood J., Schmutz J., Myers R.M.,
RA Butterfield Y.S.N., Krzywinski M.I., Skalska U., Smalilus D.E.,
RA Schnerch A., Schein J.E., Jones S.J.M., Marra M.A.;
RT "Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length
RT human and mouse cDNA sequences.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16899-16903(2002).
RN [3]
RP CHARACTERIZATION.

RX MEDLINE=91358502; PubMed=1885621;
RA Tsuji A., Torres-Rosado A., Arai T., le Beau M.M., Lemons R.S.,
RA Chou S.H., Kurachi K.;
RT "Hepsin, a cell membrane-associated protease. Characterization,
RT tissue distribution, and gene localization.";
RL J. Biol. Chem. 266:16948-16953(1991).
RN [4]
RP CHARACTERIZATION.
RX MEDLINE=93348237; PubMed=8346233;
RA Torres-Rosado A., O'Shea K.S., Tsuji A., Chou S.H., Kurachi K.;
RT "Hepsin, a putative cell-surface serine protease, is required for
RT mammalian cell growth.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90:7181-7187(1993).
CC -!- FUNCTION: Plays an essential role in cell growth and maintenance
CC of cell morphology.
CC -!- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Type II membrane protein.
CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: Present in most tissues, with the highest
CC level in liver.
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.
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CC -----
DR EMBL; M19930; AAA36013.1; -.
DR EMBL; X07732; CAA30558.1; -.
DR EMBL; X07002; CAA30058.1; -.
DR EMBL; BC025716; AAH25716.1; -.
DR PIR; S00845; S00845.
DR HSSP; P00763; LDPO.
DR MEROPS; S01.224; -.
DR Genew; HGNC:5155; HPN.
DR MIM; 142440; -.
DR GO; GO:0005887; C: integral to plasma membrane; TAS.
DR GO; GO:0008151; P: cell growth and/or maintenance; TAS.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser. protease_Try.
DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR PRINTS; PRC0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Serine protease; Transmembrane; Signal-anchor.
FT CHAIN 1 162
FT SERINE PROTEASE HEP SIN, NON-CATALYTIC
FT CHAIN 163 417
FT SERINE PROTEASE HEP SIN, CATALYTIC CHAIN
FT CHAIN 163 417
FT (POTENTIAL).
FT DOMAIN 1 17
FT CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
FT TRANSMEM 18 44
FT SIGNAL-ANCHOR (TYPE-II MEMBRANE PROTEIN)
FT (POTENTIAL).
FT DOMAIN 45 417
FT EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
FT DOMAIN 163 417
FT SERINE PROTEASE.

FT ACT SITE 203 203 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).

FT ACT SITE 257 257 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).

FT ACT SITE 353 353 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).

FT DISULFID 153 277 INTERCHAIN (BY SIMILARITY).

FT DISULFID 188 204 BY SIMILARITY.

FT DISULFID 322 336 BY SIMILARITY.

FT DISULFID 349 381 BY SIMILARITY.

FT CARBOHYD 112 112 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).

SQ SEQUENCE 417 AA; 45011 MW; B2086FF661E551D7 CRC64;

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 1; Length 417;

Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.00067;

Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||

Db 347 DACQDGGGPFV 358

RESULT 6

HEPS_MOUSE

ID HEPS_MOUSE STANDARD; PRI; 436 AA.

AC O35453; Q9QW97;

DT 15-JUL-1998 (Rel. 36, Created)

DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last sequence update)

DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)

DE Serine protease hepsin (EC 3.4.21.-).

GN HPN.

OS Mus musculus (Mouse).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.

OC NCBI_TaxID=10090;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 2).

RC TISSUE=Liver;

RA Vu T.-K.H., Liu R.W., Haakma C., Tomasek J.J., Howard E.W.;

RT "Identification and cloning of the membrane-associated serine

RT protease, hepsin, from mouse preimplantation embryos.";

RL J. Biol. Chem. 272:31315-31320(1997).

RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORMS 1 AND 2).

RA MEDLINE=99339944; PubMed=10411637;

RA Kawamura S., Kurachi Y., Deyashiki K.;

RT "Complete nucleotide sequence, origin of isoform and functional

RT characterization of the mouse hepsin gene.";

RL Eur. J. Biochem. 262:755-764(1999).

RN [3]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 1).

RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;

RX MEDLINE=21085660; PubMed=11217851;

RA Kawai J., Shinagawa A., Shibata K., Yoshino M., Itoh M., Ishii Y.,

RA Arakawa T., Hara A., Fukunishi Y., Konno H., Adachi J., Fukuda S.,

RA Aizawa K., Izawa M., Nishi K., Kiyosawa H., Kondo S., Yamanaka I.,

RA Saito T., Okazaki Y., Gojibori T., Bono H., Kasukawa T., Saito R.,

RA Radota K., Matsuda H.A., Ashburner M., Batalov S., Casavant T.,

RA Fleischmann W., Gaasterland T., Gissi C., King B., Kochiwa H.,

Kuehl P., Lewis S., Matsuo Y., Nikaide I., Pesole G., Quackenbush J.,

Schriml L.M., Staabli F., Suzuki R., Tomita M., Wagner L., Washio T.,

Sakai K., Okido T., Furuno M., Aono H., Baldarelli R., Barsh G.,

Blake J., Boffelli D., Bojunga N., Carninci P., de Bonaldo M.F.,

Brownstein M.J., Bult C., Fletcher C., Fujita M., Gariboldi M.,

Gastineich S., Hall D., Hofmann M., Hume D.A., Kamiya M., Lee N.H.,

Lyons P., Marchionni L., Mashima J., Mazzarelli J., Mombaerts P.,

Nordone P., Ring B., Ringwald M., Rodriguez I., Sakamoto N.,

Sasaki H., Sato K., Schoenbach C., Seya T., Shibata Y., Storch K.-F.,

Suzuki H., Toyooka K., Wang K.H., Weitz C., Whittaker C., Wilming L.,

Wynshaw-Boris A., Yoshida K., Hasegawa Y., Kawai H., Kohsaki S.,

Hayashizaki Y.;

RA "Functional annotation of a full-length mouse cDNA collection.";

RL Nature 409:685-690(2001).

CC -|- FUNCTION: Plays an essential role in cell growth and maintenance

CC of cell morphology.

CC -|- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Type II membrane protein.

CC -|- ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS:

CC Event=Alternative splicing; Named isoforms=2;

CC Name=1; Synonyms=1a;

CC IsoId=O35453-1; Sequence=Displayed;

CC Note=Minor isoform;

CC Name=2; Synonyms=2a;

CC IsoId=O35453-2; Sequence=VSP_007232;

CC Note=Major isoform;

CC -|- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.

CC -|- CAUTION: Ref.3 sequence differs from that shown due to

CC frameshifts in positions 155, 191 and 233.

CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration

CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -

CC the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its

CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way

CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial

CC entities requires a license agreement (See <http://www.isb-sib.ch/announce/>

CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).

DR EMBL; AF030065; AAB94221.1; -.

DR EMBL; AK002694; BAE22489.2; ALT_FRAME.

DR HSPSP; P00763; 1DPO.

DR MEROPS; S01.224; -.

DR MGD; MGI:1196620; Hpn.

DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.

DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.

DR InterPro; IPR001190; Serc_receptor.

DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.

DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.

DR SMART; SMC0202; SR; 1.

DR SMART; SMC0020; TRYPSIN; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.

KW Hydrolase; Serine protease; Transmembrane; Signal-anchor;

KW Alternative splicing.

FT CHAIN 1 181 SERINE PROTEASE HEPSPIN, NON-CATALYTIC

FT CHAIN 192 436 CHAIN (POTENTIAL)

FT CHAIN SERINE PROTEASE HEPSPIN, CATALYTIC CHAIN

FT DOMAIN 21 36 (POTENTIAL).
FT CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
FT SIGNAL-ANCHOR (TYPE-II MEMBRANE PROTEIN)
FT TRANSMEM 37 63 (POTENTIAL).
FT EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
FT SERINE PROTEASE.
FT DOMAIN 64 436 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT SITE 182 222 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT SITE 276 372 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT SITE 372 372 INTERCHAIN (BY SIMILARITY).
FT DISULFID 172 296 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 207 223 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 341 357 BY SIMILARITY.
FT DISULFID 368 400 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 131 131 Missing (in isoform 2).
FT VARSPLIC 25 44 /FTid=vsp_007232.
FT CONFLICT 85 85 L -> F (IN REF. 2 AND 3).
FT CONFLICT 204 204 T -> Y (IN REF. 3).
FT CONFLICT 214 214 G -> R (IN REF. 3).
FT CONFLICT 228 229 NR -> ET (IN REF. 3).
FT CONFLICT 264 264 P -> L (IN REF. 3).
FT CONFLICT 281 281 H -> N (IN REF. 3).
SQ SEQUENCE 436 AA: 46787 MW: 4A0993148C620BD0 CRC64;
Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 1; Length 436;
Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.0007; 0; Caps 0;
Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0;
QY 1 DACEGDGGPFV 12
Db 366 DACQGDGGPFV 377
Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:54:03
Job time : 5.03226 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:47:57 ; Search time 20.5161 Seconds
(without alignments)
150.936 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-2

Perfect score: 69

Sequence: 1 DACEGDGGPFV 12

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 830525 seqs, 258052604 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 830525

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

SPTREMBL_23:
1: sp_archaea:
2: sp_bacteria:
3: sp_fungi:
4: sp_human:
5: sp_invertebrate:
6: sp_mammal:
7: sp_mhc:
8: sp_organelle:
9: sp_phage:
10: sp_plant:
11: sp_rodent:
12: sp_virus:
13: sp_vertebrate:
14: sp_unclassified:
15: sp_rvirus:
16: sp_bacteriap:
17: sp_archheap:

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
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1 69 100.0 235 6 Q28731 Q28731 oryctolagus
2 69 100.0 235 13 Q91004 Q91004 gecko gecko
3 69 100.0 235 13 Q90387 Q90387 cynops pyrr
4 69 100.0 239 13 Q91218 Q91218 oncothyachu
5 69 100.0 607 13 Q91001 Q91001 gallus gall
6 69 100.0 608 13 Q9PTW7 Q9PTW7 struthio ca
7 66 95.7 234 13 Q90244 Q90244 acipenser t
8 66 95.7 435 11 Q9CW97 Q9CW97 mus musculus
9 66 95.7 1524 13 Q91674 Q91674 xenopus lae
10 64 92.8 420 13 Q90504 Q90504 eptatretus
11 63 91.3 195 4 Q6J008 Q6J008 homo sapien
12 63 91.3 195 4 Q8J007 Q8J007 homo sapien
13 63 91.3 195 4 Q8J006 Q8J006 homo sapien
14 63 91.3 195 4 Q8IXB4 Q8IXB4 homo sapien
15 63 91.3 211 4 Q8J009 Q8J009 homo sapien
16 63 91.3 255 5 Q9N9C9 Q9N9C9 glossina mo
17 63 91.3 257 11 Q8BZ04 Q8BZ04 mus musculus
18 63 91.3 267 5 Q8BK47 Q8BK47 luigia foli
19 63 91.3 358 5 Q45029 Q45029 drosophila
20 63 91.3 371 5 Q8MYR3 Q8MYR3 drosophila
21 63 91.3 417 11 Q8BZ10 Q8BZ10 mus musculus
22 63 91.3 456 6 Q9TTR0 Q9TTR0 canis famil
23 63 91.3 974 13 Q90WD8 Q90WD8 bufo japoni
24 63 91.3 1374 5 Q9VSU0 Q9VSU0 drosophila
25 63 91.3 1449 5 Q9UI12 Q9UI12 drosophila
26 63 91.3 1450 5 Q8IOB8 Q8IOB8 drosophila
27 63 91.3 1462 5 Q9UI13 Q9UI13 drosophila
28 63 91.3 2382 5 Q9BI19 Q9BI19 drosophila
29 63 91.3 2409 5 Q96OG6 Q96OG6 drosophila
30 63 91.3 2786 5 Q9VSU2 Q9VSU2 drosophila
31 61 88.4 248 5 Q8IRE2 Q8IRE2 drosophila
32 60 87.0 85 5 Q8MYL1 Q8MYL1 boltenia vi
33 60 87.0 155 5 Q9YIK4 Q9YIK4 anopheles g
34 60 87.0 187 5 Q45045 Q45045 scirpophaga
35 60 87.0 200 11 Q9Z4U6 Q9Z4U6 mus musculus
36 60 87.0 234 11 Q9CV76 Q9CV76 mus musculus
37 60 87.0 247 13 Q9W7Q5 Q9W7Q5 paralichthy
38 60 87.0 250 5 Q9VS14 Q9VS14 drosophila
39 60 87.0 252 5 Q76498 Q76498 diaprepes a
40 60 87.0 253 5 Q8SXZ4 Q8SXZ4 drosophila
41 60 87.0 253 5 Q8MKZ1 Q8MKZ1 drosophila
42 60 87.0 254 5 Q9XYI0 Q9XYI0 rhyzopertha
43 60 87.0 254 5 Q76520 Q76520 stomoxys ca
44 60 87.0 254 11 Q8CGR4 Q8CGR4 mus musculus
45 60 87.0 255 3 Q9Y7A9 Q9Y7A9 metarhizium

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
Q28731
ID Q28731 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 235 AA.
AC Q28731;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)

DE Thrombin (Fragment).
GN THROMBIN.
OS Oryctolagus cuniculus (Rabbit).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Lagomorpha; Leporidae; Oryctolagus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9986;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.T.A.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 69:2779-2783(1992).
DR EMBL; M81396; AAA31477.1; -.
DR HSP; P00734; IUVS.
DR MEROPS; S01-217; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS02440; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 235 AA; 27093 MW; 92FF3E4F93B360E0 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 6; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00066;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
Db 176 DACEGDSGGPFV 187

RESULT 2
Q91004
ID Q91004 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 235 AA.
AC Q91004;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Thrombin (Fragment).
GN THROMBIN.
OS Gecko gecko (Tokay gecko).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Lepidosauria; Squamata; Scleroglossa; Gekkota; Gekkonidae; Gekko.
OX NCBI_TaxID=36310;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;

```

RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.T.A.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
DR EMBL; M81392; AAA49399.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1B7X.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR SMART; SMO0020; TRY_SPC; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 235 AA; 26933 MW; 122A5C09F6F2276A CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00086;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186
|||||

RESULT 3
Q90387
ID Q90387 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 235 AA.
AC Q90387;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TRENBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Thrombin (Fragment).
GN THROMBIN.
OS Cynops pyrrhogaster (Japanese common newt).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Amphibia; Batrachia; Caudata; Salamandroidea; Salamandridae; Cynops.
OX NCBI_TaxID=8330;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.T.A.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
DR EMBL; M81395; AAA49391.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 10UVS.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00086;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186
|||||

RESULT 4
Q91218
ID Q91218 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 239 AA.
AC Q91218;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TRENBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TRENBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Thrombin (Fragment).
GN THROMBIN.
OS Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) (Salmo gairdneri).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei;
OC Protacanthopterygii; Salmoniformes; Salmonidae; Oncorhynchus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=8022;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.T.A.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
DR EMBL; M81398; AAA49433.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1B7X.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR SMART; SMO0020; TRY_SPC; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 235 AA; 27272 MW; 49264DD29A57A41F CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 235;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00086;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186
|||||

```

DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR INTERPRO; IPR001254; Ser. protease Try.
KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
FT NON_TER 1
SQ SEQUENCE 239 AA; 27396 MW; F0F43F9A3205BF38 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 239;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0087;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 175 DACEGDSGGPFV 186

RESULT 5
Q91001 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 607 AA.
AC Q91001; PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Thrombin.
OS Gallus gallus (Chicken).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Archosauria; Aves; Neognathae; Galliformes; Phasianidae; Phasianinae;
OC Gallus.
CX NCBI_TaxID=9031;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
RA Banfield D.K., Macgillivray R.T.;
RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
RT amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
RT nine different species."
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=94223694; PubMed=7513365;
RA Banfield D.K., Irwin D.M., Walz D.A., Macgillivray R.T.;
RT "Evolution of prothrombin: isolation and characterization of the cDNAs
RT encoding chicken and hagfish prothrombin."
RL J. Mol. Evol. 38:177-187(1994).
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RA Banfield D.K.;
RL Submitted (DEC-1991) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
CC -!- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 2 KRINGLE DOMAINS.
DR EMBL; M81391; AAA21619.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1UUVS.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR INTERPRO; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR INTERPRO; IPR002383; GLA blood.
DR INTERPRO; IPR000001; Kringle.

DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser. protease Try.
DR InterPro; IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA-
PFam; PF00594; gla; 1.
PFam; PF00051; kringle; 2.
PFam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR PRINTS; PR00001; GLABLOOD.
DR PRINTS; PR00018; KRINGLE.
DR PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
DR ProDom; PD000395; Kringle; 2.
DR SMART; SM00069; GLA; 1.
DR SMART; SM00130; KR; 2.
DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
DR PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
DR PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Glycoprotein; Hydrolase; Kringle; Protease; Serine protease.
SQ SEQUENCE 607 AA; 69110 MW; 002F3606EA36270F CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 607;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0022;
Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
|||||
DB 548 DACEGDSGGPFV 559

RESULT 6
Q9PTW7 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 608 AA.
AC Q9PTW7;
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Prothrombin.
GN OSPT.
OS Struthio camelus (Ostrich).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Archosauria; Aves; Palaeognathae; Struthioniformes; Struthionidae;
OC Struthio.
OX NCBI_TaxID=8801;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=20579470; PubMed=1137455;
RA Frost C., Naude R., Oelofsen W., Muramoto K., Naganuma T., Ogawa T.;
RT "Purification and characterization of ostrich prothrombin."
RL Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol. 32:1151-1159(2000).
CC -!- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 2 KRINGLE DOMAINS.
DR EMBL; AB028571; BAAS9046.1; -.
DR HSSP; P00734; 1UUVS.
DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
DR INTERPRO; IPR000001; Kringle.

DR InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
 DR InterPro: IPR002383; GLA blood.
 DR InterPro: IPR000001; Kringle.
 DR InterPro: IPR003966; Prothrombin.
 DR InterPro: IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
 DR Pfam: PF00594; gla; 1.
 DR Pfam: PF00089; kringle; 2.
 DR Pfam: PF00051; kringle; 1.
 DR PRINTS: PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
 DR PRINTS: PRO001; GLABLOOD.
 DR PRINTS: PRO0018; KRINGLE.
 DR PRINTS: PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
 DR ProDom: PD00395; kringle; 2.
 DR SMART: SM00069; GLA; 1.
 DR SMART: SM00130; KR; 2.
 DR SMART: SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
 DR PROSITE: PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
 DR PROSITE: PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
 KW Glycoprotein; Hydrolase; Kringle; Protease; Serine protease.
 SQ SEQUENCE 608 AA; 69392 MW; 1197489AE54EA2 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 69; DB 13; Length 608;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0022;
 Matches 12; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 ID Q90244 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 234 AA.
 AC Q90244;
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Thrombin (Fragment).
 GN THROMBIN.
 OS Acipenser transmontanus (White sturgeon).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Actinopterygii; Chondrostei; Acipenseriformes; Acipenseridae;
 OC Acipenser.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=7904;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
 RA Banfield D.K., Macgillivray R.T.A.;
 RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
 RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
 RT nine different species.";

RESULT 7
 Q90244

ID Q90244 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 234 AA.
 AC Q90244;
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Thrombin (Fragment).
 GN THROMBIN.
 OS Acipenser transmontanus (White sturgeon).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Actinopterygii; Chondrostei; Acipenseriformes; Acipenseridae;
 OC Acipenser.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=7904;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RX MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
 RA Banfield D.K., Macgillivray R.T.A.;
 RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
 RT Amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
 RT nine different species.";

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
 RL EMBL; M81399; AAA48514.1; -.
 DR HSP; P00734; 2HNT.
 DR MEROPS; S01_217; -.
 DR InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
 DR InterPro: IPR003966; Prothrombin.
 DR InterPro: IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
 DR Pfam: PF00089; trypsin; 1.
 DR PRINTS: PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
 DR PRINTS: PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
 DR SMART: SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
 KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
 FT NON TER 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 234 AA; 26846 MW; 45C558D6618E0585 CRC64;

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 13; Length 234;
 Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.0027;
 Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 ID Q90244 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 435 AA.
 AC Q90244;
 DT 01-JUN-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 17, Created)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Adult male kidney cDNA, RIKEN full-length enriched library,
 DE clone:0610030A17 product:hepsin, full insert sequence.
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RA Adachi J., Aizawa K., Akahira S., Akimura T., Arai A., Aono H.,
 RA Atakawa T., Bono H., Carninci P., Fukuda S., Fukunishi Y., Furuno M.,
 RA Hanagaki T., Hara A., Hayatsu N., Hiramoto K., Hiraoka T., Hori F.,
 RA Inotani K., Ishii Y., Itoh M., Izawa M., Kasukawa T., Kato H.,
 RA Kawai J., Kojima Y., Konno H., Kouda M., Koya S., Kurihara C.,
 RA Matsuyama T., Miyazaki A., Nishi K., Nomura K., Numazaki R., Ohno M.,
 RA Okazaki Y., Okido T., Owa C., Saito H., Saito R., Sakai C., Sakai K.,
 RA Sano H., Sasaki D., Shibata K., Shibata Y., Shinagawa A., Shiraki T.,
 RA Sogabe Y., Suzuki H., Tagami M., Tagawa A., Takahashi F., Tanaka T.,
 RA Tejima Y., Toya T., Yamamura T., Yasunishi A., Yoshida K., Yoshino M.,
 RA Muramatsu M., Hayashizaki Y.;
 RL Submitted (JUL-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RESULT 8

ID Q90244 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 435 AA.
 AC Q90244;
 DT 01-JUN-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 17, Created)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Adult male kidney cDNA, RIKEN full-length enriched library,
 DE clone:0610030A17 product:hepsin, full insert sequence.
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RA Adachi J., Aizawa K., Akahira S., Akimura T., Arai A., Aono H.,
 RA Atakawa T., Bono H., Carninci P., Fukuda S., Fukunishi Y., Furuno M.,
 RA Hanagaki T., Hara A., Hayatsu N., Hiramoto K., Hiraoka T., Hori F.,
 RA Inotani K., Ishii Y., Itoh M., Izawa M., Kasukawa T., Kato H.,
 RA Kawai J., Kojima Y., Konno H., Kouda M., Koya S., Kurihara C.,
 RA Matsuyama T., Miyazaki A., Nishi K., Nomura K., Numazaki R., Ohno M.,
 RA Okazaki Y., Okido T., Owa C., Saito H., Saito R., Sakai C., Sakai K.,
 RA Sano H., Sasaki D., Shibata K., Shibata Y., Shinagawa A., Shiraki T.,
 RA Sogabe Y., Suzuki H., Tagami M., Tagawa A., Takahashi F., Tanaka T.,
 RA Tejima Y., Toya T., Yamamura T., Yasunishi A., Yoshida K., Yoshino M.,
 RA Muramatsu M., Hayashizaki Y.;
 RL Submitted (JUL-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=22354683; PubMed=12456851;
 RA The FANTOM Consortium;
 RT "Analysis of the mouse transcriptome based on functional annotation of
 60,770 full-length cDNAs.";
 RL Nature 420:563-573(2002).
 [3]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RN STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=21085660; PubMed=11217851;
 RA RIKEN FANTOM Consortium;
 RT "Functional annotation of a full-length mouse cDNA collection.";
 RL Nature 409:685-690(2001).
 [4]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RN STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=99279253; PubMed=10349636;
 RA Carninci P., Hayashizaki Y.;
 RT "High-efficiency full-length cDNA cloning.";
 RL Meth. Enzymol. 303:19-44(1999).
 [5]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RN STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=20499374; PubMed=11042159;
 RA Carninci P., Shibata Y., Hayatsu N., Sugahara Y., Shibata K., Itoh M.,
 Kono H., Okazaki Y., Muramatsu M., Hayashizaki Y.;
 RT "Normalization and subtraction of cap-trapper-selected cDNAs to
 prepare full-length cDNA libraries for rapid discovery of new genes.";
 RL Genome Res. 10:1617-1630(2000).
 [6]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RN STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Kidney;
 RX MEDLINE=20330913; PubMed=11076861;
 RA Shibata K., Itoh M., Aizawa K., Nagaoka S., Sasaki N., Carninci P.,
 Kono H., Akiyama J., Nishi K., Katsunai T., Tashiro H., Itoh M.,
 Sumi N., Ishii Y., Nakamura S., Hazama N., Nishine T., Harada A.,
 Yamamoto R., Matsumoto H., Sakaguchi S., Ikegami T., Kashiwagi K.,
 Fujiwaki S., Inoue K., Togawa Y., Izawa M., Ohara E., Watahiki M.,
 Yoneda Y., Ishikawa T., Ozawa K., Tanaka T., Matsumura S., Kawai J.,
 Okazaki Y., Muramatsu M., Inoue Y., Kira A., Hayashizaki Y.;
 RT "RIKEN integrated sequence analysis (RISA) system-384-format
 sequencing pipeline with 384 multicapillary sequencer.";
 RL Genome Res. 10:1757-1771(2000).
 DR EMBL; AK002694; BAB22289.2; -.
 SQ SEQUENCE 435 AA; 45944 MW; 019B2A9DE3EEF40 CRC64;

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 11; Length 435;
 Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.0051; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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Db 365 DAQCGDSGGPFV 376

RESULT 9

Q91674
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 AC Q91674;
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLrel. 01, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1998 (TREMBLrel. 08, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Polypeptidase.
 OS Xenopus laevis (African clawed frog).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Amphibia; Batrachia; Anura; Mesobatrachia; Pipidae; Pipidae;
 OC Xenopodinae; Xenopus.
 CX NCBI_TaxID=3355;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=99432219; PubMed=10500163;
 RA Lindsay L.L., Yang J.C., Hedrick J.L.;
 RT "Ovochymase, a Xenopus laevis egg extracellular protease, is
 translated as part of an unusual polypeptide.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:11253-11258(1999).
 [2]
 RN SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Yang J.C., Lindsay L.L., Hedrick J.L.;
 RT "cDNA Cloning of Ovochymase, a Chymotrypsin-like Protease Released
 From Xenopus laevis Eggs at Fertilization.";
 RL Submitted (MAR-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -|- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.
 CC -|- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 4 CUB DOMAINS.
 DR EMBL; U81290; AAC24717.1; -.
 DR HSP; P00763; IDPO.
 DR MEROPS; S01.022; -.
 DR MEROPS; S01.245; -.
 DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
 DR InterPro; IPR000859; CUB domain.
 DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
 DR Pfam; PF00431; CUB; 5.
 DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
 DR SMART; SM00042; CUB; 4.
 DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_Spc; 3.
 DR PROSITE; PS01180; CUB; 5.
 DR PROSITE; PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 3.
 DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 3.
 DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 3.
 KW Hydrolase; Protease; Serine protease.
 FT CHAIN 57 308 SERINE PROTEASE.
 FT CHAIN 584 817 SERINE PROTEASE.
 FT CHAIN 1295 1524 OVOCHYMASE.
 SQ SEQUENCE 1524 AA; 167566 MW; 32FE42128F37268 CRC64;

Query Match 95.7%; Score 66; DB 13; Length 1524;
 Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.018;
 Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 |||:|||||||

Db 241 DAQCGDSGGPFV 252

SQ SEQUENCE 420 AA; 47888 NW; 64522AA21A57B67A CRC64;

Query Match 92.8%; Score 64; DB 13; Length 420;
 Best Local Similarity 91.7%; Pred. No. 0.011;
 Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DACEGDSGGPFV 12
 I | | | | | | | | | |
 Db 359 DPCEGDSGGPFV 370

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:04
 Job time : 22.5161 secs

RESULT 10

Q90504 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 420 AA.

AC Q90504; 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TrEMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
 DE Thrombin.
 OS Eptatretus stoutii (Pacific hagfish).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Hyperotreti; Myxiniiformes;
 OC Myxiniidae; Eptacretinae; Eptatretus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=7765;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RC MEDLINE=92212913; PubMed=1557383;
 RA Banfield D.K., MacGillivray R.T.;
 RT "Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs:
 RT amplification and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from
 RT nine different species."
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:2779-2783(1992).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RC MEDLINE=94223694; PubMed=7513365;
 RA Banfield D.K., Irwin D.M., Walz D.A., MacGillivray R.T.;
 RT "Evolution of prothrombin: Isolation and characterization of the cDNAs
 RT encoding chicken and hagfish prothrombin."
 RL J. Mol. Evol. 38:177-187(1994).
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RA Banfield D.K.;
 RL Submitted (DEC-1991) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -|- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 KRINGLE DOMAIN.
 DR EMBL; M81393; AAA21620.1; -.
 DR HSSP; P00734; 1UUVS.
 DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.
 DR InterPro; IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
 DR InterPro; IPR000001; Kringle.
 DR InterPro; IPR003966; Prothrombin.
 DR InterPro; IPR001254; Ser_protease_Try.
 DR Pfam; PF00051; Kringle; 1.
 DR Pfam; PF00089; trypsin; 1.
 DR PRINTS; PR00722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
 DR PRINTS; PR00018; KRINGLE.
 DR PRINTS; PR01505; PROTHROMBIN.
 DR ProDom; PD000395; Kringle; 1.
 DR SMART; SM00130; KR; 1.
 DR SMART; SM00020; Tryp_SPC; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE1; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE2; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS0240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
 KW Hydrolase; Kringle; Protease; Serine protease.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:35:52 / Search time 49.7097 Seconds
(without alignments)
73.441 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-3

Perfect score: 131

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Scoring table:

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Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1107863

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,

and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Match %	Length	DB ID	Description
1	131	100.0	23	20	AAW83414
2	131	100.0	23	21	AA812893
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4	131	100.0	23	23	AA522563
5	131	100.0	23	23	AA520159
6	131	100.0	23	23	AAW50858
7	131	100.0	116	20	AAW99115
8	131	100.0	259	18	AAW11545
9	131	100.0	259	24	ABP60563
10	131	100.0	259	24	ABP60565
11	131	100.0	295	16	AA874775
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16	131	100.0	295	16	AA874780
17	131	100.0	295	16	AA876033
18	131	100.0	295	16	AA876034
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22	131	100.0	295	16	AA876038
23	131	100.0	295	16	AA876039
24	131	100.0	295	16	AA876040
25	131	100.0	295	18	AAW22892
26	131	100.0	295	21	AA808633
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28	131	100.0	308	20	ABP60564
29	131	100.0	308	20	AAW99109
30	131	100.0	376	14	AA841797
31	131	100.0	376	20	AAV42789
32	131	100.0	376	23	AAU10703
33	131	100.0	579	14	AA835763
34	131	100.0	579	18	AAW11546
35	131	100.0	579	18	AAW11544
36	131	100.0	579	20	AAW99108
37	131	100.0	615	14	AA838741
38	131	100.0	615	17	AA896216
39	131	100.0	615	17	AA890377
40	131	100.0	622	18	AAW11543
41	131	100.0	622	20	AAV43566
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44	124	94.7	308	20	AAW99107
45	124	94.7	582	20	AAW99106

ALIGNMENTS


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XX AAE22563;
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XX
XX 02-MAY-2001 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Human thrombin receptor binding domain peptide SEQ ID NO:8.
DE
XX
XX Neutrophil cell chemotactic; wound healing; inflammation; vulnerary;
KW
XX antiinflammatory.
KW
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX US6184342-B1.
FN
XX
XX 06-FEB-2001.
PD
XX
XX 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
PF
XX
XX 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
PR
XX
XX (CHRY-) CHRYSALIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
PA
XX
XX Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
PI
XX
XX WPI; 2001-202003/20.
DR
XX
XX New synthetic neutrophil cell chemotactic peptides, useful for
PT
XX generating antibodies for modulating neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
PT
XX response and wound healing -
PT
XX
XX Example 2; Column 6; 15pp; English.
PS
XX
XX The present invention describes a synthetic peptide (I) which is a
CC
XX neutrophil cell chemotactic agent. (I) has vulnerary and
CC
XX antiinflammatory activities. (I) is useful as a potent neutrophil cell
CC
XX chemotactic agent and for generating antibodies against the peptides,
CC
XX which are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site
CC
XX for enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects of wound
CC
XX healing. Neutrophil response to (I) is specific, since monocytes and
CC
XX fibroblasts do not show any expression of the receptor to which (I)
CC
XX binds. The present sequence represents a human thrombin receptor binding
CC
XX domain peptide which is used in an example from the present invention.
XX
XX
XX Sequence 23 AA;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 22; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
Db 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
RESULT 4
AAE22563
ID AAE22563 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

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XX AAE22563;
AC
XX
XX 26-JUL-2002 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Human thrombin high affinity receptor binding domain.
DE
XX
XX Human; proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin; neutrophil;
KW
XX chemotactic agent; PART; inflammation; wound healing; chemotaxis;
KW
XX immune response; vulnerary; thrombin; receptor binding domain.
KW
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX US2002032314-A1.
FN
XX
XX 14-MAR-2002.
PD
XX
XX 05-FEB-2001; 2001US-0777328.
PF
XX
XX 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
PR
XX
XX (CHRY-) CHRYSALIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
PA
XX
XX Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
PI
XX
XX WPI; 2002-371207/40.
DR
XX
XX New synthetic peptide neutrophil cell chemotactic agents, useful for
PT
XX stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration,
PT
XX particularly for modulating neutrophil recruitment during immune
PT
XX response or in wound healing -
PT
XX
XX Example 2; Page 3; 15pp; English.
PS
XX
XX The present invention relates to novel synthetic peptides and antibodies
CC
XX which are potent chemotactic agents for neutrophils. The peptides of the
CC
XX invention mimic the activity and role of the cleavage fragment of the
CC
XX proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin (PART). They are useful
CC
XX for stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration or
CC
XX for generating an antibody. In particular, the peptides of the invention
CC
XX are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site for
CC
XX enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects in wound healing.
CC
XX They are also useful for modulated neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
CC
XX response. The present sequence is high affinity receptor binding
CC
XX domain of human thrombin. This peptide is used in the exemplification
CC
XX of the invention.
XX
XX
XX Sequence 23 AA;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
Db 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

```

```

RESULT 5
AAE20159
ID AAE20159 standard; peptide; 23 AA.
XX
AC AAE20159;
XX
DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
XX
DE Human thrombin peptide derivative #2.
XX
KW Cartilage growth; cartilage repair; arthritic joint; traumatic injury;
KW non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor; NPAR; chondrocyte;
KW therapy; implantation; thrombin peptide; human.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200207748-A2.
XX
PD 31-JAN-2002.
XX
PF 19-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US22669.
XX
PR 20-JUL-2000; 2000US-219800P.
XX
PA (TEXA ) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
XX
PI Carney DH, Crowther RS, Stiernberg J, Bergmann J;
XX
DR WPI; 2002-268953/31.
XX
PT Stimulating growth and repair of cartilage, useful for treating e.g.
PT arthritis, by local administration of an agonist of non-proteolytically
PT activated thrombin receptor -
XX
PS Claim 12; Page 25; 28pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a method of stimulating growth and repair of
CC cartilage. The method involves administering to the site, an agonist
CC of non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor (NPAR). The method
CC is used in human or veterinary medicine for the treatment of arthritic
CC joints and damage/loss of cartilage caused by traumatic injury. Also
CC chondrocytes may be cultured in presence of NPAR agonist to provide
CC cells for implantation at sites requiring growth/repair of cartilage.
CC The present sequence is human thrombin peptide derivative which serves
CC as a NPAR agonist.
XX
SQ Sequence 23 AA;
Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 6
AA50858
ID AA50858 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.
XX
AC AA50858;
XX
DT 01-MAY-2002 (first entry)
XX
DE Thrombin-derived peptide used to promote cardiac tissue repair.
XX
KW Thrombin; revascularisation; vascular occlusion; tissue repair;
KW vulnerability; vasotropic; cardiant; angiogenesis; restenosis;
KW therapy; human.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200204008-A2.
XX
PD 17-JAN-2002.
XX
PF 12-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US21944.
XX
PR 12-JUL-2000; 2000US-217583P.
XX
PA (TEXA ) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
XX
PI Carney DH;
XX
DR WPI; 2002-179665/23.
XX
PT Promoting cardiac tissue repair, stimulating revascularisation,
PT stimulating vascular endothelial cell proliferation, and inhibiting
PT vascular occlusion by using angiogenic thrombin derivative peptide -
XX
PS Claim 4; Page 19; 24pp; English.
XX
CC The present peptide comprises a thrombin-derived peptide, TP508,
CC that includes a thrombin receptor binding domain sequence (see also
CC AA50856) and a serine esterase conserved sequence (see also
CC AA50857). The peptide is used in a claimed method for promoting
CC cardiac tissue repair. It is administered during or following
CC cardiac surgery by injection into cardiac tissue, and may be
CC formulated as a sustained release formulation. The thrombin
CC derivative peptide is also used in claimed methods of stimulating
CC revascularisation, stimulating vascular endothelial cell
CC proliferation, inhibiting vascular occlusion, and inhibiting
CC restenosis following balloon angioplasty, in which case it may be
CC coated onto the catheter.
XX
SQ Sequence 23 AA;

```


DR WPI; 1997-065455/06.

XX Prothrombin mutants with reduced clotting activity - useful as

PT antagonists of thrombin inhibitors or for anticoagulant therapy

XX

XX

PS Example 3; Page -; 73pp; German.

XX

XX Prothrombin mutants having one or more changes in amino acid sequence

CC compared with the natural protein and having 0-10% (preferably 0-0.25%)

CC of the activity of the natural protein are claimed, provided that the

CC changes in amino acid sequence do not affect the capacity of the

CC mutants to bind to specific ligands and receptors. The mutants have

CC greatly reduced clotting activity and are useful as antagonists of

CC thrombin inhibitors such as hirudin, heparin and anti-thrombin III.

CC The mutations may also result in changes to the in vivo half-life

CC of prothrombin. The half-life may be reduced to less than 10 minutes

CC or the mutant prothrombin may have an extended half-life of more than

CC 1 hour, making it useful as an anticoagulant and to inhibit side-

CC effects of anti-coagulant treatment. They are converted to inactive

CC thrombin and are able to compete with native, active thrombin for

CC binding to receptors. The present sequence represents the thrombin

CC mutant which is derived by trypsin cleavage of a specifically

CC claimed human prothrombin mutant in which Asp at position 419 is

CC changed to Asn. The thrombin Asn99 mutant was found to have only

CC 0.24% of the activity of wild-type thrombin on a chromogenic

CC substrate.

CC (Note: This sequence does not appear in the specification and has

CC been produced by modifying the wild-type sequence of human

CC prothrombin which appears in figure 1).

XX

XX SQ Sequence 259 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 18; Length 259;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

DB 188 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210

RESULT 9

ID ABP60563

XX ABP60563 standard; protein; 259 AA.

XX AC ABP60563;

XX 28-MAR-2003 (first entry)

XX Human thrombin variant W215A B-chain.

XX Human; thrombin; W215A; anticoagulant; prothrombin; antithrombotic;

XX thrombus; protein C activation.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Misc-difference 229 /note= "Wild-type Trp substituted by Ala"

XX WO2002100337-A2.

XX 19-DEC-2002.

XX 07-JUN-2002; 2002WO-US18211.

XX 08-JUN-2001; 2001US-297089P.

XX (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.

XX Gruber A, Hanson SR, Di Cera E;

XX WPI; 2003-156907/15.

XX New variant thrombin, useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting

XX the formation of a thrombus, for determining the level of protein C

XX activation in a blood sample, or for determining the thrombogenic

XX potential of a patient -

XX Claim 15; Fig 2; 95pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a novel variant human thrombin. The thrombin

XX variant of the invention has anticoagulant activity. The variant thrombin

XX or prothrombin is useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting the

XX formation of a thrombus. The variant thrombin is also useful for

XX determining the level of protein C activation in a blood sample or the

XX thrombogenic potential of a patient. The present sequence represents the

XX B-chain of the thrombin variant W215A.

XX SQ Sequence 259 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 24; Length 259;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

DB 188 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210

RESULT 10

ID ABP60565

XX ABP60565 standard; protein; 259 AA.

XX AC ABP60565;

XX 28-MAR-2003 (first entry)

XX Human thrombin variant W215A/E217A B-chain.

XX Human; thrombin; W215A/E217A; anticoagulant; prothrombin; antithrombotic;

XX thrombus; protein C activation.

XX Homo sapiens.

AA7776	Query Match	100.04;	Score 131;	DB 16;	Length 295;
ID	AA7776 standard; Protein; 295 AA.	Best Local Similarity	100.04;	Pred. No. 3.3e-07;	
XX		Matches 23;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 0;	Indels 0;
XX					Gaps 0;
AC	AA7776;				
XX					
DT	25-MAR-2003 (updated)				
DT	04-NOV-1995 (first entry)				
XX					
DE	Mutant thrombin K52A, R233A.				
XX					
XX					
KW	Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;				
KW	anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.				
XX					
OS	Homo sapiens.				
XX					
PH	Key	Location/Qualifiers			
FT	Misc-difference 88	/note= "Lys in wild-type"			
FT	Misc-difference 269	/note= "Arg in wild-type"			
FT	Protein	37..295			
FT		/note= "mature protein"			
XX					
PN	W09513385-A2.				
XX					
PD	18-MAY-1995.				
XX					
PF	14-NOV-1994;	94WO-US13104.			
XX					
PR	10-JUN-1994;	94US-0258038.			
PR	12-NOV-1993;	93US-0152657.			
XX					
XX					
PA	(GILE-) GILEAD SCI.				
XX					
PI	Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;				
XX					
DR	WPI; 1995-194103/25.				
XX					
PT	Thrombin derives with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities				
PT	useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,				
PT	treatment of tumours, etc.				
XX					
XX					
PS	Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.				
XX					
CC	The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed				
CC	mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is				
CC	capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen				
CC	clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio				
CC	of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than				
CC	0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin				
CC	is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,				
CC	and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during				
CC	cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.				
CC	(Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)				
XX					
XX	Sequence 295 AA;				

CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 DB 224 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

RESULT 14
 AAR74778
 ID AAR74778 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 AC AAR74778;
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX Mutant thrombin E229F.
 DE
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265
 FT Protein /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 84US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 PA (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX
 PI Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
 XX WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 DR
 XX Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumours, etc.

XX Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 PS
 CC The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 DB 224 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

RESULT 15
 AAR74779
 ID AAR74779 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 AC AAR74779;
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX Mutant thrombin E229S.
 DE
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265
 FT Protein /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 PA (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.

XX Gibbs CS, Leung LK, Tsiang M;
 XX WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 XX Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumours, etc.
 XX Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 XX The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 Db 224 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

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 Job time : 50.7097 secs

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model
 Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:49:07 ; Search time 15.5806 Seconds
 (without alignments)
 141.963 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-3
 Perfect score: 131
 Sequence: 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 Scoring table: BLOSUM62
 Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5
 Searched: 263308 seqs, 96168682 residues
 Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 263308

Minimum DB seq length: 0
 Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000
 Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
 Maximum Match 100%
 Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR_76:
 1: pir1:
 2: pir2:
 3: pir3:
 4: pir4:

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
 score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
 and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	131	100.0	622	1 TBHJ	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
2	127	96.9	236	2 C42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
3	124	94.7	623	1 TBBO	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
4	118	90.1	234	2 F42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
5	113	86.3	235	2 D42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
6	113	86.3	235	2 E42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
7	110	84.0	236	2 I42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
8	109	83.2	239	2 G42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
9	102	77.9	617	2 S10511	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
10	102	77.9	618	2 A35827	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
11	89	67.9	235	2 H42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
12	71.5	54.6	417	1 S00845	hepsin (EC 3.4.21.
13	71	54.2	461	1 RARU	protein C (activat

14 70.5 53.8 482 1 EXRT coagulation factor
15 70.5 53.8 638 1 KQHUP plasma kallikrein
16 69.5 53.1 275 2 S40007 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
17 69.5 53.1 1524 2 T30337 polyprotein - Afri
18 68.5 52.3 161 2 T30337 coagulation factor
19 68.5 52.3 488 1 EXHU coagulation factor
20 68.5 52.3 1019 2 A38738 coagulation factor
21 67.5 51.5 161 2 I48158 coagulation factor
22 67.5 51.5 282 2 I84621 coagulation factor
23 67.5 51.5 459 2 JQ0419 coagulation factor
24 67.5 51.5 475 1 EXCH plasma kallikrein
25 67.5 51.5 638 1 KQMSPL probable serine pr
26 67 51.1 225 2 S45356 trypsin-like prote
27 67 51.1 264 2 S32794 coagulation factor
28 66.5 50.8 309 2 B49878 oviductin (EC 3.4.
29 66.5 50.8 1004 2 T30338 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
30 65.5 50.0 267 2 S40006 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
31 65.5 50.0 274 2 S33339 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
32 65.5 50.0 275 2 S40005 trypsin (EC 3.4.21
33 65.5 50.0 277 2 S35340 plasma kallikrein
34 65.5 50.0 638 1 KQRTPL serine proteinase
35 64.5 49.2 237 2 S55378 trypsin-like prote
36 64.5 49.2 238 1 TRWV5Y complement factor
37 64 48.9 191 2 S54115 protein C (activat
38 64 48.9 246 1 DEHU nuclel protein prec
39 64 48.9 456 1 KXBO coagulation factor
40 64 48.9 2616 2 A57096 protein C (activat
41 63.5 48.5 625 1 KFHU1 coagulation factor
42 63 48.1 461 1 JX0210 limulus clotting e
43 62.5 47.7 375 1 A23689 hepsin (EC 3.4.21.
44 62.5 47.7 416 1 S33777 coagulation factor
45 62.5 47.7 492 1 EXBO coagulation factor

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

THBU
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor [validated] - human
N/Alternate names: coagulation factor II
N/Contains: prothrombin
C/Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C/Date: 30-Nov-1980 #sequence revision 22-Jul-1994 #text change 08-Dec-2000
C/Accession: A29351; A00914; E00914; A37549; A37550; I51952
R/Degen, S.J.F.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 26, 6163-6177, 1987
A/Title: Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.
A/Reference number: A29351; MUID:88077877; PMID:2825773
A/Accession: A29351
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 1-622 <DEG>
A/Cross-references: GB:M17262; GB:M33691; NID:g556069; PIDN:AAC63054.1;
PID:g339641
R/Degen, S.J.F.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.; Davie, E.W.
Biochemistry 22, 2087-2097, 1983

A/Title: Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene coding for human prothrombin.
A/Reference number: A00914; MUID:83231469; PMID:6305407
A/Accession: A00914
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 8-163, 'N', 165-622 <DE2>
A/Cross-references: GB:V00595; GB:J00307; NID:g37128; PIDN:CAA23842.1;
PID:g1335344
A/Accession: B00914
A/Molecule type: DNA
A/Residues: 188-311 <DE3>
R/Walz, D.A.; Hewett-Evans, D.; Seegers, W.H.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74, 1989-1972, 1977
A/Reference number: A37549; MUID:77193964; PMID:266717
A/Accession: A37549
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 44-118, 'N', 120, 'S', 122-163, 'I', 165-175, 'A', 177-182, 'T', 184-193, 'WV', 196-308, 'EE', 309-314 <WAL>
R/Burkowski, R.J.; Eliot, J.; Downing, M.R.; Mann, K.G.
J. Biol. Chem. 252, 4942-4957, 1977
A/Title: Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.
A/Reference number: A37550; MUID:77207112; PMID:873923
A/Accession: A37550
A/Molecule type: protein
A/Residues: 315-334, 'N', 336-348, 'N', 350-368, 'N', 370-397, 'N', 399-413, 'N', 415-484, 'N', 486-493, 'G', 495-503, 'Y', 505-508, 'S', 510, 'V', 512-513, 'D', 515-528, 'AL', 531, 'Q', 533-622 <BUT>
R/Kabat, M.J.; Blaschke, A.; Furie, B.; Furie, B.C.
J. Biol. Chem. 261, 13210-13215, 1986
A/Reference number: A37551; MUID:87008532; PMID:3759958
A/Contents: annotation; activation cleavages
R/MacGillivray, R.T.; Irwin, D.M.; Guinto, E.R.; Stone, J.C.
Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. 485, 73-79, 1986
A/Title: Recombinant genetic approaches to functional mapping of thrombin.
A/Reference number: I51952; MUID:87182874; PMID:3471151
A/Accession: I51952
A/Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DDBJ
A/Molecule type: mRNA
A/Residues: 1-2, 'RI', 5-100 <RES>
A/Cross-references: GB:M33031; NID:g190723; PIDN:AAA60220.1; PID:g190724
C/Comment: Thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C.
C/Comment: Prothrombin is activated on the surface of a phospholipid membrane that binds the amino end of prothrombin and factors Va and Xa in calcium-dependent interactions. The activation peptide(s) can be removed either by factor Xa or thrombin; the cleavage into light and heavy chains is by factor Xa. It is not known whether one or two smaller activation peptides, with additional cleavage after 314-Arg, are released in natural blood clotting.
C/Comment: The cleavage after Arg-198, observed in vitro, does not occur in plasma.
C/Comment: The gamma-carboxyglutanyl residues bind calcium ions, result from the carboxylation of glutamyl residues by microsomal vitamin K-dependent carboxylase, and are necessary for calcium-dependent interaction with the negatively charged phospholipid membrane surface.
C/Comment: The prothrombin precursor is synthesized in the liver.
C/Genetics:

```

C:Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F:1-227/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>
Query Match          96.9%;   Score 127;   DS 2;   Length 236;
Best Local Similarity 95.7%;   Pred. No. 2.6e-10;
Matches 22; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy      1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
      |||||:|||||
Db      165 AGYKPEEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 187

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:57
Job time : 16.5806 secs

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GenCore version 5.1.1.6
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2004 CompuGen Ltd.
OM protein - protein search, using sw model
Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:36:52 ; Search time 9.64516 Seconds
(without alignments)
112.141 Million cell updates/sec
Title: US-10-050-611-3
Perfect score: 131
Sequence: 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGFV 23
Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5
Searched: 127863 seqs, 47026705 residues 127863
Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters:
Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000
Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries
Database : SwissProt_41:*

ALIGNMENTS

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES				SUMMARIES	
Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	131	100.0	622	1	THR_HUMAN
2	124	94.7	623	1	THR_BOVIN
3	102	77.9	617	1	THR_RAT
4	102	77.9	618	1	THR_MOUSE
5	73.5	56.1	290	1	MEN_HUMAN
6	71.5	54.6	417	1	HEPS_HUMAN
7	71.3	54.6	436	1	HEPS_MOUSE
8	71	54.2	161	1	PRTC_MACRUS
9	71	54.2	461	1	PRTC_HUMAN
10	70.5	53.8	638	1	KAL_HUMAN
11	70	53.4	281	1	TRY2_DROER
12	69.5	53.1	275	1	TRY3_ANOGA
13	68.5	52.3	488	1	FA10_HUMAN
14	68.5	52.3	1019	1	LFC_CARRO
15	68.5	52.3	1019	1	LFC_TACTR
16	68	51.9	458	1	PRTC_RABIT
17	67.5	51.5	282	1	FA9_RAT

RESULT 1
ID THR_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 622 AA.
AC P00734;
DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)
DT 01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5) (Coagulation factor II).
GN F2.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=88077877; PubMed=2825773;
RA Degen S.J.F., Davie E.W.;
RT "Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.";
RL Biochemistry 26:6169-6177(1987).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A., AND VARIANT MET-165.
RA Rieder M.J., Armel T.Z., Carrington D.P., Chung M.-W., Lee K.L., RA Oruna K., Peel C.L., Toth E.J., Yi Q., Nickerson D.A.;
RL Submitted (JAN-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBSJ databases.

RN [3] SEQUENCE OF 8-622 FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=83231469; PubMed=6305407;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McGillivray R.A., Davie E.W.;
 RT "Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene
 coding for human prothrombin.";
 RL Biochemistry 22:2087-2097(1983).
 RN [4]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 44-314.
 RX MEDLINE=77193964; PubMed=266717;
 RA Walz D.A., Hewett-Emslett D., Seegers W.H.;
 RT "Amino acid sequence of human prothrombin fragments 1 and 2.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74:1969-1972(1977).
 RN [5]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 315-622.
 RX MEDLINE=77207112; PubMed=873923;
 RA Burkowski R.J., Ellison J., Downing M.R., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 252:4942-4957(1977).
 RN [6]
 RP PROCESSING.
 RX MEDLINE=87008532; PubMed=3759958;
 RA Rabiet M.J., Blashill A., Furlie B., Furlie B.C.;
 RT "Prothrombin fragment 1 X 2 X 3, a major product of prothrombin
 activation in human plasma.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:13210-13215(1986).
 RN [7]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (1.9 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=90059942; PubMed=2583108;
 RA Bode W., Mayr I., Baumann U., Huber R., Stone S.R., Hofsteenge J.;
 RT "The refined 1.9 A crystal structure of human alpha-thrombin:
 interaction with D-Phe-Pro-Arg chloromethylketone and significance of
 the Tyr-Pro-Tyr insertion segment.";
 RL EMBO J. 8:3467-3475(1989).
 RN [8]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=90327074; PubMed=2374926;
 RA Rydel T.J., Ravichandran K.G., Tulinsky A., Bode W., Huber R.,
 RA Roitsch C., Fenton J.W. II;
 RT "The structure of a complex of recombinant hirudin and human alpha-
 thrombin.";
 RL Science 249:277-280(1990).
 RN [9]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.5 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=94350942; PubMed=8071320;
 RA Rydel T.J., Yin M., Padmanabhan K.P., Blankenship D.T., Cardin A.D.,
 RA Correa P.E., Fenton J.W. II, Tulinsky A.;
 RT "Crystallographic structure of human gamma-thrombin.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 269:22000-22006(1994).
 RN [10]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=97357286; PubMed=9214615;
 RA van de Lecht A., Bode W., Huber R., le Bonniec B.F., Stone S.R.,
 RA Esmen C.T., Stubbs M.T.;
 RT "The thrombin E192Q-BPTI complex reveals gross structural
 rearrangements: implications for the interaction with antithrombin
 and thrombomodulin.";

RL EMBO J. 16:2977-2984(1997).
 RN [11]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.1 ANGSTROMS) OF 328-601.
 RX MEDLINE=99162521; PubMed=10051598;
 RA Guinto E.R., Caccia S., Rose T., Fueterer K., Waksman G., di Cera E.;
 RT "Unexpected crucial role of residue 423 in serine proteases.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:1852-1857(1999).
 RN [12]
 RP VARIANT BARCELONA.
 RX MEDLINE=87033739; PubMed=3771562;
 RA Rabiet M.-J., Furlie B.C., Furlie B.;
 RT "Molecular defect of prothrombin Barcelona. Substitution of cysteine
 for arginine at residue 273.";
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:15045-15048(1986).
 RN [13]
 RP VARIANT FRANKFURT.
 RX MEDLINE=95313001; PubMed=7792730;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McDowell S.A., Sparks L.M., Scharer I.;
 RT "Prothrombin Frankfurt: a dysfunctional prothrombin characterized by
 substitution of Glu-466 by Ala.";
 RL Thromb. Haemost. 73:203-209(1995).
 RN [14]
 RP VARIANTS HIMI-1 AND HIMI-2.
 RX MEDLINE=93043342; PubMed=1421398;
 RA Morishita E., Saito M., Kumabashiri I., Asakura H., Matsuda T.,
 RA Yamaguchi K.;
 RT "Prothrombin Himi: a compound heterozygote for two dysfunctional
 prothrombin molecules (Met-337-->Thr and Arg-388-->His).";
 RL Blood 80:2275-2280(1992).
 RN [15]
 RP VARIANT PADUA-1.
 RX MEDLINE=95169898; PubMed=7865694;
 RA James H.L., Kim D.J., Zheng D.-Q., Girolami A.;
 RT "Prothrombin Padua I: incomplete activation due to an amino acid
 substitution at a factor Xa cleavage site.";
 RL Blood Coagul. Fibrinolysis 5:841-844(1994).
 RN [16]
 RP VARIANT QUICK-1.
 RX MEDLINE=89207504; PubMed=3242619;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Identification of the primary structural defect in the dysthrombin
 thrombin Quick I: substitution of cysteine for arginine-382.";
 RL Biochemistry 27:9160-9163(1988).
 RN [17]
 RP VARIANT QUICK-2.
 RX MEDLINE=89247398; PubMed=2719946;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Substitution of valine for glycine-558 in the congenital dysthrombin
 thrombin Quick II alters primary substrate specificity.";
 RL Biochemistry 28:2078-2082(1989).
 RN [18]
 RP VARIANT SALAKTA.
 RX MEDLINE=92378975; PubMed=1354985;
 RA Miyata T., Aruga R., Uneyama H., Bezeaud A., Guillin M.-C.,
 RA Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Salakta: substitution of glutamic acid-466 by alanine
 reduces the fibrinogen clotting activity and the esterase activity.";

RL Biochemistry 31:7457-7462 (1992).

RN [19]

RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.

RX MEDLINE=87189407; PubMed=3567159;

RA Miyata T., Morita T., Inomoto T., Kawauchi S., Shirakami A.,

RA Iwanaga S.;

RT "Prothrombin Tokushima, a replacement of arginine-418 by tryptophan

RT that impairs the fibrinogen clotting activity of derived thrombin

RT Tokushima.";

RL Biochemistry 26:1117-1122 (1987).

RN [20]

RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.

RX MEDLINE=87101511; PubMed=3801671;

RA Inomoto T., Shirakami A., Kawauchi S., Shigekiyo T., Saito S.,

RA Miyoshi K., Morita T., Iwanaga S.;

RT "Prothrombin Tokushima: characterization of dysfunctional thrombin

RT derived from a variant of human prothrombin.";

RL Blood 69:565-569 (1987).

RN [21]

RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.

RX MEDLINE=92256895; PubMed=1349838;

RA Iwahana H., Yoshimoto K., Shigekiyo T., Shirakami A., Saito S.,

RA Itakura M.;

RT "Detection of a single base substitution of the gene for prothrombin

RT Tokushima. The application of PCR-SSCP for the genetic and molecular

RT analysis of dysprothrombinemia.";

RL Int. J. Hematol. 55:93-100 (1992).

RN [22]

RP VARIANT TYPE-3.

RX MEDLINE=83204687; PubMed=6405779;

RA Board P.G., Shaw D.C.;

RT "Determination of the amino acid substitution in human prothrombin

RT type 3 (157 Glu leads to Lys) and the localization of a third

RT thrombin cleavage site.";

RL Br. J. Haematol. 54:245-254 (1983).

RN [23]

RP VARIANTS MET-165 AND THR-386.

RX MEDLINE=99318093; PubMed=10391209;

RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,

RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Neneesh J., Ziaugra L.,

RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.Q.,

RA Lander E.S.;

RT "Characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in coding regions

RT of human genes.";

RL Nat. Genet. 22:231-238 (1999).

RN [24]

RP ERRATUM.

RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,

RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Neneesh J., Ziaugra L.,

RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.Q.,

RA Lander E.S.;

RL Nat. Genet. 23:373-373 (1999).

CC -!- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS

CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,

CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.

CC -!- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-|-Gly; activates

CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.

CC

-!- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Extracellular.

-!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN THE LIVER; FOUND IN PLASMA.

-!- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,

CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSMAL

CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES

CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY

CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 1; Length 622;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e-10;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

Db 551 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 573

RESULT 2

THR_BOVIN

ID THR_BOVIN STANDARD; PRT; 625 AA.

AC P00735;

DT 21-JUL-1996 (Rel. 01, Created)

DT 01-APR-1990 (Rel. 14, Last sequence update)

DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)

DE Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5).

GN F2.

OS Bos taurus (Bovine).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Ruminantia; Pecora; Bovidae;

OC Bovidae; Bovinae; Bos.

OX NCBI_TaxID=9913;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RX MEDLINE=88245190; PubMed=3379642;

RA Irwin D.M., Robertson K.A., Macgillivray R.T.A.;

RT "Structure and evolution of the bovine prothrombin gene.";

RL J. Mol. Biol. 200:31-45 (1988).

RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RX MEDLINE=84203525; PubMed=6326805;

RA McGillivray R.T.A., Davie E.W.;

RT "Characterization of bovine prothrombin mRNA and its translation

RT product.";

RL Biochemistry 23:1626-1634 (1984).

RN [3]

RP SEQUENCE OF 44-625, DISULFIDE BONDS, AND CARBOHYDRATE-LINKAGE SITES.

RA Magnusson S., Sottrup-Jensen L., Petersen T.E., Claess H.;

RL (In) Hemker H.C., Velthuis J.J. (eds.).

RL Biothraave symposium on prothrombin and related coagulation factors,

RL pp.25-46, Leiden University Press, Leiden (1975).

RN [4]

RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.8 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.

RX MEDLINE=86296631; PubMed=3741841;

RA Park C.H., Tullinsky A.;

RT "Three-dimensional structure of the kringle sequence: structure of

RT prothrombin fragment 1.";

RL Biochemistry 25:3977-3982 (1986).

RN [5] X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.25 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RP MEDLINE=91311686; PubMed=1856869;
 RX Seshadri T.-P., Tulinsky A., Skrzypczak-Jankun E., Park C.H.;
 RA "Structure of bovine prothrombin fragment 1 refined at 2.25-A
 RT resolution."; J. Mol. Biol. 220:481-494(1991).
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 220:481-494(1991).
 RN [6] X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.2 ANGSTROMS) OF ACTIVATION PEPTIDE 1.
 RP MEDLINE=92190185; PubMed=1547238;
 RX Soriano-Garcia M., Padmanabhan K., de Vos A.M., Tulinsky A.;
 RA "The Ca²⁺ ion and membrane binding structure of the Gla domain of Ca-
 RT prothrombin fragment 1."; Biochemistry 31:2554-2566(1992).
 RL Biochemistry 31:2554-2566(1992).
 RN [7] X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RP MEDLINE=92218459; PubMed=1560020;
 RX Martin P.D., Robertson W., Turk D., Huber R., Bode W., Edwards B.F.P.;
 RA "The structure of residues 7-16 of the A alpha-chain of human
 RT fibrinogen bound to bovine thrombin at 2.3-A resolution."; J.
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 267:17911-17920(1992).
 RN [8] X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RP MEDLINE=92389319; PubMed=1518046;
 RX Brandstatter H., Turk D., Hoeffken H.W., Grosse D., Stuerzebecher J.,
 RA Martin P.D., Edwards B.F.P., Bode W.;
 RT "Refined 2.3 A X-ray crystal structure of bovine thrombin complexes
 RT formed with the benzamide and arginine-based thrombin inhibitors
 RT NAPAP, 4-TAPAP and MOPA. A starting point for improving
 RT antithrombotics."; J. Mol. Biol. 226:1085-1089(1992).
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 226:1085-1089(1992).
 RN [9] X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (3.1 ANGSTROMS) OF COMPLEX WITH ORNITHODORIN.
 RP MEDLINE=97102783; PubMed=8947023;
 RX van de Locht A., Stubbs M.T., Bode W., Friedrich T., Bollschweiler C.,
 RA Hoeffken W., Huber R.;
 RT "The ornithodorin-thrombin crystal structure, a key to the TAP
 RT enigma?"; EMBO J. 15:6011-6017(1996).
 RL EMBO J. 15:6011-6017(1996).
 RN [10] X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.6 ANGSTROMS) OF COMPLEX WITH TRIABIN.
 RP MEDLINE=98004486; PubMed=9342325;
 RX Fuentes-Prior P., Noeske-Jungblut C., Donner P., Schleuning W.D.,
 RA Huber R., Bode W.;
 RT "Structure of the thrombin complex with triabin, a lipocalin-like
 RT exosite-binding inhibitor derived from a triatomine bug."; Proc.
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94:11845-11850(1997).
 RN [11] GENE STRUCTURE.
 RP MEDLINE=86077733; PubMed=3000440;
 RX Irwin D.M., Ahern K.G., Pearson G.D., McGillivray R.T.A.;
 RA "Characterization of the bovine prothrombin gene."; Biochemistry
 RL Biochemistry 24:6854-6861(1985).
 CC -|- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
 CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
 CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
 CC -|- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-|-Gly; activates

CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.
 CC -|- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Extracellular.
 CC -|- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN THE LIVER; FOUND IN PLASMA.
 CC -|- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
 CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOMAL
 CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
 CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
 CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION
 CC OF PROTHROMBIN TO THROMBIN.
 CC -|- MISCELLANEOUS: PROTHROMBIN IS ACTIVATED ON THE SURFACE OF A
 CC PHOSPHOLIPID MEMBRANE THAT BINDS THE AMINO END OF PROTHROMBIN &
 CC FACTORS VA & XA IN CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTIONS; FACTOR XA REMOVES
 CC THE ACTIVATION PEPTIDE & CLEAVES THE REMAINING PART INTO LIGHT &
 CC HEAVY CHAINS. THE ACTIVATION PROCESS STARTS SLOWLY BECAUSE FACTOR
 CC V ITSELF HAS TO BE ACTIVATED BY THE INITIAL, SMALL AMOUNTS OF
 CC THROMBIN.
 CC -|- MISCELLANEOUS: THROMBIN CAN ITSELF CLEAVE THE AMINO TERMINAL
 CC FRAGMENT (FRAGMENT 1) OF THE PROTHROMBIN, PRIOR TO ITS ACTIVATION
 CC BY FACTOR XA.
 CC -|- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO PEPTIDASE FAMILY S1.
 CC -|- SIMILARITY: Contains 2 kringle domains.
 CC -|- DATABASE: NAMEProzyme technical fact sheet;
 CC WWW="http://www.prozyme.com/technical/thrombindata.html".
 CC -----
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 CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
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 CC -----
 CC EMBL; V00135; CAA23451.1; -.
 CC EMBL; J00041; AAA30781.1; -.
 DR PIR; S02637; IREBO.
 DR PDB; 1BBY; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB; 1ETR; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB; 1ETS; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB; 1ETT; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB; 1HRT; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB; 2PE1; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB; 2PF2; 31-JAN-94.
 DR PDB; 2SPT; 31-MAY-94.
 DR PDB; 1MKW; 07-JUL-97.
 DR PDB; 1MKX; 07-JUL-97.
 DR PDB; 1TBQ; 14-OCT-96.
 DR PDB; 1TBR; 14-OCT-96.
 DR PDB; 1TOC; 23-JUL-97.
 DR PDB; 1VIT; 21-APR-97.
 DR PDB; 1YCP; 06-MAY-98.
 DR PDB; 1A0H; 17-JUN-98.
 DR PDB; 1AVG; 16-FEB-99.
 DR PDB; 1ETH; 24-DEC-97.
 DR PDB; 1ID5; 12-SEP-01.
 DR PDB; 1UVT; 19-NOV-97.
 DR PDB; 2HEP; 31-JAN-94.
 DR MEROPS; S01.217; -.

DR InterPro: IPR001314; Chymotrypsin.
DR InterPro: IPR002383; GLA blood.
DR InterPro: IPR000001; Kringle.
DR InterPro: IPR003966; Prothrombin.
DR InterPro: IPR001294; Ser_protease_Try.
DR InterPro: IPR000294; VitK_dep_GLA.
DR Pfam: PF00594; gla; 1.
DR Pfam: PF00051; Kringle; 2.
DR Pfam: PF00089; trypsin; 1.
DR PRINTS; PRO0722; CHYMOTRYPSIN.
DR PRINTS; PRO0001; GLABLOOD.
DR PRINTS; PRO018; KRINGLE.
DR PRINTS; PRO013; KRINGLE.
DR PRINTS; PRO1505; PROTHROMBIN.
DR ProDom: PD000395; Kringle; 2.
DR SMART; SMC0069; GLA; 1.
DR SMART; SMC0130; KR; 2.
DR SMART; SMC0020; TRYP_SPE; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00011; GLU_CARBOXYLATION; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00021; KRINGLE_1; 2.
DR PROSITE; PS00070; KRINGLE_2; 2.
DR PROSITE; PS00240; TRYPSIN_DOM; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00134; TRYPSIN_HIS; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00135; TRYPSIN_SER; 1.
KW Blood coagulation; Plasma; Calcium-binding; Glycoprotein; Repeat;
KW Vitamin K; Zymogen; Gamma-carboxyglutamic acid; Acute phase; Liver;
KW Hydrolase; Serine protease; Kringle; Signal; 3D-structure.
FT SIGNAL 1 24 POTENTIAL.
FT PROPEP 25 43
FT CHAIN 44 625 PROTHROMBIN.
FT PEPTIDE 44 199 ACTIVATION PEPTIDE (FRAGMENT 1).
FT PEPTIDE 200 317 ACTIVATION PEPTIDE (FRAGMENT 2).
FT CHAIN 318 366 THROMBIN LIGHT CHAIN (A).
FT CHAIN 367 625 THROMBIN HEAVY CHAIN (B).
FT DOMAIN 109 187 KRINGLE 1.
FT DOMAIN 214 292 KRINGLE 2.
FT DOMAIN 367 625 SERINE PROTEASE.
FT SITE 199 200 CLEAVAGE (BY THROMBIN).
FT SITE 317 318 CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).
FT SITE 366 367 CLEAVAGE (BY FACTOR XA).
FT ACT_SITE 409 409 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM.
FT ACT_SITE 465 465 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM.
FT ACT_SITE 571 571 CHARGE RELAY SYSTEM.
FT MOD_RES 50 50 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 51 51 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 58 58 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 60 60 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 63 63 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 64 64 GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMIC ACID.

Query Match 94.7%; Score 124; DB 1; Length 625;
Best Local Similarity 95.7%; Pred. No. 1.9e-09;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGRKGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||
Db 554 AGYKPEGRKGDACEGDSGGPFV 576

GenCore version 5.1.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:47:57 ; Search time 39.3226 Seconds
 (without alignments)
 150.936 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-3
 Perfect score: 131
 Sequence: 1 AGYKPEKGKGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
 Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 830525 seqs, 258052604 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 830525

Minimum DB seq length: 0
 Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
 Maximum Match 100%
 Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1:	sp_arches:*	127	96.9	235	6	Q28731	oryctolagus
2:	sp_bacteria:*	118	90.1	235	13	Q90387	cynops pyrr
3:	sp_fungi:*	113	86.3	235	13	Q91004	gecko gecko
4:	sp_human:*	113	86.3	607	13	Q91001	gallus gall
5:	sp_invertebrate:*	113	86.3	608	13	Q9PTW7	struthio ca
6:	sp_mammal:*	109	83.2	239	13	Q91218	oncorhynch
7:	sp_mhc:*	105	80.2	420	13	Q90504	eptatretus
8:	sp_organelle:*	98	74.8	172	13	Q90504	eptatretus
9:	sp_phage:*	92	70.2	234	13	Q90244	acipenser t
10:	sp_plant:*	72.5	55.3	389	13	Q9PVX7	xenopus lae
11:	sp_rodent:*	72.5	55.3	974	13	Q90WD8	bufo japoni
12:	sp_virus:*	71.5	54.6	435	11	Q9CW97	mus musculu
13:	sp_vertebrate:*	71.5	54.6	739	11	Q9BB10	mus musculu
14:	sp_unclassified:*	71.5	54.6	802	4	Q81UE2	homo sapien
15:	sp_rvirus:*	71.5	54.6	811	4	Q81UE2	homo sapien
16:	sp_bacteriap:*	71	54.2	195	4	Q8J008	homo sapien
17:	sp_archaeap:*	71	54.2	195	4	Q8J007	homo sapien
18:		71	54.2	195	4	Q8J006	homo sapien
19:		71	54.2	195	4	Q81XB4	homo sapien
20:		71	54.2	211	4	Q8J009	homo sapien
21:		70.5	53.8	161	11	Q63109	rattus norv
22:		70.5	53.8	259	5	Q9XY61	ctenoccephal
23:		70.5	53.8	267	5	Q9BK47	luidia foii
24:		70.5	53.8	481	11	O54740	mus musculu
25:		70.5	53.8	481	11	Q99L32	mus musculu
26:		70.5	53.8	481	11	O8B947	mus musculu
27:		70.5	53.8	482	11	Q63207	rattus norv
28:		70	53.4	378	5	Q8S450	ctenoccephal
29:	SPTREMBL 23:*	69.5	53.1	200	11	Q92406	mus musculu
30:	1: sp_arches:*	69.5	53.1	1524	13	Q91674	kenopus lae
31:	2: sp_bacteria:*	68.5	52.3	161	6	Q28411	macaca mula
32:	3: sp_fungi:*	68.5	52.3	236	5	Q9TVH3	schistosoma
33:	4: sp_invertebrate:*	68.5	52.3	488	5	Q9TVH4	schistosoma
34:	5: sp_mammal:*	68.5	52.3	766	4	Q8B9Y4	homo sapien
35:	6: sp_organelle:*	68.5	52.3	1019	5	Q8T9S1	tachypileus
36:	7: sp_phage:*	68.5	52.3	1083	5	Q26423	carcinoscoc
37:	8: sp_plant:*	68	51.9	686	13	Q9DGC2	cyprinus ca
38:	9: sp_rodent:*	67.5	51.5	156	5	O16007	schistosoma
39:	10: sp_vertebrate:*	67.5	51.5	161	11	Q60546	mesocricetu
40:	11: sp_unclassified:*	67.5	51.5	264	5	O02569	culex quing
41:	12: sp_rvirus:*	67.5	51.5	328	11	Q8BJR6	mus musculu
42:	13: sp_bacteriap:*	67.5	51.5	370	5	Q9VA44	mus musculu
43:	14: sp_archaeap:*	67.5	51.5	387	5	Q9XY57	ctenoccephal
44:	15: sp_bacteriap:*	67.5	51.5	474	13	Q8JHC8	brachydanio
45:	16: sp_archaeap:*	67.5	51.5	638	11	Q8R0P5	mus musculu

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:05
 Job time : 40.3226 secs

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Query Score	Match Length	DB ID	Description

and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

GenCore version 5.1.6
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:35:52 ; Search time 49.7097 Seconds
(without alignments)
73.441 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-4

Perfect score: 131

Sequence: 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGSGGPFV 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1107863

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : A.Geneseq.19Jun03.*

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22: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT.*
23: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2002.DAT.*
24: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2003.DAT.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,

Result No.	Score	Query			DB ID	Description
		Match	Length			
1	131	100.0	23	20	AAW83414	Cell growth/adhesi
2	131	100.0	23	21	AAB12893	Nerve tissue regen
3	131	100.0	23	22	AAB70363	Human thrombin tec
4	131	100.0	23	23	AA322563	Human thrombin big
5	131	100.0	23	23	AA320159	Human thrombin pep
6	131	100.0	23	23	AAW50858	Thrombin-derived p
7	131	100.0	116	20	AAW99115	Human zeta 2 preth
8	131	100.0	259	18	AAW11545	Human thrombin Asn
9	131	100.0	259	24	ABP60563	Human thrombin var
10	131	100.0	259	24	ABP60565	Human thrombin var
11	131	100.0	295	16	AAW74775	Wild-type thrombin
12	131	100.0	295	16	AAW74776	Mutant thrombin K5
13	131	100.0	295	16	AAW74777	Mutant thrombin E2
14	131	100.0	295	16	AAW74778	Mutant thrombin E2
15	131	100.0	295	16	AAW74779	Mutant thrombin E2
16	131	100.0	295	16	AAW74780	Mutant thrombin E2
17	131	100.0	295	16	AAW76033	Mutant thrombin R2
18	131	100.0	295	16	AAW76034	Mutant thrombin R2
19	131	100.0	295	16	AAW76035	Mutant thrombin R2
20	131	100.0	295	16	AAW76036	Mutant thrombin R2
21	131	100.0	295	16	AAW76037	Mutant thrombin W5
22	131	100.0	295	16	AAW76038	Mutant thrombin W5
23	131	100.0	295	16	AAW76039	Mutant thrombin W5
24	131	100.0	295	16	AAW76040	Mutant thrombin W5
25	131	100.0	295	18	AAW22892	Human mature throm
26	131	100.0	295	21	AA508633	Amino acid sequenc
27	131	100.0	295	24	ABP60562	Human thrombin var
28	131	100.0	295	24	ABP60564	Human thrombin var
29	131	100.0	308	20	AAW99109	Human prothrombin
30	131	100.0	376	14	AAW41797	CD4/Thrombin fusio
31	131	100.0	376	20	AAW42789	Human CD4-thrombin
32	131	100.0	376	23	AAU10703	Human CD4-thrombin
33	131	100.0	579	14	AAW35763	Prothrombin (PT).
34	131	100.0	579	18	AAW11546	Human prothrombin
35	131	100.0	579	20	AAW99108	Human prothrombin
36	131	100.0	615	14	AAW38741	Human prothrombin.
37	131	100.0	615	17	AAW96216	Human prothrombin.
38	131	100.0	615	17	AAW90377	Human prothrombin.
39	131	100.0	615	17	AAW90377	Human prothrombin.
40	131	100.0	622	18	AAW11543	Human prothromb
41	131	100.0	622	20	AAW49566	Platelet membrane
42	131	100.0	622	24	ABG74671	Human F2 protein.
43	124	94.7	111	20	AAW99113	Bovine zeta 2 preth
44	124	94.7	308	20	AAW99107	Bovine prothrombin
45	124	94.7	582	20	AAW99106	Bovine prothrombin

ALIGNMENTS

AAW83414
ID AAW83414 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

XX AAW83414:

XX
DT 26-FEB-1999 (first entry)

DE Cell growth/adhesion promoting peptide #1.

Cell growth; adhesion; promotion; medical treatment; injury;
XX
KW Cell growth; adhesion; promotion; medical treatment; injury;
KW Cell growth; adhesion; promotion; medical treatment; injury;
KW Cell growth; adhesion; promotion; medical treatment; injury;
KW Cell growth; adhesion; promotion; medical treatment; injury;

XX
QS

XX
PN JP10316581-A.

FN
XX
PD

FD
XX
PF

13-MAY-1997: 97JP-0140885:
15-MAY-1997: 97JP-0140885:
XX
XX
PR

PA (KURS) KURABAY CO LTD.
XX
EN TO PRA-1234, 3701 VIA

WPI: 1999-076400/07.

XX Material for medical treatment comprises new peptide - used for
PT covering injuries, promoting adhesion of bio-tissues, bone
PT reinforcing and nerve regeneration

XX
PS
Claim 1; Page 12; 14pp; Japanese.

XX The present invention describes a material for medical treatment which
CC comprises one or more peptides of the formula NADSGuMPeptide , or their
CC salts, immobilised on a substrate: where X = H, CH₃CO or CH₃CO₂Ly;
CC A = Ser or Thr; D = Ile, Val or Leu; E = Lys or Arg; G = Ile, Val or
CC Leu; J = Gly or Ala; L = Ile, Val or Leu; M = Gly or Ala; Q = Gly, Ala
CC or Gly-Lys-Lys-Gly; Y = OH or NH₂. Also described is an agent for cell
CC growth promotion and/or cell adhesion promotion containing the above
CC peptide or its salt as the active component. The peptide and its salt
CC can be used for covering injuries, promoting adhesion of blotissues,
CC bone reinforcing and nerve regeneration. The present sequence represents
CC a specifically claimed peptide of the present invention.

Sequence 23 AA:

Query Match	100.0%	Score 131;	DB 20;	Length 23;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 3.4e-08;		
Matches 23: Conservative	0;	Mismatches	0;	Indels

Matches	23/	Conservative	/	Homologous	/	Inserts	/	Deletions
QV	1	ARVPPDREKRGDACEGDSGGPEV	23					

[illegible]

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RESULT 2

AAB12893

ID AAB12893 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

XX
AC AAB12893;

XX
DT 02-NOV-2000 (first entry)

DE Nerve tissue regenerative peptide SEQ ID #8.

XX	Nerve regeneration; nerve cell proliferation; axon extension; treatment;
KW	central nervous system disorder; peripheral nervous system disorder;
KW	spinal disorder; head injury; cerebrovascular disorder.

XX
OS synthetic.

XX
PN JP2000143531-A.

XX
PD 23-MAY-2000

11-AUG-1999:

11 AUG 1998
XX
09-SEP-1998: 98JP-0270498.

FR 03 SEP 1959, 3001 020430
XX
PA (MIRS) KIRARAY CO LTD.

PA (KORE) KONGHAI CO LTD
PA (NISH/) NISHIMURA Y.
PA (SUZU/) SUZUKI Y

PA (TANI//) TANIHARA M.
XX

WPI; 2000-415772/36.

xx PT yy New nerve regeneration material -

PS Claim 2; Page 5; 17pp; Japanese.

XX This invention relates to a new nerve regenerative material which
CC contains a peptide immobilized to a base such as collagen, poly-
CC polyacrylamide, gelatin, or polyethylene glycol, and a peptide, e.g.,
CC polyacetylene, per se, or a peptide used in the nerve regeneration
CC material. The peptide containing material causes nerve cell
CC proliferation and also causes axonal extension. The material can be used
CC for the treatment of central or peripheral nervous system disorders,
CC spinal disorders, head injury or cerebrovascular disorders, and

XX
Sequence 23 AA:

Query Match	100.0%	Score 131;	DB 21;	Length 23;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%;	Pred. No. 3.4e-08;		
Machines 23;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 0;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

OV 1 AGYKPDEGKRGACEGDSGGPFV 23

Q7 1 AGYKPDDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPEV 23

[illegible]

RESULT 3

AAB70363

ID: AAB70363 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

```

XX AC AAE22563;
XX DT 02-MAY-2001 (first entry)
XX DE Human thrombin receptor binding domain peptide SEQ ID NO:8.
XX KW Neutrophil cell chemotactic; wound healing; inflammation; vulnery;
KW antiinflammatory.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX PN US6184342-B1.
XX PD 06-FEB-2001.
XX PF 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX PR 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX PA (CHRY-) CHRYSALIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
XX PI Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
XX WI WIPI; 2001-202003/20.
XX PT New synthetic neutrophil cell chemotactic peptides, useful for
PT generating antibodies for modulating neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
PT response and wound healing -
XX Example 2; Column 6; 15pp; English.
XX CC The present invention describes a synthetic peptide (I) which is a
CC neutrophil cell chemotactic agent. (I) has vulnerary and
CC antiinflammatory activities. (I) is useful as a potent neutrophil cell
CC chemotactic agent and for generating antibodies against the peptides,
CC which are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site
CC for enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects of wound
CC healing. Neutrophil response to (I) is specific, since monocytes and
CC fibroblasts do not show any expression of the receptor to which (I)
CC binds. The present sequence represents a human thrombin receptor binding
CC domain peptide which is used in an example from the present invention.
XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;
XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 22; Length 23;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
XX Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX QY 1 AGKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
XX Db 1 AGKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
XX RESULT 4
XX AAE22563
XX ID AAE22563 standard; peptide; 23 AA.

```

```

XX AAE22563;
XX DT 26-JUL-2002 (first entry)
XX DE Human thrombin high affinity receptor binding domain.
XX KW Human; proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin; neutrophil;
KW chemotactic agent; PART; inflammation; wound healing; chemotaxis;
KW immune response; vulnerary; thrombin; receptor binding domain.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX PN US2002032314-A1.
XX PD 14-MAR-2002.
XX PF 05-FEB-2001; 2001US-0777328.
XX PR 28-OCT-1994; 94US-0330594.
XX PA (CHRY-) CHRYSALIS BIOTECHNOLOGY INC.
XX PI Carney DH, Ramakrishnan S;
XX WI WIPI; 2002-371207/40.
XX PT New synthetic peptide neutrophil cell chemotactic agents, useful for
PT stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration,
PT particularly for modulating neutrophil recruitment during immune
PT response or in wound healing -
XX Example 2; Page 3; 15pp; English.
XX CC The present invention relates to novel synthetic peptides and antibodies
XX which are potent chemotactic agents for neutrophils. The peptides of the
XX invention mimic the activity and role of the cleavage fragment of the
XX proteolytically activated receptor for thrombin (PART). They are useful
XX for stimulating or modulating neutrophil cell chemotactic migration or
XX for generating an antibody. In particular, the peptides of the invention
XX are useful for modulating neutrophil recruitment to a wound site for
XX enhancing or inhibiting inflammation and early effects in wound healing.
XX They are also useful for modulated neutrophil chemotaxis in immune
XX response. The present sequence is high affinity receptor binding
XX domain of human thrombin. This peptide is used in the exemplification
XX of the invention.
XX SQ Sequence 23 AA;
XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
XX Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX QY 1 AGKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
XX Db 1 AGKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

```

RESULT 5

AAE20159
 ID AAE20159 standard; peptide: 23 AA.
 XX
 AC AAE20159;
 XX
 DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human thrombin peptide derivative #2.
 XX
 KW Cartilage growth; cartilage repair; arthritic joint; traumatic injury;
 KW non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor; NPAR; chondrocyte;
 KW therapy; implantation; thrombin peptide; human.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO200207748-A2.
 XX
 PD 31-JAN-2002.
 XX
 PF 19-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US222669.
 XX
 PR 20-JUL-2000; 2000US-219800P.
 XX
 PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX
 XX Carney DH, Crowther RS, Stiernberg J, Bergmann J;
 XX WPI; 2002-268953/31.
 XX
 XX Stimulating growth and repair of cartilage, useful for treating e.g.
 PT arthritis, by local administration of an agonist of non-proteolytically
 PT activated thrombin receptor -
 XX
 XX Claim 12; Page 25; 28pp; English.
 PS
 CC The invention relates to a method of stimulating growth and repair of
 CC cartilage. The method involves administering to the site, an agonist
 CC of non-proteolytically activated thrombin receptor (NPAR). The method
 CC is used in human or veterinary medicine for the treatment of arthritic
 CC joints and damage/loss of cartilage caused by traumatic injury. Also
 CC chondrocytes may be cultured in presence of NPAR agonist to provide
 CC cells for implantation at sites requiring growth/repair of cartilage.
 CC The present sequence is human thrombin peptide derivative which serves
 CC as a NPAR agonist.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 23 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 6

AAM50858
 ID AAM50858 standard; Peptide; 23 AA.
 XX
 AC AAM50858;
 XX
 DT 01-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Thrombin-derived peptide used to promote cardiac tissue repair.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; revascularisation; vascular occlusion; tissue repair;
 KW vularary; vasotropic; cardiant; angiogenesis; restenosis;
 KW therapy; human.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Peptide 10..13
 FT /notes "thrombin receptor binding domain"
 FT Peptide 12..23
 FT /note= "serine esterase conserved sequence"
 XX
 PN WO200204008-A2.
 XX
 PD 17-JAN-2002.
 XX
 PF 12-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US21944.
 XX
 PR 12-JUL-2000; 2000US-217583P.
 XX
 PA (TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
 XX
 XX Carney DH;
 XX WPI; 2002-179665/23.
 XX
 PT Promoting cardiac tissue repair, stimulating revascularisation,
 PT stimulating vascular endothelial cell proliferation, and inhibiting
 PT vascular occlusion by using angiogenic thrombin derivative peptide -
 PS Claim 4; Page 19; 24pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present peptide comprises a thrombin-derived peptide, TP508,
 CC that includes a thrombin receptor binding domain sequence (see also
 CC AAM50856) and a serine esterase conserved sequence (see also
 CC AAM50857). The peptide is used in a claimed method for promoting
 CC cardiac tissue repair. It is administered during or following
 CC cardiac surgery by injection into cardiac tissue, and may be
 CC formulated as a sustained release formulation. The thrombin
 CC derivative peptide is also used in claimed methods of stimulating
 CC revascularisation, stimulating vascular endothelial cell
 CC proliferation, inhibiting vascular occlusion, and inhibiting
 CC restenosis following balloon angioplasty, in which case it may be
 CC coated onto the catheter.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 23 AA;

QY 1 AGYKPEGRKGRDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 Db 1 AGYKPEGRKGRDACEGDSGGPFV 23

CC Th. Alternatively, in the initial solution S is replaced by the same
 CC concentration of Xa (less than the amount of Va), and reaction is started
 CC by adding S. Also described in the present invention are inhibitors (A')
 CC having IC50 less than 1 μ M identified by this assay. (A') are
 CC potentially useful as a new class of anticoagulants for treatment of
 CC cardiovascular disease, stroke and haematological disorders. The method
 CC is based on the finding that exosite interactions are critical for
 CC substrate specificity in catalytic formation of Th. The present sequence
 CC represents human zeta 2 prothrombin 2.
 XX

SQ Sequence 116 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 20; Length 116;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 DB 45 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 67

RESULT 8

AAW11545

ID AAW11545 standard; Protein; 259 AA.

XX

AC AAW11545;

XX

DT 01-OCT-1997 (first entry)

XX

DE Human thrombin Asn99 mutant.

XX

KW Prothrombin; mutant; mutein; platelet aggregation; blood clotting;
 KW coagulation; reduce; decrease; hirudin; heparin; anti-thrombin III;
 KW antagonist; D99N.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

OS

XX Synthetic.

XX

PH Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Protein 1..259

FT Misc-difference 99 /label= thrombin_Asn99

FT /note= "Wild-type Asp residue has been replaced by

FT Asn"

XX

XX WO9641868-A2.

XX

XX 27-DEC-1996.

XX

PF 12-JUN-1996; 96WO-AT00105.

XX

PR 13-JUN-1995; 95AT-0001006.

XX

PA (IMMO) IMMUNO AG.

XX

PI Eibl J, Falkner F, Fischer B, Mitterer A, Schlokat U;

XX

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 23; Length 23;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||

DB 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

RESULT 7

AAW99115

ID AAW99115 standard; protein; 116 AA.

XX

AC AAW99115;

XX

DT 14-MAY-1999 (first entry)

XX

DE Human zeta 2 prothrombin 2.

XX

KW Prothrombin; exosite assay; anticoagulant; blood clot; thrombin;
 KW cardiovascular disease; stroke; haematological disorder.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

FN WO955130-A1.

XX

PD 10-DEC-1998.

XX

PF 28-MAY-1998; 98WO-US10840.

XX

PR 08-APR-1998; 98US-0081030.

XX

PR 06-JUN-1997; 97US-0048864.

XX

PA (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.

XX

PI Krishnaswamy S;

XX

XX WPI; 1999-070237/06.

XX

PT Exosite assay for agents that inhibit catalytic cleavage of

PT prothrombin - at sites away from the active site of prothrombinase,

PT also new inhibitors, potentially useful as anticoagulants

XX

XX Disclosure; Page 44-45; 61pp; English.

XX

CC An exosite assay has been developed for inhibition of the catalytic

CC cleavage of prothrombin (Pth) to thrombin (Th) by prothrombinase (I), at

CC a site remote from the catalytic site of (I) comprises: (a) preparing a

CC solution containing 0.05-20 μ M substrate (S), that includes a protease

CC cleavage site and exosite-binding determinant; 0.05-200 nM factor Va;

CC 30-500 micro M phospholipids (PL); test inhibitor (A) in buffer of pH

CC 7-9, containing 1-10 mM calcium ions but no calcium-chelating agent;

CC (b) initiating catalytic cleavage of (S) by adding an aliquot of factor

CC Xa (to final concentration 0.05-200 nM) so that there is an excess of Va

CC over Xa, forming a S/(I) complex; (c) withdrawing aliquots of the

CC reaction mixture, quenching them; and (d) assaying for concentration of

DR WPI; 1997-063455/06.

XX Prothrombin mutants with reduced clotting activity - useful as

PT antagonists of thrombin inhibitors or for anticoagulant therapy

XX

XX Example 3; Page -: 73pp; German.

XX

XX Prothrombin mutants having one or more changes in amino acid sequence

CC compared with the natural protein and having 0-10% (preferably 0-0.25%)

CC of the activity of the natural protein are claimed, provided that the

CC changes in amino acid sequence do not affect the capacity of the

CC mutants to bind to specific ligands and receptors. The mutants have

CC greatly reduced clotting activity and are useful as antagonists of

CC thrombin inhibitors such as hirudin, heparin and anti-thrombin III.

CC The mutations may also result in changes to the in vivo half-life

CC of prothrombin. The half-life may be reduced to less than 10 minutes

CC or the mutant prothrombin may have an extended half-life of more than

CC 1 hour, making it useful as an anticoagulant and to inhibit side-

CC effects of anti-coagulant treatment. They are converted to inactive

CC thrombin and are able to compete with native, active thrombin for

CC binding to receptors. The present sequence represents the thrombin

CC mutant which is derived by trypsin cleavage of a specifically

CC claimed human prothrombin mutant in which Asp at position 419 is

CC changed to Asn. The thrombin Asn99 mutant was found to have only

CC 0.24% of the activity of wild-type thrombin on a chromogenic

CC substrate.

CC (Note: This sequence does not appear in the specification and has

CC been produced by modifying the wild-type sequence of human

CC prothrombin which appears in figure 1).

XX

XX SQ Sequence 259 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 18; Length 259;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

|||||

Db 188 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210

RESULT 9

ABP60563

ID ABP60563 standard; protein; 259 AA.

XX

AC ABP60563;

XX

DT 28-MAR-2003 (first entry)

XX

DE Human thrombin variant W215A B-chain.

XX

XX Human; thrombin; W215A; anticoagulant; prothrombin; antithrombotic;

KW thrombus; protein C activation.

XX

XX Homo sapiens.

OS

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

PH

Misc-difference 229 /note= "Wild-type Trp substituted by Ala"

FT

XX

XX WO2002100337-A2.

XX

XX 19-DEC-2002.

XX

XX 07-JUN-2002; 2002WO-US18211.

XX

XX 08-JUN-2001; 2001US-297089P.

XX

XX (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.

XX

XX Gruber A, Hanson SR, Di Cera E;

XX

XX WPI; 2003-156907/15.

XX

XX New variant thrombin, useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting

PT the formation of a thrombus, for determining the level of protein C

PT activation in a blood sample, or for determining the thrombogenic

PT potential of a patient -

XX

XX Claim 15; Fig 2; 95pp; English.

XX

XX The invention relates to a novel variant human thrombin. The thrombin

CC variant of the invention has anticoagulant activity. The variant thrombin

CC or prothrombin is useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting the

CC formation of a thrombus. The variant thrombin is also useful for

CC determining the level of protein C activation in a blood sample or the

CC thrombogenic potential of a patient. The present sequence represents the

CC B-chain of the thrombin variant W215A.

XX

SQ Sequence 259 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 24; Length 259;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23

|||||

Db 188 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210

RESULT 10

ABP60565

ID ABP60565 standard; protein; 259 AA.

XX

AC ABP60565;

XX

DT 28-MAR-2003 (first entry)

XX

DE Human thrombin variant W215A/E217A B-chain.

XX

XX Human; thrombin; W215A/E217A; anticoagulant; prothrombin; antithrombotic;

KW thrombus; protein C activation.

XX

XX Homo sapiens.

OS

XX Key Location/Qualifiers
FH Misc-difference 227 /note= "Wild-type Trp substituted by Ala"
FT Misc-difference 229 /note= "Wild-type Glu substituted by Ala"
FT
XX WO2002100337-A2.
PN 19-DEC-2002.
PD
XX 07-JUN-2002; 2002WO-US18211.
PF
XX 08-JUN-2001; 2001US-297089P.
PR
XX (UYEM-) UNIV EMORY.
PA
XX Gruber A, Hanson SR, Di Cera E;
PI WPI; 2003-156907/15.
DR N-PSDB; AB225535.
DR
XX New variant thrombin, useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting
PT the formation of a thrombus, for determining the level of protein C
PT activation in a blood sample, or for determining the thrombogenic
PT potential of a patient -
XX
XX Claim 2; Fig 4; 95pp; English.
PS
XX The invention relates to a novel variant human thrombin. The thrombin
CC variant of the invention has anticoagulant activity. The variant thrombin
CC or prothrombin is useful as an antithrombotic agent for inhibiting the
CC formation of a thrombus. The variant thrombin is also useful for
CC determining the level of protein C activation in a blood sample or the
CC thrombogenic potential of a patient. The present sequence represents the
CC B-chain of the thrombin variant W215A/E217A (WE).
XX
XX Sequence 259 AA;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 24; Length 259;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-07;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||
DB 188 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 210

RESULT 11
AAR74775
ID AAR74775 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
XX
XX AAR74775;
AC
XX 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
XX

DE Wild-type thrombin.
XX Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Protein 37..295
FT /note= "mature protein"
XX
XX WO9513385-A2.
PN
XX 18-MAY-1995.
PD
XX 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
PF
XX 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
PR
XX (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
PA
XX Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
PI WPI; 1995-194103/25.
DR N-PSDB; AAQ92455.
DR
XX Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
PT treatment of tumours, etc.
PS
XX Disclosure; Fig 1; 78pp; English.
XX The sequence represents wild-type (reference) thrombin. Mutants
CC of this sequence (AAR74776-80 and AAR76033-41) have at least 80%
CC homology with thrombin, and are capable of protein-C activation
CC without significant fibrinogen clotting activity, and vice versa
CC (specifically have a ratio of protein-C activity to fibrinogen
CC clotting activity of less than 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to
CC thrombin). The mutant thrombin sequences, produced in recombinant
CC cell culture or by in vitro methods, and are used to treat
CC thrombotic conditions, particularly during cardiac bypass surgery
CC and in cases of septic shock.
CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
XX
XX Sequence 295 AA;
SQ
Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||
DB 224 AGYKPEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

RESULT 12

AAR74776
 ID AAR74776 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 XX
 AC AAR74776;
 XX
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mutant thrombin K32A, R233A.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 88 /note= "Lys in wild-type"
 FT Misc-difference 269 /note= "Arg in wild-type"
 FT Protein 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 PA (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX
 PI Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 XX
 PT Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumors, etc.
 XX
 PS Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 XX
 CC The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 Db 224 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246
 |||||

RESULT 13
 AAR74777
 ID AAR74777 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 XX
 AC AAR74777;
 XX
 DT 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mutant thrombin E229D.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265 /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT Protein 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 PA (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX
 PI Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 XX
 PT Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumors, etc.
 XX
 PS Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 XX
 CC The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;

CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 DB 224 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

RESULT 14
 AAR74778
 ID AAR74778 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 AC AAR74778;
 XX
 XX 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mutant thrombin E229F.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265
 FT Protein /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT 37..295
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 XX (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.
 XX
 XX Gibbs CS, Leung LLK, Tsiang M;
 XX WPI; 1995-194103/25.
 DR
 XX Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
 PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
 PT treatment of tumours, etc.

XX Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
 PS
 XX The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
 CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
 CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
 CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
 CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
 CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
 CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
 CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
 CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
 XX
 SQ Sequence 295 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
 |||||
 DB 224 AGYKDEGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246

RESULT 15
 AAR74779
 ID AAR74779 standard; Protein; 295 AA.
 AC AAR74779;
 XX
 XX 25-MAR-2003 (updated)
 DT 04-NOV-1995 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Mutant thrombin E229S.
 XX
 KW Thrombin; oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis; procoagulant;
 KW anticoagulant; protein engineering; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Misc-difference 265
 FT Protein /note= "Glu in wild-type"
 FT 37..285
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 XX
 PN W09513385-A2.
 XX
 PD 18-MAY-1995.
 XX
 PF 14-NOV-1994; 94WO-US13104.
 XX
 PR 10-JUN-1994; 94US-0258038.
 PR 12-NOV-1993; 93US-0152657.
 XX
 XX (GILE-) GILEAD SCI.

XX Gibbs CS, Leung LK, Tsiang M;
XX WPI; 1995-194103/25.
XX Thrombin derivs with segregated pro- and anticoagulant activities -
PT useful for treating thrombotic disorders but also diagnosis,
PT treatment of tumours, etc.
XX Claim 22; Page 63/3; 78pp; English.
XX The mutant thrombin sequence, generated by oligonucleotide-directed
CC mutagenesis, has at least 80% homology with thrombin, and is
CC capable of protein-C activation without significant fibrinogen
CC clotting activity, and vice versa (specifically, it has a ratio
CC of protein-C activity to fibrinogen clotting activity of less than
CC 0.5 or greater than 2 compared to thrombin). The mutant thrombin
CC is produced in recombinant cell culture or by in vitro methods,
CC and is used to treat thrombotic conditions, particularly during
CC cardiac bypass surgery and in cases of septic shock.
CC (Updated on 23-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
XX
XX Sequence 295 AA;
SQ Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 16; Length 295;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-07;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||
Db 224 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 246
|||||

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:53:25
Job time : 49.7097 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2004 Compugen Ltd.
OM protein - protein search, using sw model
Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:49:07 ; Search time 15.5806 Seconds
(without alignments)
141.963 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-4
Perfect score: 131
Sequence: 1 AGYKPDGKRGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5
Searched: 283308 seqs, 96168682 residues
Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283308
Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000
Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR_76:*
1: pir1:*
2: pir2:*
3: pir3:*
4: pir4:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	131	100.0	622	1 TBHJ	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
2	127	96.9	236	2 C42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
3	124	94.7	625	1 TBBO	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
4	118	90.1	234	2 F42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
5	113	86.3	235	2 D42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
6	113	86.3	235	2 E42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
7	110	84.0	236	2 I42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
8	109	83.2	239	2 G42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
9	102	77.9	617	2 S10511	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
10	102	77.9	618	2 A35827	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
11	89	67.9	235	2 H42696	thrombin (EC 3.4.2
12	71.5	54.6	417	1 S00845	hepsin (EC 3.4.21.
13	71	54.2	461	1 KXHU	protein C (activat

14	70.5	53.8	482	1	EXRT	coagulation factor
15	70.5	53.8	636	1	KQHP	plasma kallikrein
16	69.5	53.1	275	2	S40007	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
17	69.5	53.1	1524	2	T30337	polyprotein - Afri
18	68.5	52.3	161	2	T62744	coagulation factor
19	68.5	52.3	488	1	EXHU	coagulation factor
20	68.5	52.3	1019	2	A38738	coagulation factor
21	67.5	51.5	161	2	I48158	coagulation factor
22	67.5	51.5	282	2	I84621	coagulation factor
23	67.5	51.5	459	2	T00419	coagulation factor
24	67.5	51.5	475	1	EXGH	coagulation factor
25	67.5	51.5	638	1	KQMEPL	plasma kallikrein
26	67	51.1	225	2	S45356	probable serine pr
27	67	51.1	264	2	S32794	trypsin-like prote
28	66.5	50.8	309	2	B49678	coagulation factor
29	66.5	50.8	1004	2	T30338	oviductin (EC 3.4.
30	65.5	50.0	267	2	S40006	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
31	65.5	50.0	274	2	S33339	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
32	65.5	50.0	275	2	S40005	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
33	65.5	50.0	277	2	S35340	trypsin (EC 3.4.21
34	65.5	50.0	638	1	KQRTPL	plasma kallikrein
35	64.5	49.2	237	2	S53378	serine proteinase
36	64.5	49.2	238	1	TRW5Y	trypsin-like prote
37	64	48.9	191	2	S54115	complement factor
38	64	48.9	246	1	DEHU	complement factor
39	64	48.9	456	1	KXBO	protein C (activat
40	64	48.9	2616	2	A57096	nudel protein prec
41	63.5	48.5	625	1	KFHU1	coagulation factor
42	63	48.1	461	1	JK0210	protein C (activat
43	62.5	47.7	375	1	A23689	limulus clotting e
44	62.5	47.7	416	1	S33777	hepsin (EC 3.4.21.
45	62.5	47.7	492	1	EXBO	coagulation factor

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

TRHU

thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) precursor [validated] - human

N/Alternate names: coagulation factor II

N/Contains: prothrombin

C/Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C/Date: 30-Nov-1980 #sequence revision 22-Jul-1994 #text change 08-Dec-2000

C/Accession: A29351; A00914; E00914; A37549; A37550; I51952

R/Degen, S.J.F.; Davie, E.W.

Biochemistry 26, 6163-6177, 1987

A/Title: Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.

A/Reference number: A29351; MUID:86077877; PMID:2825773

A/Accession: A29351

A/Molecule type: DNA

A/Residues: 1-622 <DEG>

A/Cross-references: GB:M33691; NID:g558069; PIDN:AA63054.1; PID:g339641

R/Degen, S.J.F.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.; Davie, E.W.

Biochemistry 22, 2087-2097, 1983

A/Title: Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene coding for human prothrombin.

A/Reference number: A00914; MUID:83231469; PMID:6305407

A/Accession: A00914

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 8-163, 'N', 165-622 <DE2>

A/Cross-references: GB:V00595; GB:J00307; NID:g97129; PIDN:CAA23842.1; PID:g1335344

A/Accession: B00914

A/Molecule type: DNA

A/Residues: 168-311 <DE3>

R/Walz, D.A.; Hewett-Emmett, D.; Seegers, W.H.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74, 1968-1972, 1977

A/Reference number: A37549; MUID:77193964; PMID:266717

A/Accession: A37549

A/Molecule type: protein

A/Residues: 44-118, 'N', 120, 'S', 122-163, 'I', 165-175, 'A', 177-182, 'T', 184-193, 'WV', 196-308, 'EE', 309-314 <WAL>

R/Burkowski, R.J.; Elion, J.; Downing, M.R.; Mann, K.G.

J. Biol. Chem. 252, 4942-4957, 1977

A/Title: Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin.

A/Reference number: A37550; MUID:77207112; PMID:873923

A/Accession: A37550

A/Molecule type: protein

A/Residues: 315-334, 'N', 336-348, 'N', 350-368, 'N', 370-397, 'N', 399-413, 'N', 415-484, 'N', 486-493, 'G', 495-503, 'Y', 505-508, 'S', 510, 'V', 512-513, 'D', 515-528, 'AL', 531, 'Q', 533-622 <BUT>

R/Rabiet, M.J.; Blashill, A.; Furie, B.; Furie, B.C.

J. Biol. Chem. 261, 13210-13215, 1986

A/Reference number: A37551; MUID:87008532; PMID:3759958

A/Contents: annotation; activation cleavages

R/MacGillivray, R.T.; Irwin, D.M.; Guinto, E.R.; Stone, J.C.

Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. 485, 73-79, 1986

A/Title: Recombinant genetic approaches to functional mapping of thrombin.

A/Reference number: I51952; MUID:87182874; PMID:3471151

A/Accession: I51952

A/Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A/Molecule type: mRNA

A/Residues: 1-2, 'RI', 5-100 <RES>

A/Cross-references: GB:M33031; NID:g190723; PIDN:AAA60220.1; PID:g190724

C/Comment: thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C.

C/Comment: Prothrombin is activated on the surface of a phospholipid membrane that binds the amino end of prothrombin and factors Va and Xa in calcium-dependent interactions. The activation peptide(s) can be removed either by factor Xa or thrombin; the cleavage into light and heavy chains is by factor Xa. It is not known whether one or two smaller activation peptides, with additional cleavage after 314-Arg, are released in natural blood clotting.

C/Comment: The cleavage after Arg-198, observed in vitro, does not occur in plasma.

C/Comment: The gamma-carboxyglutamyl residues bind calcium ions, result from the carboxylation of glutamyl residues by microsomal vitamin K-dependent carboxylase, and are necessary for calcium-dependent interaction with the negatively charged phospholipid membrane surface.

C/Comment: The prothrombin precursor is synthesized in the liver.

C/Genetics:

C;Keywords: hydrolase; serine proteinase
F;1-227/Domain: trypsin homology (fragment) <TRY>
Query Match 96.9%; Score 127; DB 2; Length 236;
Best Local Similarity 95.7%; Pred. No. 2.6e-10;
Matches 22; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPEKGKGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||
Db 165 AGYKPEKGKGDACEGDSGGPFV 187
Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:57
Job time : 15.5806 secs

A;Gene: GDB:t2
A;Cross-references: GDB:1119894; OMIM:176930
A;Map position: 11p11-11q12
A;Introns: 27/1; 60/3; 89/1; 106/1; 141/2; 187/1; 292/1; 335/1; 377/2; 433/2;
491/2; 552/1; 575/3
C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology
C;Keywords: acute phase; blood coagulation; calcium binding; carboxyglutamic
acid; duplication; glycoprotein; hydrolase; kringle; liver; plasma; serine
proteinase
F;1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F;25-43/Domain: propeptide #status predicted <PRO>
F;28-87/Domain: Gla domain homology <GLA>
F;44-622/Product: prothrombin #status experimental <WAT>
F;44-327/Domain: activation peptide #status experimental <APT>
F;108-186/Domain: kringle homology <KR1>
F;213-291/Domain: kringle homology <KR2>
F;328-363/Product: thrombin light chain #status experimental <LCH>
F;364-622/Product: thrombin heavy chain #status experimental <HCH>
F;364-613/Domain: trypsin homology <TRY>
F;49-50,57,59,62,63,68,69,72,75/Modified site: gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Glu)
#status experimental
F;60-65,90-103,108-186,129-169,157-181,213-291,234-274,262-286/Disulfide bonds:
#status predicted
F;121,143/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status predicted
F;336-482,536-550,564-594/Disulfide bonds: #status predicted
F;391-407/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental
F;406,462/Active site: His, Asp #status predicted
F;416/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status experimental
F;568/Active site: Ser #status experimental
Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 1; Length 622;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9e-10;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AGYKPEKGKGDACEGDSGGPFV 23
|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||
Db 551 AGYKPEKGKGDACEGDSGGPFV 573
RESULT 2
C42696
thrombin (EC 3.4.21.5) B chain - rabbit (fragment)
C;Species: Oryctolagus cuniculus (domestic rabbit)
C;Date: 26-May-1994 #sequence_revision 26-May-1994 #text_change 17-Mar-1999
C;Accession: C42696
R;Banfield, D.K.; MacGillivray, R.T.A.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 2779-2783, 1992
A;Title: Partial characterization of vertebrate prothrombin cDNAs: amplification
and sequence analysis of the B chain of thrombin from nine different species.
A;Reference number: A42696; PMID:92212913; PMID:1557383
A;Accession: C42696
A;Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with
conceptual translation
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-236 <BAN>
A;Cross-references: GB:M81396
C;Superfamily: thrombin; Gla domain homology; kringle homology; trypsin homology

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 11, 2004, 14:36:52 ; Search time 9.64516 Seconds
(without alignments)
112.141 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-050-611-4

Perfect score: 131

Sequence: 1 AGYKPDGKRGDAGEGSGPVF 23

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 127863 seqs, 47026705 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 127863

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt_41.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	131	100.0	622	1	THRB_HUMAN
2	124	94.7	623	1	THRB_BOVIN
3	102	77.9	617	1	THRB_RAT
4	102	77.9	618	1	THRB_MOUSE
5	73.5	56.1	290	1	MBN_HUMAN
6	71.5	54.6	417	1	HEPS_HUMAN
7	71.5	54.6	436	1	HEPS_MOUSE
8	71	54.2	161	1	PTIC_MACMU
9	71	54.2	161	1	PTIC_HUMAN
10	70.5	53.8	638	1	PTIC_HUMAN
11	70	53.4	281	1	TRV3_ANOGA
12	69.5	53.1	275	1	TRV3_ANOGA
13	68.5	52.3	488	1	FA10_HUMAN
14	68.5	52.3	1019	1	LFC_CARRO
15	68.5	52.3	1019	1	LFC_TACTR
16	68	51.9	458	1	PTIC_RABIT
17	67.5	51.5	282	1	FA9_RAT

18	67.5	51.5	459	1	FA9_MOUSE
19	67.5	51.5	475	1	FA10_CHICK
20	67.5	51.5	638	1	KAL_MOUSE
21	67	51.1	256	1	KLKE_HUMAN
22	67	51.1	264	1	VDF_EOMMO
23	66.5	50.8	455	1	TMS5_MOUSE
24	66.5	50.8	457	1	TMS5_HUMAN
25	65.5	50.0	267	1	TRY7_ANOGA
26	65.5	50.0	274	1	TRY1_ANOGA
27	65.5	50.0	275	1	TRY4_ANOGA
28	65.5	50.0	277	1	TRY2_ANOGA
29	65.5	50.0	638	1	KAL_RAT
30	65	49.6	157	1	PTIC_CANFA
31	65	49.6	157	1	PTIC_CAPHI
32	65	49.6	157	1	PTIC_FELCA
33	65	49.6	157	1	PTIC_HORSE
34	65	49.6	459	1	PTIC_PIG
35	64.5	49.2	238	1	TRV5_AEDAE
36	64.5	49.2	422	1	DES1_HUMAN
37	64.5	49.2	490	1	FA10_RABIT
38	64	48.9	253	1	CFAD_HUMAN
39	64	48.9	259	1	CFAD_PIG
40	64	48.9	456	1	PTIC_BOVIN
41	64	48.9	875	1	NETR_HUMAN
42	64	48.9	2616	1	NDL_DROME
43	63.5	48.5	623	1	FA11_HUMAN
44	63	48.1	256	1	TRYE_DROER
45	63	48.1	461	1	PTIC_MOUSE

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

ID	THRB_HUMAN	STANDARD	PRT	622 AA.
AC	P00734;			
DT	21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)			
DT	01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Last sequence update)			
DT	15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)			
DE	Prothrombin precursor (EC 3.4.21.5) (Coagulation factor II).			
GN	F2.			
OS	Homo sapiens (Human).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;			
OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=9606;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RX	MEDLINE=86077877; PubMed=2825773;			
RA	Degen S.J.F., Davie E.W.;			
RT	"Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin.";			
RL	Biochemistry 26:6165-6177(1987).			
RN	[2]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A., AND VARIANT MET-165.			
RA	Rieder N.J., Armet T.Z., Carrington D.P., Chung M.-W., Lee K.L.,			
RA	Ozuna M., Peol C.I., Toth E.J., Yi Q., Nickerson D.A.;			
RL	Submitted (JAN-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.			

RN SEQUENCE OF 9-622 FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=83231469; PubMed=603407;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McGilivray R.A., Davie E.W.;
 RT "Characterization of the complementary deoxyribonucleic acid and gene
 RT coding for human prothrombin."
 RL Biochemistry 22:2087-2097(1983).
 RN [4]
 RN SEQUENCE OF 44-314.
 RX MEDLINE=77193964; PubMed=266717;
 RA Walz D.A., Hewett-Emmett D., Seegers W.H.;
 RT "Amino acid sequence of human prothrombin fragments 1 and 2."
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 74:1969-1972(1977).
 RN [5]
 RN SEQUENCE OF 315-622.
 RX MEDLINE=77207112; PubMed=873923;
 RA Burkowski R.J., Ellison J., Downing M.R., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Primary structure of human prothrombin 2 and alpha-thrombin."
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 252:4942-4957(1977).
 RN [6]
 RN PROCESSING.
 RX MEDLINE=87008532; PubMed=3759958;
 RA Rabiet M.J., Blashill A., Furie B., Furie B.C.;
 RT "Prothrombin fragment 1 X 2 X 3, a major product of prothrombin
 RT activation in human plasma."
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:13210-13215(1986).
 RN [7]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (1.9 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=90059942; PubMed=2583108;
 RA Bode W., Mayr I., Baumann U., Huber R., Stone S.R., Hofsteenge J.;
 RT "The refined 1.9 A crystal structure of human alpha-thrombin:
 RT interaction with D-Phe-Pro-Arg chloromethylketone and significance of
 RT the Tyr-Pro-Trp insertion segment."
 RL EMBO J. 8:3467-3475(1989).
 RN [8]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=90327074; PubMed=2374926;
 RA Rydel T.J., Ravichandran K.G., Tulinsky A., Bode W., Huber R.,
 RA Roitsch C., Fenton J.W. II;
 RT "The structure of a complex of recombinant hirudin and human alpha-
 RT thrombin."
 RL Science 249:277-280(1990).
 RN [9]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.5 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=94350942; PubMed=8071320;
 RA Rydel T.J., Yin M., Padmanabhan K.P., Blankenship D.T., Cardin A.D.,
 RA Correa P.E., Fenton J.W. II, Tulinsky A.;
 RT "Crystallographic structure of human gamma-thrombin."
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 269:22000-22006(1994).
 RN [10]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.3 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=97357286; PubMed=9214615;
 RA van de Lecht A., Bode W., Huber R., le Bonniec B.F., Stone S.R.,
 RA Esmon C.T., Stubbs M.T.;
 RT "The thrombin E192Q-BPTI complex reveals gross structural
 RT rearrangements: implications for the interaction with antithrombin
 RT and thrombomodulin."

EMBO J. 16:2977-2984(1997).
 RN [11]
 RN X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.1 ANGSTROMS) OF 328-601.
 RX MEDLINE=99162321; PubMed=10051558;
 RA Guinto E.R., Caccia S., Rose T., Fueterer K., Waksman G., di Cera E.;
 RT "Unexpected crucial role of residue 223 in serine proteases."
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96:1852-1857(1999).
 RN [12]
 RN VARIANT BARCELONA.
 RP MEDLINE=87033739; PubMed=3771562;
 RA Rabiet M.-J., Furie B.C., Furie B.;
 RT "Molecular defect of prothrombin Barcelona. Substitution of cysteine
 RT for arginine at residue 273."
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 261:15045-15048(1986).
 RN [13]
 RN VARIANT FRANKFURT.
 RP MEDLINE=95313001; PubMed=7792730;
 RA Degen S.J.F., McDowell S.A., Sparks L.M., Scharer I.;
 RT "Prothrombin Frankfurt: a dysfunctional prothrombin characterized by
 RT substitution of Glu-466 by Ala."
 RL Thromb. Haemost. 73:203-209(1995).
 RN [14]
 RN VARIANTS HIMI-1 AND HIMI-2.
 RP MEDLINE=93043342; PubMed=1421398;
 RA Morishita E., Saito M., Kumabashiri I., Asakura H., Matsuda T.,
 RA Yamaguchi K.;
 RT "Prothrombin Himi: a compound heterozygote for two dysfunctional
 RT prothrombin molecules (Met-337-->Thr and Arg-388-->His)."
 RL Blood 80:2275-2280(1992).
 RN [15]
 RN VARIANT PADUA-1.
 RP MEDLINE=95169898; PubMed=7865694;
 RA James H.L., Kim D.J., Zheng D.-Q., Girolami A.;
 RA "Prothrombin Padua I: incomplete activation due to an amino acid
 RT substitution at a factor Xa cleavage site."
 RL Blood Coagul. Fibrinolysis 5:841-844(1994).
 RN [16]
 RN VARIANT QUICK-1.
 RP MEDLINE=89207504; PubMed=3242619;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Identification of the primary structural defect in the dysfibrinogen
 RT thrombin Quick I: substitution of cysteine for arginine-382."
 RL Biochemistry 27:9160-9163(1988).
 RN [17]
 RN VARIANT QUICK-2.
 RP MEDLINE=89247398; PubMed=2719946;
 RA Henriksen R.A., Mann K.G.;
 RT "Substitution of valine for glycine-558 in the congenital dysfibrinogen
 RT thrombin Quick II alters primary substrate specificity."
 RL Biochemistry 28:2078-2082(1989).
 RN [18]
 RN VARIANT SALAKTA.
 RP MEDLINE=92378975; PubMed=1354985;
 RA Miyata T., Aruga R., Uneyama H., Bezeaud A., Guillin M.-C.,
 RA Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Salakta: substitution of glutamic acid-466 by alanine
 RT reduces the fibrinogen clotting activity and the esterase activity."

RL Biochemistry 31:7457-7462 (1992).
 RN [19]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RX MEDLINE=8718340; PubMed=3567158;
 RA Iwanaga S.; Morita T., Inomoto T., Kawauchi S., Shirakami A.,
 RT "Prothrombin Tokushima, a replacement of arginine-418 by tryptophan
 RT that impairs the fibrinogen clotting activity of derived thrombin
 RL Biochemistry 26:1117-1122 (1987).
 RN [20]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RX MEDLINE=87101511; PubMed=3801671;
 RA Inomoto T., Shirakami A., Kawauchi S., Shigekiyo T., Saito S.,
 RA Miyoshi K., Morita T., Iwanaga S.;
 RT "Prothrombin Tokushima: characterization of dysfunctional thrombin
 RT derived from a variant of human prothrombin."
 RL Blood 69:565-569 (1987).
 RN [21]
 RP VARIANT TOKUSHIMA.
 RX MEDLINE=92256895; PubMed=1349638;
 RA Iwahana H., Yoshimoto K., Shigekiyo T., Shirakami A., Saito S.,
 RA Itakura M.;
 RT "Detection of a single base substitution of the gene for prothrombin
 RT Tokushima. The application of PCR-SSCP for the genetic and molecular
 RT analysis of dysprothrombinemia."
 RL Int. J. Hematol. 55:93-100 (1992).
 RN [22]
 RP VARIANT TYPE-3.
 RX MEDLINE=83204687; PubMed=6405779;
 RA Board P.G., Shaw D.C.;
 RT "Determination of the amino acid substitution in human prothrombin
 RT type 3 (157 Glu leads to Lys) and the localization of a third
 RT thrombin cleavage site."
 RL Br. J. Haematol. 54:245-254 (1983).
 RN [23]
 RP VARIANTS MET-165 AND THR-386.
 RX MEDLINE=99318093; PubMed=10391209;
 RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,
 RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nimesh J., Ziaugra L.,
 RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.Q.,
 RA Lander E.S.;
 RT "Characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in coding regions
 RT of human genes."
 RL Nat. Genet. 22:231-238 (1999).
 RN [24]
 RP ERRATUM.
 RA Cargill M., Altschuler D., Ireland J., Sklar P., Ardlie K., Patil N.,
 RA Shaw N., Lane C.R., Lim E.P., Kalyanaraman N., Nimesh J., Ziaugra L.,
 RA Friedland L., Rolfe A., Warrington J., Lipshutz R., Daley G.Q.,
 RA Lander E.S.;
 RL Nat. Genet. 23:373-373 (1999).
 CC -|- FUNCTION: THROMBIN, WHICH CLEAVES BONDS AFTER ARG & LYS, CONVERTS
 CC FIBRINOGEN TO FIBRIN AND ACTIVATES FACTORS V, VII, VIII, XIII,
 CC AND, IN COMPLEX WITH THROMBOMODULIN, PROTEIN C.
 CC -|- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: Preferential cleavage: Arg-|-Gly; activates
 CC fibrinogen to fibrin and releases fibrinopeptide A and B.

CC -|- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Extracellular.
 CC -|- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN THE LIVER; FOUND IN PLASMA.
 CC -|- PTM: THE GAMMA-CARBOXYGLUTAMYL RESIDUES, WHICH BIND CALCIUM IONS,
 CC RESULT FROM THE CARBOXYLATION OF GLUTAMYL RESIDUES BY A MICROSOMAL
 CC ENZYME, THE VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT CARBOXYLASE. THE MODIFIED RESIDUES
 CC ARE NECESSARY FOR THE CA-DEPENDENT INTERACTION WITH A NEGATIVELY
 CC CHARGED PHOSPHOLIPID SURFACE, WHICH IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE CONVERSION

Query Match 100.0%; Score 131; DB 1; Length 622;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e-10;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGYKPEKGKGDACGDSGGPFV 23
 Db 551 AGYKPEKGKGDACGDSGGPFV 573
 Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:54:04
 Job time : 9.64516 secs

Search completed: February 11, 2004, 14:56:05
Job time : 39.3226 secs

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Query	Score	Match Length	DB ID	Description
1